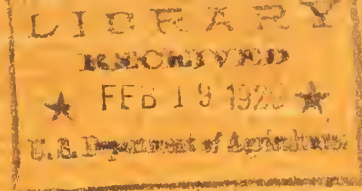


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Hardy Herbaceous & Alpine Plants



REG'D U. S. PAT. OFF.

The **WAYSIDE GARDENS CO.**
Mentor, Ohio

WHOLESALE CATALOG
SPRING 1929

To the Trade



N presenting this catalog of HARDY PLANTS and ROCK PLANTS, we do so with the kindest regards to you who have favored us heretofore with your orders, and by continuing the excellence of our products and efficiency of service, we hope to merit your future patronage.

From those unacquainted with us we solicit a trial, and feel assured that the quality of our plants will prove to meet your most exacting demands.

No order is too large for us to handle or too small to receive careful attention. Quality of plants and attention to every detail you entrust to us is assured.

We have spared neither trouble nor expense in the production of the plants enumerated in this catalog and we offer them with the fullest confidence as to their general excellence, reliability, and ability to create a perfect garden within an exceptionally short space of time.

Terms of business will be found on page 79, and a complete index to this catalog on page 80, the use of which will facilitate the study of its contents.

THE WAYSIDE GARDENS CO.

MENTOR, OHIO

February first,
1929

E. H. SCHULTZ, *President*
J. J. GRULLEMANS, *Sec'y-Treas.*



Daphne Cneorum - Garland Flower

AN evergreen gem for the garden and rock garden producing delicately scented rose-pink blossoms in early Spring, completely covering the plant, and a second and just as fine a crop of flowers is produced early in the Autumn.

We offer the following sizes for fall, 1929, delivery:

A fine lot of plants will be ready for shipment early in the Autumn of this year. We are offering the following sizes for Fall 1929 delivery.

	Per 12	Per 100
Fine bushy plants, B & B, 10 to 12 inches diameter	\$9.00	\$70.00
Fine bushy plants, B & B, 12 to 16 inches diameter	12.00	95.00
Fine bushy plants, B & B, 16 to 20 inches diameter	15.00	115.00

Crating Extra

We have a limited amount for immediate delivery at the following prices:

	Per 12	Per 100
Fine bushy plants, B & B, 10 to 12 inches diameter	\$10.00	\$75.00
Fine bushy plants, B & B, 12 to 16 inches diameter	13.00	100.00

Crating Extra

Undoubtedly one of the most interesting features in a garden is a rockery furnished with mountain plants commonly known as "alpines"



FEW plants indeed yield so much pleasure to the cultivator as the alpine pinks, aubrietias, creeping phloxes, veronicas, etc., in the Spring and early Summer. When well established in **bold masses** on the rocks, and laden with their wealth of blossom, they quite surpass all other hardy flowers in their beauty of color and simplicity of growth.

To grow these and the many choicer alpines successfully is, to the enthusiast, one of the most delightful phases of the gardening art and craft. In fact, it is a hobby which has secured many ardent disciples during the last few decades, and

prompted Wayside Gardens to produce these plants in great quantities and of large size so that they may establish themselves easily and give results quickly.

All plants offered in this catalog are strong field-grown roots, especially grown to a size which will give the planter immediate results. There are two or three instances where it is impossible to use other than pot grown plants in order to obtain the best results. Where those plants are ordered we send out strong two-year or three-year-old pot plants. The prices charged for our stock are based on the above mentioned facts.

We will gladly furnish prospective customers with names of well known nurserymen and landscape architects who have used our plants and bulbs for many years to their utmost satisfaction.

General List of Herbaceous and Alpine Plants



Achillea—Perry's White.



Aconitum Fischeri.



The Lovely Aethionema.

ACHILLEA (Milfoil or Yarrow).

Plants suitable for dry, sunny places. The dwarf kinds are useful for carpeting or for rockeries; the taller varieties as border plants.

	Three	Doz.	100
Eupatorium (syn. <i>filipendulina</i>). 3 to 4 feet. Flat heads of brilliant yellow flowers; finely cut foliage. Blooms last dried all Winter	\$0.65	\$1.75	\$12.50
Millefolium roseum (Rosy Milfoil). July to October. Rosy pink flowers in dense heads, on stems 18 inches high. Effective on edge of shrubbery or in border ..	.55	1.50	10.00
Perry's White . 1 to 2 feet. June to September. Pure white flowers over one inch across; broad, overlapping petals. Nothing better for cutting .....	.65	1.75	12.50
Ptarmica, The Pearl . Pure white, double flowers all Summer. Prized for cutting. ....	.55	1.50	9.00
Ptarmica, Boule de Nieve . New. An improvement on "The Pearl," with fuller and more perfect flowers. Best for borders; neat plant .....	.55	1.50	9.00
Sibirica . Fine rock or wall plant. Produces long, graceful, silvery leaves, effective throughout the entire Summer. (Sold out for this season).			
Tomentosa . 6 to 8 inches. July to September. Bright yellow flowers. Excellent for rockeries .....	.65	1.75	12.50

ACONITUM (Monkshood).

Summer- and late Autumn-flowering plants with bold spikes of hood-shaped flowers, thriving in either sun or shade. The roots are poisonous and should not be planted where the tubers might be mistaken for vegetables. Delivery from October 15th to March 15th. Tubers cannot freeze.

	Three	Doz.	100
Fischeri . A dwarf variety with dark blue flowers. September and October. 2 to 3 feet. This is the hardiest, best and most useful of all the Aconites	\$0.55	\$1.50	\$10.00
Autumnalis . 3 to 4 feet. September-October. Large dark blue flowers in a raceme	1.20	3.50	25.00
Napellus, Newry Blue . Similar to Napellus, but somewhat darker in color	1.60	4.75	35.00
Sparks' Variety . July- and August-flowering; tall branched spikes covered with deep blue, Monkshood flowers ..	1.20	3.50	25.00
Wilsoni . The true variety which we are herewith offering is the late Autumn-flowering kind, producing 6 to 7 tall spikes covered with beautiful mauve colored flowers. It is a very rare variety. We advise giving it a little protection during the Winter	2.00	6.00	50.00

ACORUS (Sweet Flag).

Calamus. 2 feet. June-July. Iris-like plant. Root stock pungent, aromatic. Thrives best in moist soil, and may be grown in shallow water or dry land ...

	.55	1.50	10.00
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ACTAEA (Baneberry).

Alba. 2½ feet. A fine shade-loving plant, having long spikes of clear white flowers. Effective as a border plant and in shady woodland plantings

	.65	1.75	12.50
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Rubra. Red form of the above

	1.00	3.00	20.00
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AETHIONEMA (Persian Candytuft).

These hardy little rock plants are of the most fascinating character. The foliage is a beautiful, glaucous blue; stems woody, and when covered with their heads of pink blossoms, make a picture not to be forgotten. We supply pot plants only, as field plants are hard to establish.

They are almost shrubby in habit, and are improved by a slight cutting back after blooming. Stony, sandy loam is suitable for them and a warm, sunny position.

	Three	Doz.	100
Persicum . Strong, twiggy bushes, covered with long, slender spikes of rosy pink flowers. One of our best rock plants. 9 inches. June-July	\$1.10	\$3.25	\$22.50
Grandiflorum . Somewhat lighter in color than Persicum. 6 inches. June-July ..	1.10	3.25	22.50

The Wayside Gardens Company, Mentor, Ohio

AGROSTEMMA (Rose Campion).

Stout, erect-growing plants with silvery foliage, which contrasts well with the showy flowers, which are produced during June and July.

	Three	Doz.	100
Coronaria (Mullein Pink). Bright rosy crimson. 2½ to 3 feet	\$0.55	\$1.50	\$10.00

AJUGA (Bugleweed).

A useful plant for the rockery and for carpeting the ground, particularly in shady positions, as under trees and shrubs; flowers in May and June.

	Three	Doz.	100
Genevensis . Grows 6 to 8 inches high; dense spikes of blue flowers	\$0.85	\$2.50	\$18.00
Reptans rubra . Grows 3 to 4 inches high, with deep purplish blue flowers .....	.65	1.75	12.00

ALLIUM.

Thibetica. Four years ago this variety was introduced from Thibet for the first time in England. We secured a few seeds and are now able to offer it in moderate quantities. Height 6 to 8 inches. Flowers on short stems in clusters are a lilac-mauve. Blooms during June and July. Excellent for rock garden

	1.60	4.75	35.00
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ALYSSUM (Rock Madwort).

Very popular early-flowering perennials of easiest culture and all very free flowering. They all like a well drained soil and sunny position. Useful in the border as well as in the dry wall or rock garden.

	Three	Doz.	100
Argenteum . Dense growth. Leaves silvery beneath, flowers yellow in clustered heads, all Summer. About 15 inches ..	\$0.65	\$1.75	\$12.50
Rostratum (Wierzbicki). Prostrate, almost shrubby variety, hoary grey all over. Flowers pale yellow, in unbranched heads. May to July .....	.65	1.75	12.50
Saxatile compactum . Broad masses of bright yellow flowers in early Spring. An excellent plant for the rockery or front of borders. 1 foot .....	.55	1.50	10.00
Serpyllifolium (Alpestre). Very dwarf, 4 to 5 inches high, with racemes of pale yellow flowers and rough, hoary leaves. Charming for the rock garden .....	.75	2.00	15.00

AMSONIA.

Tabernaemontana. 2 to 3 feet. Late May and early June. Small and numerous flowers of light blue in panicles. Smooth foliage, fine for the hardy border or planted among shrubbery ..

	1.00	3.00	20.00
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ANCHUSA (Alkanet).

For producing a mass effect of brilliant blue, the Anchusas cannot be surpassed. They should be treated as biennials, as the old plants exhaust themselves at the end of two or three years. They reproduce themselves, however, from self-sown seed. The blooming season can be extended for several weeks by cutting the spikes as soon as the flowers fade, thus preventing seeding.

	Three	Doz.	100
Dropmore . Tall spikes of beautiful blue flowers, flowering all Summer. Rough broad foliage. 4 to 5 feet	\$0.65	\$1.75	\$12.50
Opal . Very beautiful variety, with large, pale blue flowers. 3 to 4 feet .....	.65	1.75	12.50
Myosotidiflora . A distinct, dwarf perennial variety from Russia, with clusters of charming blue flowers resembling forget-me-nots. An effective rock plant for shady places. 1 foot. May-flowering .....	.85	2.50	18.00

ANDROSACE (Rock Jasmine).

Typical Alpines, fascinating because of their great beauty. Many of them are difficult to grow, their worst enemy being early Spring rains. We are listing only the easiest. They require very gritty soil, the stones furnishing the cool moisture their roots enjoy. In sticky clay or hot, loose sand, they will soon dwindle and die.

	Three	Doz.	100
Lanuginosa Leichtlini . One of the easiest and best. Rosettes of silky foliage and heads of rose colored blossoms on stems about 6 inches high. From the Himalayas. June- and July-flowering	\$1.60	\$4.75	\$35.00



Ajuga Reptans.



Alyssum Saxatile.



Anchusa Italica.



Anemone Pulsatilla.



Anemone Japonica, Whirlwind.



Arabis Alpina.

ANEMONE - Windflower

ANEMONE JAPONICA (Japanese Anemone)

Valuable plants suitable for massing or single specimens. They grow rapidly and are profuse in bloom, gaining strength and beauty each year. The blooming period extends from September till mid-November, the large, open flowers furnishing abundant cut flowers and a brilliant field display. Cover plants in Winter. We offer strong, field-grown roots.

	Three	Doz.	100
Alba. Purest single white, with yellow center. 2 to 3 feet	\$0.55	\$1.50	\$10.00
Alice. Large flowers of rose-pink, lilac center; excellent new variety. The best and strongest grower of all pink sorts..	.75	2.00	15.00
Buhler Kind. Early double white .....	.80	2.25	17.00
Kriemhilde. Double, rich pink; of excellent form .....	.65	1.75	12.00
Max Vogel. Double rose-pink; free flowering .....	.80	2.25	17.00
Prince Henry. Double red flowers; dwarf, but early. 2 feet .....	.80	2.25	17.00
Queen Charlotte. Abundant semi-double flowers, broad and perfectly formed; "La France" pink. 2 to 3 feet .....	.65	1.75	12.00
Richard Ahrends. Large, single shell-pink flowers with lilac hue; finest of all ....	.80	2.25	17.00
Rubra. Beautiful rosy red; stamens bright yellow .....	.80	2.25	17.00
Whirlwind. Excellent double white flowers. 2 to 3 feet .....	.55	1.50	10.00

ANEMONE SPECIES

Alpina sulphurea. Flowers in May, a delicate sulphur-yellow, downy on outside of petals. Loves a moist, rich soil. Height about 10 to 12 inches	1.40	4.00	30.00
Hupehensis (Early Anemone). The plant grows from 12 to 14 inches high and from early in August until late in the Autumn produces an abundance of flowers about 1½ inches in diameter, of a pleasing mauve-rose .....	.65	1.75	12.00
Hupehensis flore pleno. Double form of the above .....	.80	2.25	17.00
Pulsatilla (Pasque Flower). Grows from 9 to 12 inches high and produces violet or purple flowers during April and May. An interesting plant for the rockery or well drained border ..	.75	2.00	15.00
Pulsatilla rubra. Of dwarf habit with reddish purple flowers .....	.75	2.00	15.00
Narcissiflora. Exquisite Alpine meadow plant with heads of a dozen or more white flowers. Buds are tinged with red. 9 inches high. June flowering	1.20	3.50	25.00
Sylvestris. Fine for cool, moist corner of rock garden or border. Large, white blossoms on nodding stems of about 12 inches. Very free blooming. May and June	1.00	3.00	20.00
Vernalis (Lady of the Snow). A rare and exquisite alpine. Large, open flowers of pure white, flushed violet outside. Blooms very early. Easily grown in rich vegetable soil in full sun. Very choice	1.40	4.00	30.00

ANTHERICUM.

Lilium majus (St. Bruno's Lily). Spikes of flowers white, with narrow, grass-like foliage. 1½ feet. May-June. A choice border plant	1.40	4.00	30.00
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ANTHEMIS (Marguerite).

Tinctoria. Handsome, finely cut foliage, and large, golden yellow flowers produced all Summer. Succeeds in the poorest soil; excellent cut flowers55	1.50	10.00
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ARABIS (Rock Cress).

One of the most common of rock plants. Ordinary soil is suitable but they must have a sunny position.

	Three	Doz.	100
Alpina. Pure white flowers produced in dense masses, splendid for border and rockery work, and last quite some time when cut	\$0.65	\$1.75	\$12.00
Alpina flore pleno. Same as above but with double white flowers; very fine rock plant	1.20	3.50	25.00

AQUILEGIA - Columbine

As a cut flower the Long-Spurred Aquilegias are the daintiest of our outdoor grown flowers. They remain in bloom for a long season. They are not at all particular as to soil or location, although they prefer a sandy loam and a moist but well drained, sunny position, and usually make themselves at home in any hardy border or rockery. Their period of flowering covers the late Spring and early Summer months. Taken as a whole, they are a most important part of the hardy garden, and should be grown in quantity by every lover of old-fashioned garden flowers.

	Three	Doz.	100
Canadensis (Common American Columbine). The native bright red and yellow variety, and one of the brightest ..	\$0.55	\$1.50	\$10.00
Chrysantha . Beautiful golden yellow flowers; blooms for two months .....	.55	1.50	10.00
Chrysantha alba . A white variety of the above .....	.55	1.50	10.00
Coerulea (Rocky Mountain Blue Columbine) .....	.75	2.00	15.00
Crimson Queen . Beautiful crimson flowers with long spurs .....	.55	1.50	10.00
Long-Spurred Hybrids, Mixture ..	.55	1.50	10.00
Mrs. Scott Elliott Hybrids . There is not a better mixture grown in the world. Wonderful colors with very long-spurred flowers. Our stock is from seed from this choice breeder, absolutely true strain .....	.65	1.75	12.00
Nivea grandiflora . A fine white, robust variety; profuse bloomer .....	.55	1.50	10.00
Wayside Pink . A beautiful strain of clear pink colors. We do not think that they can be surpassed .....	.65	1.75	12.00

ARENARIA (Sandwort).

Montana . Close tufts, profusely covered with small, silvery white flowers quite early in the season. Excellent as an edging plant in formal gardens and for rockeries in sunny places. Flowers resemble small, white, upturned morning glories. May .....	.75	2.00	15.00
Grandiflora . From the Pyrenees Mountains. Covers itself with pure, snow-white star-like flowers. One of the best of all rock plants. May .....	.75	2.00	15.00
Verna . A prostrate growing plant creeping low over the ground and between cracks in stones. Excellent for the rock garden and between flagstones .....	.75	2.00	15.00

ARMERIA (Sea Pink or Thrift).

Attractive dwarf plants that will succeed in any soil, forming evergreen tufts of bright green foliage, from which innumerable flowers appear in dense heads, on stiff, wiry stems, from 9 to 12 inches high. They flower more or less continuously from early Spring until late in the Fall. Very useful in the rockery and border edgings.

	Three	Doz.	100
Cephalotes rubra . 8 to 10 inches; deep pink flowers freely produced from a neat cushion-like plant	\$1.20	\$3.50	\$25.00
Cephalotes rosea . Pale pink of the above.	1.20	3.50	25.00
Dianthoides . A dwarf plant with evergreen leaves and heads of light pink flowers. 10 inches. May-June .....	.65	1.75	12.00
Lauchean . Bright rosy red. 3 to 6 inches. May-June .....	.75	2.00	15.00
Maritima . 3 to 6 inches. May and June. Valuable for edging; flowers pale pink; foliage grass-like, evergreen .....	.75	2.00	15.00
Maritima alba . 3 to 6 inches. May and June. Tufts of deep green foliage; white flowers .....	.75	2.00	15.00
Mixed Seedlings . 18 to 24 inches. June to October. Large flowers of delightful white, rose and pink shades. Very useful for edging and cutting .....	.65	1.75	12.00

ARTEMISIA (Sage Brush).

Lactiflora . A tall-growing plant of fine foliage and heads of small white flowers in August and September, which fill the garden with fragrance. A splendid and graceful cut flower .....	.75	2.00	15.00
Silver King . A striking white-leaved contrast plant. A beautiful "mist" for setting off bouquets and floral combinations. The entire color effect bright frosted silver. 3 feet high. Sprays may be cut to mix with Winter bouquets .....	.75	2.00	15.00



Aquilegia, Wayside Pink.



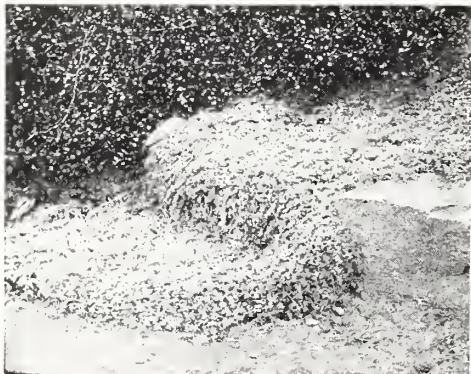
Armeria.



Arenaria Montana.



Asclepias Tuberosa.



Asperula Odorata.



Aster, Elta.

ASCLEPIAS (Butterfly Weed).

	Three	Doz.	100
Tuberosa. Attractive native plants, flowering during July and August, and growing about 2½ feet high. Umbels of bright orange colored flowers	\$0.55	\$1.50	\$10.00

ASPERULA (Woodruff).

Odorata. 6 to 8 inches high. May. Increases rapidly and is used for carpeting shady places and in the rock garden. Heads of snowy white flowers. A fine, scented herb reminding one of new mown hay75	2.00	15.00
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ASPHODELUS (King's Spear).

Luteus. Tall spikes of bright yellow flowers; very fragrant; swordlike foliage; fine for borders75	2.00	15.00
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HARDY ASTERS (Michaelmas Daisies)

The many species, widely distinct from each other in habit and form, are, with a few exceptions, all native of North America. It is in Europe, however, that our Asters have been most highly appreciated. Many improvements have been made by European growers, and many hybrid forms have been produced by crossing the different species. For the best results, they require division and replanting every third year. All are about 3 to 4 feet high.

	Three	Doz.	100
Blue Gem. Double flowers of rich blue; the best blue in cultivation	\$0.85	\$2.50	\$18.00
Charm. Very double violet-blue flowers..	.65	1.75	12.00
Climax. One of the best and showiest, with large, pyramidal spikes of large, light lavender-blue flowers; very free. 5 feet. Excellent as a cut flower .....	.65	1.75	12.00
Erica. A beautiful clear pink; large semi-double flowers .....	.65	1.75	12.00
Elta. Semi-double flowers of pale lilac. Handsome shape; free flowering .....	.65	1.75	12.00
Feltham Blue. A pretty aniline blue; very free .....	.65	1.75	12.00
Glory of Colwall. Good sized, almost double; ageratum-blue flowers .....	.55	1.50	10.00
Grey Lady. Exquisite shade of opal, with large, semi-double flowers .....	.65	1.75	12.00
Joan Vaughan. Large, semi-double flowers of deepest blue .....	.65	1.75	12.00
Lady Lloyd. A very fine, clear rose-pink. Lasts exceedingly well .....	.65	1.75	12.00
Mauve Queen. Very large, semi-double flowers of clear mauve .....	.65	1.75	12.00
Mrs. Raynor. The nearest red of all Asters; good form .....	.85	2.50	18.00
Novae-angliae roseum superbum. Almost red and a profuse bloomer .....	.75	2.00	15.00
Perry's White. Perfect in habit and remarkably free flowering. The stout stems are well branched and covered with flowers .....	.65	1.75	12.00
Peggy Ballard. Large, pyramidal sprays of double, rosy mauve flowers .....	.85	2.50	18.00
Robert Parker. Pale heliotrope; 4 feet ..	.55	1.50	10.00
Robinson V. C. A pretty bluish mauve, double flowers borne in long sprays ...	.65	1.75	12.00
Sam Benham. Early flowering, semi-double white. The best of all white Michaelmas Daisies; produces large flowers; fine for cutting .....	.65	1.75	12.00
St. Egwin. A pleasing rosy pink; very free blooming; dwarf habit .....	.55	1.50	10.00

Japanese Hardy Asters

Mauve Cushion. An entirely distinct species. It forms a circular cushion-like plant 2½ feet across, rarely exceeding 9 inches in height, the flowers of delicate, soft mauve, with silvery white reflections, measure over 1¼ inches in diameter, and are produced in such lavish profusion as to completely cover the plant; the blooms begin to expand early in October, but are not at their best until November85	2.50	18.00
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HARDY ASTERS

Species

Some of these are little known and not used enough. Most are excellent material for the rock garden, or in front of the border. The *Alpinus* varieties and others produce brilliant flowers three inches across. They are splendid for cutting as well as in front of the hardy border.

	Three	Doz.	100
Alpinus albus. Fine dwarf white Aster, bearing large, single white flowers on stems 6 to 8 inches high; excellent for rock gardens. May-June	\$0.85	\$2.50	\$18.00
Alpinus, Goliath. Indispensable for the rockery or edge of hardy borders; 6 to 10 inches high, and bears large, showy, bluish purple flowers in May and June. ....	.85	2.50	18.00
Alpinus rubra. Also good for the rock garden or as an edging plant, producing rose-purple flowers; 6 to 10 inches high. May-June .....	.85	2.50	18.00
Amellus elegans. Long, graceful sprays of soft lavender. Good for the border; flowers in August .....	.65	1.75	12.00
Ameloides. A graceful variety for cutting. ....	.65	1.75	12.00
Bessarabicus sibiricus. 12 to 18 inches high, producing fine heads of violet to lilac flowers very useful for the rockery or border .....	.85	2.50	18.00
Diplostiphoides (Dubia). A very fine dwarf Aster for the rock garden, producing early in the season, pale blue flowers. 2 to 3 inches across .....	.85	2.50	18.00
Farrerri. Beautiful flowers of the richest violet with large orange center. Fine for border or the rock garden .....	.85	2.50	18.00
Farrerri, Big Bear. With beautiful flowers of the richest violet, orange center, for rock garden or border	1.60	4.75	35.00
Porteri. One of the very few Asters suitable for the wall garden. In fact, the only one worth while. Also good for the rockery .....	.65	1.75	12.00
Tataricus. Distinct, large bluish violet; very late. 6 feet .....	.65	1.75	12.00

ASTILBE (See Spirea).

AUBRIETIA (Rock Cress or False Wall Cress).

One of the daintiest and most delicately beautiful of all dwarf, creeping plants for carpeting beds or rockeries, forming brilliant sheets of violet, crimson or rose for many weeks. Massed on rockeries or in borders with white *Arabis* and yellow *Alyssum*, it forms a charming contrast. A gem for planting in crevices of rocks or wall, forming a cataract of color.

	Three	Doz.	100
Eyri. Rose-pink	\$0.75	\$2.00	\$15.00
Gracea. Lilac-blue .....	.75	2.00	15.00
Purpurea. Violet .....	.75	2.00	15.00

AURICULA (Swiss Primrose). (See *Primula Auricula*, page 46).

AZALEA (See Shrubs, page 58).

BAPTISIA (False Indigo).

	Three	Doz.	100
Australis. Dark blue, pea-shaped flowers in June; suitable for the hardy border or wild garden. Very attractive foliage. 2 feet	\$0.55	\$1.50	\$10.00

BELAMCANDA (See *Pardanthus Chinensis*).

BELLIS (Double English Daisy).

Perenne, Snowball. Mammoth white .....	.50	1.25	8.00
Perenne, Longfellow. Mammoth pink .....	.50	1.25	8.00

BERGAMOT (See *Monarda*).

BETONICA (Betony).

Grandiflora. Close tufty foliage with bright rose flowers65	1.75	12.00
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BLEEDING HEART (See *Dicentra*).

BELLIUM (Alpine Daisy).

Bellidoides. A dainty little miniature of the <i>Bellis perennis</i> , except that it throws out numerous runners and so forms a wide mat, covered in Summer with small, white daisies. Fine for rockery80	2.25	17.00
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Aster Alpinus, Goliath.



Aubrietia, Growing on top of a Garden Wall.



Baptisia Australis.

The Wayside Gardens Company, Mentor, Ohio



Bocconia Cordata.



Hardy Carnation.



Callirhoe Involucrata.

BOCCONIA (Plume Poppy).

	Three	Doz.	100
Cordata. A noble hardy perennial, beautiful in foliage and flower, and adapted for planting in the shrubby borders, and in bold groups in any position. It will grow in any soil or situation, attaining 6 to 8 feet in height. Flowers creamy white in terminal panicles during July and August	\$0.55	\$1.50	\$10.00

BOLTONIA (False Chamomile).

A showy native hardy perennial plant with large, single, aster-like flowers; in bloom during the Summer and Autumn months, and with its thousands of flowers open at one time produces a very showy effect.

	Three	Doz.	100
Asteroides. White. 5 to 6 feet high	\$0.55	\$1.50	\$10.00
Latisquama. Pink, slightly tinged with lavender. 4 to 6 feet .....	.55	1.50	10.00

BUDDLEIA (Butterfly Bush).

Variabilis magnifica. This is really a shrub, but the top usually freezes back, and new growth starts from the root like other perennials. Plants grow 3 to 4 feet and are covered with long racemes of lilac-like flowers all Summer	1.00	3.00	20.00
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Farquhari. (New). A low-growing pendulous, spreading shrub, with rich green foliage and silvery reverse, bearing in late Summer long racemes of purple flowers	1.40	4.00	30.00
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BUPHTHALMUM (Ox-eye Daisy).

Salicifolium. Bears large, rich, golden yellow flowers through the Summer. 2 feet high75	2.00	15.00
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CALAMINTHA (Calamint).

Alpina. A very graceful little rock plant, growing 6 inches high, with rich purple flowers55	1.50	10.00
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CALANDRINIA.

Umbellata. Prostrate plant, 4 to 6 inches, with brilliant crimson, saucer-shaped flowers; good for hot place in rock garden85	2.50	18.00
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CALLA ELLIOTTIANA (See Bulbs).

CALLIRHOE (Poppy Mallow).

Involucrata. Trailing plant, with finely divided foliage and large, saucer-shaped flowers of bright rosy crimson, with white centers, which are produced all Summer and Fall65	1.75	12.00
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CALTHA.

Palustris (Marsh Marigold). 6 to 15 inches high. Flowers bright yellow in Spring. A very showy plant in wet places, both in sun and shade. It can be planted in brooks, and marshy places.85	2.50	18.00
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Campanula Medium - Canterbury Bells

These imposing biennials are profusely covered with large, bell-shaped flowers; extremely showy in mixed borders. Height 3 feet. Plants potted in October make most beautiful plants for the conservatory and greenhouse in the Spring, coming into flower, without being forced in any way, about two months before those in open ground.

	Three	Doz.	100
CALYCANTHEMA (Cup and Saucer). Large, semi-double flowers, each resembling a cup and saucer.			
Pink. Beautiful variety; charming pink flowers	\$0.40	\$1.00	\$7.00
White. Similar to preceding, but flowers are white .....	.40	1.00	7.00
Blue .....	.40	1.00	7.00
MEDIUM (Single Canterbury Bells).			
Pink. Beautiful rich shades .....	.40	1.00	7.00
Blue .....	.40	1.00	7.00
White .....	.40	1.00	7.00

CAMPANULA - Bellflower

Indispensable hardy garden flowers, of much variety of form, some being of tall and imposing habit, while others are dwarf, compact little plants, suitable for edging, rockwork, etc. They like a good, rich soil, and last much longer in bloom if planted in a half-shady place.

	Three	Doz.	100
Alliariaefolia. A grand border plant with tall spikes of long, pendent bells. 3 feet	\$0.75	\$2.00	\$15.00
Barbata. Silvery blue bearded or hairy bells on stalks about 6 to 9 inches long are produced in June and July. It is a very unusual and outstanding plant for the rockery or border	1.00	3.00	20.00
Bononiensis. Small, blue flowers borne profusely on slender stems. June. 2½ feet .....	.65	1.75	12.00
Carpatica (Carpathian Harebell). A pretty species growing in compact tufts, not exceeding 8 inches high; flowers clear blue, held erect on wiry stems. It begins blooming in June, continuing until October. As an edging for a hardy border or for the rockery it is unsurpassed. ....	.65	1.75	12.00
Carpatica alba. A pure white form of the preceding .....	.75	2.00	15.00
Elegans. Fine Campanula for borders and rockeries. Height 18 inches. Blooms all Summer .....	.75	2.00	15.00
Garganica. A gem for the rock garden. Forms a low, spreading tuft which in June is covered with starry, light blue flowers having a white eye. Exquisite hanging over a rock .....	.75	2.00	15.00
Glomerata var. dahurica. A favorite old-fashioned herbaceous plant producing deep blue flowers in large, close heads. Height 18 inches .....	.75	2.00	15.00
Lactiflora alba. A beautiful variety from the Imperial Gardens of Petrograd, producing spikes 2 feet high, bearing large, white flowers	1.40	4.00	30.00
Lactiflora coerulea. Pale blue flowers during July and August. 2½ feet ....	.75	2.00	15.00
Latifolia macrantha. 3 feet. June and July. Very handsome, enormous drooping bells of fine satiny lilac and deep purplish shades .....	.75	2.00	15.00
Muralis. Very dwarf plant covered with blue-purple flowers in June. Fine for wall or rock garden. The most popular wall plant or rock plant of the entire Campanula group. (Sold out for this season).			
Persicifolia grandiflora alba (White). One of the finest Campanulas, with large, handsome white, bell-shaped flowers. A great acquisition. Height 2 feet .....	.65	1.75	12.00
Persicifolia grandiflora coerulea (Blue). An excellent companion to the white variety, the large, bright blue flowers making an effective contrast. Height 2 feet .....	.65	1.75	12.00
Pyramidalis. Produces spikes from 4 to 6 feet long covered with blue, star-shaped flowers during the entire Summer; excellent plant with Delphinium in background in the hardy border .....	.65	1.75	12.00
Pyramidalis White. Similar to the above, producing white flowers .....	.65	1.75	12.00
Rotundifolia (Blue Bells of Scotland or Harebells). 1 foot. June to August. In the wild it is more slender and taller than in the garden; clear blue flowers. Especially suited for crevices in the rock garden or steep slopes, if planted to show pendent habit	1.00	3.00	20.00
Trachelium (Coventry Bells). 2 to 3 feet. July and August. Sturdy, hairy plant, with light purple, somewhat drooping flowers .....	.75	2.00	15.00
Turbinata. A beautiful variety, forming close mats of foliage and bearing large saucer cups of blue, very much like the variety carpaticea. June and July .....	.75	2.00	15.00
Turbinata alba. Similar to the above with large, white flowers .....	.75	2.00	15.00



Campanula Carpaticea Alba.



Campanula Persicifolia.



Campanula Rotundifolia.



Catananche coerulea.



Centaurea Dealbata.



Cerastium Tomentosum.
Showy rock or wall plant, easy to grow.

CARLINA (Charlemagne's Thistle).

	Three	Doz.	100
Acaulis. Hardy perennial. An Alpine thistle with an immense, stemless flower head which, when dried, is silvery brown. Leaves are intensely spiny and very silvery, making a handsome subject for the rockery. Rare	\$1.60	\$4.75	\$35.00

CARNATIONS (Hardy Border).

Double Scarlet .....	.65	1.75	12.00
Double White .....	.65	1.75	12.00
Choice Mixed. Seedlings from seed supplied by a specialist. Strong plants that will furnish an abundance of flowers. We strongly recommend this grand strain for cut flowers. They keep up a most wonderful supply during June and July .....	.65	1.75	12.00

CARYOPTERIS (Blue Spirea). (See Shrubs, page 58).

CASSIA (Indian Senna).

Marylandica. Handsome pinnate foliage and numerous racemes of showy yellow flowers; an extremely desirable plant of the easiest culture55	1.50	10.00
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CATANANCHE (Cupid's Dart).

Caerulea. 2 feet. July and August. Heads of pretty deep blue flowers on long stems. Profuse and excellent cut flowers75	2.00	15.00
Bicolor. Similar to Caerulea, with white center .....	.75	2.00	15.00

CENTAUREA (Hardheads or Knapweed).

	Three	Doz.	100
Dealbata. Large and striking rose-pink flowers. June-July. 2 feet	\$0.55	\$1.50	\$10.00
Macrocephala. Large, thistle-like, golden yellow flowers; useful for cutting and showy in borders. July and August. 3½ feet .....	.55	1.50	10.00
Montana (Perennial Cornflower). Grows 2 feet high, bearing large, violet-blue flowers from July to September .....	.55	1.50	10.00
Montana alba .....	.55	1.50	10.00
Ruthenica. Very tall plant with handsome, lemon-yellow flowers. July and September. 5 feet	1.00	3.00	20.00

CENTRANTHUS (See Valeriana).

CEPHALARIA (Roundhead).

Tatarica. 6 feet. July and August. Flat heads of showy cream-white flowers. Suited for rear of borders, where effects are desired65	1.75	12.00
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CERASTIUM (Snow-in-Summer).

Tomentosum. A low-growing plant having silvery white foliage and producing an abundance of snow-white flowers. Especially suitable for rock or border purposes65	1.75	12.00
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CERATOSTIGMA (See Plumbago Larpentae).

CHEIRANTHUS (Siberian Wallflower).

Allioni. A beautiful rock plant. Dazzling fiery orange flowers, on stems about a foot high. Best used as a biennial as it frequently blooms itself to death65	1.75	12.00
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CHELONE (Shellflower).

Handsome perennials, growing about two feet high, and bearing numerous spikes of large flower heads, Summer and Fall.

	Three	Doz.	100
Glabra alba. Terminal spikes of creamy white flowers	\$0.65	\$1.75	\$12.00
Lyoni. Heads of showy purplish red flowers .....	.65	1.75	12.00

CIMICIFUGA (Snakeroot).

Racemosa. Handsome shade-loving plant, bearing in July and August spikes of pure white flowers; well suited for planting at the back of border, or for naturalizing at the edge of the woods. 4 to 6 feet65	1.75	12.00
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CHRYSANTHEMUMS

The following varieties are perfectly hardy if grown in a place not too wet. After thorough flowering cut the dead stalks down to within two or three inches of the ground and cover with dry leaves. In the Spring, after they start to grow, divide so one shoot will remain for the future plant. 2½-inch pots will be supplied in the Spring from March 1st until July 1st.

- Angelo.** Very early, free-flowering, beautiful, light pink; flowers large, and a very hardy variety.
- Acronda.** Small, compact aster-flowered variety of medium height. Plant covered with bronze flowers early in the season.
- Argenteuillais.** Of medium height, early-flowering, scarlet bronzy flowers tipped with yellow. Flowers produced in great quantities. Plant very hardy.
- Boston.** Tall-growing, free-flowering and well branched heads. The large flowers are late and of a beautiful bronzy orange. Very hardy.
- Bronze Button.** Late, free-flowering, of medium height, producing large heads of tiny button-like, bronze colored flowers. Very hardy and a great bloomer.
- Brune Poitevine.** Of medium height and very early. This is an outstanding fine variety. Flowers are large, of a deep velvety reddish bronze completely covering the plant.
- Capt. R. H. Cook.** A fine pompon-flowered late blooming variety. The flowers are a clear dark rose, rather tall grower.
- Carrie.** As early as Glory of Seven Oaks and of practically the same habit, but the flowers are a clean, clear pale yellow. Excellent variety.
- Comoleta.** Very tall growing sort. Late-flowering. Very large and double yellow flowers with reddish orange shadings.
- Edna.** A fine dwarf variety producing quantities of small bluish-pink flowers two inches in diameter. Late flowering.
- Excelsior.** A very hardy and easily grown Mum. Medium early. About 24 inches high. Produces an abundance of shaggy, deep yellow flowers. Good for cutting.
- Firelight.** Tall, midseason, large flowering. Very showy spikes covered with heads of red flowers tipped with copper. Very hardy.
- Glory of Seven Oaks.** The earliest flowering outdoor Mum. Does not grow very tall, but a marvelous bloomer. Flowers are a deep golden yellow, completely covering the plant.
- Globe d'Or.** Dwarf midseason, free-flowering sort. Produces clusters of canary-yellow flowers, two inches across, with dark center.
- Harvest Home.** Beautiful midseason-flowering variety. Medium height and covered with large golden yellow flowers about 3 inches across.
- Idolph.** About 18 to 24 inches high. Midseason, flowering very profusely. Produces light rose-pink, very double flowers with yellow center.
- Indian.** Late-flowering, very hardy variety of medium height. Flowers are shaggy and of peculiarly pleasing coppery red shade. A good sort.
- Lucifer.** Late-flowering hardy sort. Rather tall growing with excellent ox-blood-red flowers. Good, hardy sort.
- Marie Antoinette.** A late, sure blooming sort, bushy and very free-flowering. Excellent deep pink flowers.
- Mitzi.** A delightfully free-flowering variety. Rather late but the small, brilliant clear yellow flowers light up the garden. The best and hardest yellow button variety.
- Mrs. F. H. Bergen.** Midseason-flowering, of medium height. Large, pale pink flowers with deep pink center.
- Mrs. H. Craig.** Very early-flowering sort, rather dwarf in growth. Large, shaggy yellow flowers overlaid with orange-crimson.
- Mrs. H. Harrison.** Medium height. Plant produces large clusters of fine, full double pink flowers with cream-pink center. Excellent pompon.
- Mrs. Phillips.** Large, daisy-like single pink flowers with clear yellow center, 3 to 4 inches across. An outstanding single variety. Midseason flowering; medium height.
- Nellie Blake.** A fine aster-flowered type. Midseason. Flowers a rich reddish copper, long lasting.
- Nellie Kleris.** Midseason, of medium height with splendid clear pink blossoms. Petals are decidedly incurved, and compact. Two inches across.
- Oconto.** Tall growing, midseason with large pure white flowers with cream clusters carried on good strong stems. Excellent cut flower sort. Flowers often 4 to 5 inches across.
- October Gold.** Medium height, midseason flowering. Produces large, loose golden yellow flowers with pink sheen near the base. Opens orange-red, changes to golden yellow.
- Ouray.** Medium height, early-flowering. Flowers are good sized pompons about 1½ inches in diameter, carried on strong, stiff stems. Color is a very brilliant, dark scarlet with copper glow. We consider this the most brilliant Chrysanthemum.
- Petite Louise.** One of Totty's splendid introductions. Very early flowering and of medium height. Plants completely hidden by pale pink, shaggy flowers about three inches across. A very free-flowering sort and a great favorite.
- Provence.** Early and dwarf, very free-flowering sort. Pale pink flowers fading to white with yellow center. Excellent cut flower and hardy.
- Rose Travena.** Late-flowering, rather tall with very large, deep rose-pink blossoms. A good hardy variety.
- Ruth.** A button-shaped variety. Rather late-flowering but always good. The small blossoms are a brilliant claret-red.
- Skibo.** A very early-flowering pompon type of medium height. Plant covered with blossoms which open bronze, changing to a rich yellow retaining a small bronzy center. Flowers about 1½ inches across. Very hardy variety.



Chrysanthemum, Mrs. Phillips.



Chrysanthemum, White Doty.



Chrysanthemum, Glory of Seven Oaks.



Pyrethrum Uliginosum.
Also Known as *Chrysanthemum Uliginosum.*



Daisy, Glory of Wayside.



Cypripedium Acaule.

GARDEN CHRYSANTHEMUMS—Continued.

Snowdrop. Midseason and of medium height, plant rather loosely formed. The best pure white button known, is very hardy.

Tints of Gold. Early-flowering, of medium height. Flowers are large, of rich golden yellow suffused with red near base of petals. Very striking variety.

White Doty. Late-flowering, tall and upright, very stiff stem carries flowers high where they will not get soiled. A splendid pure white pompon.

Wm. Sobey. Early-flowering, medium height; flowers are aster-like and a fine, clear yellow. Very hardy.

Zelia. Midseason and rather tall with old-fashioned large orange flowers produced in quantity. A splendid outdoor variety.

THE PRICE OF THE ABOVE NAMED SORTS IS 50c PER 3; \$1.25 PER DOZEN; \$8.00 PER 100.

12 Favorite Garden Sorts

Over a number of years, we have kept a record of the Chrysanthemums most often selected by customers who visited our grounds while they were in bloom. This selection we consider very valuable and fine as these sorts have given best results over a long period. The varieties are as follows:

Argenteuillais	Mrs. Phillips	Mitzi
Carrie	Oconto	Mrs. F. H. Bergen
Ourray	October Gold	Bronze Button
Harvest Home	Capt. R. H. Cook	Snowdrop

We will furnish one each of these varieties with names for \$1.50. Simply order "One collection of 12 favorite sorts." (No need to write all the names).

6 Cut Flower Sorts

The list of six varieties given below is made up of what we consider the best six kinds for cutting. They all have long stems, and are excellently suited for that purpose. In ordering this collection ask for "One collection of six cut flower sorts." The price is \$1.00 for this collection.

White Doty	Bruno Poitevine	Mrs. H. Harrison
Tints of Gold	Zelia	Mrs. F. H. Bergen

Hardy Garden Chrysanthemums

We collected from old gardens some of the old-fashioned Chrysanthemums which are very hardy and which bloom in October and November, after all other outdoor flowers are gone. Often in bloom when the snow is on the ground; are very showy. 3 to 4 feet high. When in bloom are a perfect mass of flowers.

	Three	Doz.	100
Old-fashioned Hardy Pink	\$0.65	\$1.75	\$12.00
Old-fashioned Hardy Red .....	.55	1.50	10.00
Old-fashioned Hardy White .....	.55	1.50	10.00
Old-fashioned Hardy Yellow .....	.65	1.75	12.00

Chrysanthemum [Maximum - Shasta Daisy

The improved varieties of Marguerite, all allied to the Shasta Daisy that adorns our fields in the Spring, are among the most useful of our garden flowers. Not only have these flowers been greatly improved in size and form, but there are now early and late blooming varieties which give a succession of long-stemmed flowers so available for decoration during four months of the year. Glory of Wayside is a variety worthy of attention, and Etoile d'Or is robust and free flowering. Mrs. C. Lowthian Bell has enormous flowers with strong stems.

	Three	Doz.	100
Alaska. Handsome plant, with large, glistering white blossoms in June and July.	\$0.55	\$1.50	\$10.00
Etoile d'Or. Another of the large-flowered English type, producing the largest and best flowers of any we have. July to September	1.00	3.00	20.00
Glory of Wayside. Abundant small flowers and blooms early in May; excellent for rock garden .....	.55	1.50	10.00
Mrs. C. Lowthian Bell. Very large, perfectly formed flowers. Continuous bloomer. One of the largest. June to August .....	.65	1.75	12.00
Sutton's May Queen. Not one of the largest, but one of the earliest; similar to the Hartle & Elder Daisy but with a better stem. Flowering for Decoration Day, it is one of our most valuable cut flower varieties .....	.65	1.75	12.00

Chrysanthemum Leucanthemum and Species

Three Doz. 100

Arcticum (The Arctic Daisy). Among Fall-flowering perennials this is a perfect gem. It forms an attractive rosette-like clump of pretty dark green foliage, and in September multitudes of flower stems appear, terminated by pure white flowers 2 to 2½ inches in diameter. These begin to develop during the last week in September, and continue in good condition throughout October, and frequently into November	\$0.65	\$1.75	\$12.00
Leucanthemum flore pleno (Double White Shasta Daisy). Flowers double, pure white, of medium size, excellent for cutting; each plant produces from 30 to 50 flowers; perfectly hardy without any protection. May and June flowering. (Sold out for this season).			
Uliginosum (syn. Pyrethrum). Giant Daisy. Grows 3 to 4 feet high, covered with large, white, daisy-like flowers from June to September.....	.65	1.75	12.00
Zawadsky . A dwarf growing midsummer flowering Daisy with pale pink flowers. Good for front of border	1.00	3.00	20.00

CLEMATIS, DWARF (Shrubby).

Davidiana . A most desirable variety, with fresh, bright green foliage and tubular, bell-shaped flowers of deep lavender-blue during August and September; deliciously fragrant. 2½ feet	1.00	3.00	20.00
Integrifolia coerulea . A good border plant, growing from 18 to 24 inches high, producing its small but interesting porcelain blue flowers from June to August	1.00	3.00	20.00
Recta . Grows from 2 to 3 feet high, and produces fragrant, pure white flowers in very large, showy clusters during June and July	1.00	3.00	20.00

CLEMATIS, CLIMBING VARIETIES (See Vines, page 56).

COTONEASTER (See page 58).

COREOPSIS (Tickseed).

Grandiflora . An improved variety with large, bright yellow flowers; one of the best hardy plants. Fine for cut flowers all Summer long40	1.00	7.00
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CORYDALIS (Fumitory).

Ornamental, early-flowering plants, especially useful for shady positions but requiring good drainage.

Three Doz. 100

Cheilanthesfolia . Handsome variety with fernlike foliage and long spikes of yellow blossoms, 10 to 12 inches in height. Prefers rich, well drained, stony soil. Very rare and perfectly hardy; does well in shade	\$1.40	\$4.00	\$30.00
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CONVALLARIA (Lily-of-the-Valley).

Majalis. This popular and fragrant subject repays for being well treated. Grand for massing near shrubs or along shaded borders.

Clumps (In Fall only)	1.40	4.00	30.00
(Our clumps are grown from the finest type of imported Fortin stock and are far superior to the common native sort).			
Imported Pips . (Fortin strain)		1.25	6.00

CORONILLA (Crown Vetch).

Varia . A strong creeper; good for covering rough banks; showy heads of pink and white, pea-shaped flowers. 1 to 2 feet. June-August75	2.00	15.00
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CODONOPSIS.

Ovata . Twining in habit; 10 to 12 inches high; pale blue flowers; needs protection in Winter	1.00	3.00	20.00
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CRUCIANELLA (Crosswort).

Stylosa . Early-flowering, hardy perennial, suitable for rock work; bright purple, ball-shaped flowers. Height 6 inches. Unique55	1.50	10.00
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Coreopsis Grandiflora.



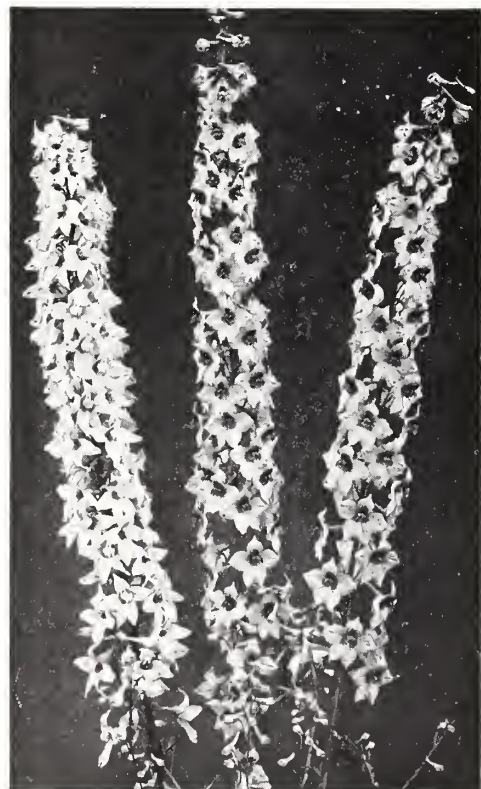
Cimicifuga Racemosa.



Crucianella Stylosa.



Wayside Gardens Unnamed Hybrid Delphinium.
Equal to the World's Finest.



Delphinium Belladonna. Improved Type.

CYPRIPEDIUM (Lady's Slipper).

Hardy orchids that thrive in a moist, peaty soil in shade or partial shade; flowers are very interesting with their odd shapes and uncommon colors and markings.

	Three	Doz.	100
Acule (Lady's Slipper; Moccasin Flower). This is often called the Red Lady Slipper, but the flower is rose-purple in color	\$1.00	\$3.00	\$20.00

Pubescens (Large Yellow Lady's Slipper). Very much like Parviflorum, only the flowers are larger. This should be planted in a rich bed in which leaf-mold should be a part, in some moist, yet well drained shady spot	1.00	3.00	20.00
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Spectabile (Showy Lady's Slipper). The finest and most showy of all our orchids. It grows about two feet high, bearing along the stalk several rather large, roundish leaves, and on top one or two quite large, rose-purple or nearly white flowers	1.40	4.00	30.00
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DAPHNE (See Shrubs, page 58).

Have finest stock in the country.

DESMODIUM (Tick Trefoil, see Shrubs, page 58).

DELPHINIUM - Larkspur

English Delphiniums are the most beautiful hardy plants in cultivation, for they have such an immense variety of beauty and increase in size, in beauty, and often in quantity, year after year.

The culture of Delphiniums is exceedingly simple. The soil may be a rich, friable loam, which suits them finely; but any soil, even hot and sandy, if well watered and manured, will give excellent results. A succession of flowers may be expected from Spring to early Autumn, especially if the spikes which have done flowering early, be cut down to the ground; fresh growth will then be produced which will give blossoms. Coal ashes strewn over the crowns will protect the plants from slugs through the Winter and Spring.

Choicest Wayside Gardens Hybrids

Here offered are the newest, the best and the finest to be secured anywhere. The range of colors varies from the palest shade of blue to the deepest indigo blue and royal purple with many intermediary pastel tones of mauve, pink and lavender blendings. Among these new hybrids are flowers of huge size in both single and double forms. This strain has been raised from seed saved from the finest named kinds in creation. Visitors at our nursery proclaim them the best they have ever seen. Those who wish to perfect their already much prized borders cannot afford to overlook these wonderful hybrids.

Three for \$1.60; doz., \$4.75; 100 for \$35.00.

Gold Medal Hybrids

They are made up from the following strains: Blackmore & Langdon's, Watkins', Samuelli's, Kelways, and Vanderbilt's. All familiar with Delphiniums know that these firms are careful growers and well known specialists.

	Three	Doz.	100
Strong, 1-year-old plants	\$0.65	\$1.75	\$12.00
Strong, 2-year-old plants .....	.85	2.50	18.00

Mrs. Thompson. This is the only named English Delphinium we have been able so far to grow successfully in this country. Produces large, single, navy-blue flowers on tall spikes; robust in growth, flowers well placed along the spike. Has never shown signs of disease with us ..	1.20	3.50	25.00
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Belladonna. They are our best blue cut flowers, are perfectly hardy and established plants produce a number of spikes, giving three crops during the season. They are in demand by every florist for decorating, the light blue Belladonna combining especially well with other flowers. The two- and three-year-old plants of Belladonna can be forced in the greenhouse to great advantage.

	Three	Doz.	100
1-year. Light sky-blue	\$0.50	\$1.00	\$6.00
2-year. Light sky-blue .....	.55	1.50	9.00

Bellamosa. A dark blue of the type of Belladonna with the color of the old Formosum variety, but not liable to mildew like the latter and of stronger growth.

	Three	Doz.	100
1-year. Dark blue	\$0.50	\$1.00	\$ 7.00
2-year. Dark blue .....	.55	1.50	10.00

Chinense. A very pretty variety, with fine, feathery foliage and intense gentian-blue flowers in open panicles55	1.50	10.00
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Chinense album. A pure white form of the above55	1.50	10.00
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DIANTHUS - Pinks

Without the spicy fragrance of the Hardy Pinks a garden is incomplete. Their perfect form and rich coloring make them great favorites for edging flower beds, garden walks and drives.

	Three	Doz.	100
Annie Laurie. A large flower of orchid color with wine-red ring in center, very free flowering. Being sweet scented and perfectly hardy makes this variety a great addition	\$1.00	\$3.00	\$20.00
Abbotsford. Deep crimson with white markings. One of the best	1.00	3.00	20.00
Elsie. Deep rose-pink, flowers all Summer. ....	.75	2.00	15.00
Essex Witch. Delicate pink; finely fringed. ....	.75	2.00	15.00
Etoile de Lyon. Brilliant crimson, the first of this color in the true hardy Pinks; grows about 2 foot high and produces masses of clove-scented flowers in May and June	1.00	3.00	20.00
Her Majesty. Very large; purest white ..	.75	2.00	15.00
Manning's Pink. A very free-flowering variety, producing perfectly formed deep pink flowers; sweet scented .....	.75	2.00	15.00
Rose de May. A new delightful Hardy Pink of neat habit; produces throughout the Summer delicate pink, clove-scented flowers	1.00	3.00	20.00
White Reserve. Continuous flowering; pure white .....	.75	2.00	15.00

DIANTHUS ALLWOODI

(New Perpetual-Flowering Hardy Pink)

This is a most important addition to our list of perpetual plants. They are perfectly hardy and flower continuously from early Spring until late in Autumn; the flowers are much more substantial and larger than the old type of Hardy Pinks, and are borne on long stems suitable for cutting; deliciously clove scented. All good, thrifty, young plants.

	Three	Doz.	100
Jean. Pure white with a deep violet-crimson center	\$1.10	\$3.25	\$22.50
Joyce. Soft rose-pink with amaranth-red center	1.10	3.25	22.50
Peggy. Pinkish maroon, delicately fringed.	1.10	3.25	22.50
Robert. Old rose-pink with maroon center	1.10	3.25	22.50
Mixed. Single and double; all colors. Strong, field-grown plants	1.10	3.25	22.50

DIANTHUS PLUMARIUS (Clove Pinks)

Pink, purplish and white, fragrant flowers on long spikes. Handsome, glaucous green foliage. For border or rock garden. It will bloom continuously if flowers are cut off when they begin to fade.

	Three	Doz.	100
Semperflorens flore pleno. Double and single blooms. Blooms throughout the Summer	\$0.55	\$1.50	\$10.00

DIANTHUS HEDDEWIGI (Japanese Pinks)

Flowers are very large and of the most brilliant colors, varying from pure white to the richest crimson, while many are beautifully laced or striped. For bedding purposes they are of immense value during the entire Summer, and they also furnish elegant flowers for bouquets.

	Three	Doz.	100
Mixed Varieties	\$0.55	\$1.50	\$10.00

DIANTHUS BARBATUS (Sweet William)

The Sweet William is a fine plant which produces great masses of bloom of extremely rich and varied colors. The flowers are lasting and fine for cutting. Because of the fact that it has been practically impossible to get good seeds of these plants in this country, we offer plants raised from Sutton's seeds from England, and use their color description.

	Three	Doz.	100
Atrococcinea flore pleno (Double Sweet William). Intense deep scarlet double flowers; very brilliant in the garden and a fine cut flower	\$0.50	\$1.25	\$8.00
Sutton's Fairy. Charming variety of recent introduction, with delicately tinted salmon-pink flowers .....	.50	1.25	8.00
Sutton's Giant White. Enormous trusses which might well be mistaken for perennial Phlox. The individual smooth-edged flowers exceed the size of a florin. ....	.50	1.25	8.00
Sutton's Pink Beauty. We have succeeded in fixing the shade of this beautiful salmon-pink variety, which should be grown in every garden .....	.50	1.25	8.00
Sutton's Rich Crimson. The richest Sweet William known; although very dark, it is a bright color .....	.50	1.25	8.00
Sutton's Scarlet. A remarkable color. The flowers are of an intense scarlet .....	.50	1.25	8.00
Sutton's Mixed Shades. Include all the various tints, which give a most pleasing and harmonious effect .....	.50	1.25	8.00



Dianthus Arenarius Growing in Wall.



Dianthus Heddeewigi.



Dianthus Plumarius in Rock Garden.



Dianthus Deltoideus.



Dianthus Caesius.



Dianthus Speciosus.



Dielytra Spectabilis.

Dianthus Species

Suitable for dry rockeries, dry walls or any other hot, dry, sunny spot. Almost all Pinks are of the easiest culture and will thrive in any well drained soil and sunny position.

Three Doz. 100

Alpinus Allwoodi. New perpetual-flowering type. This is one of the loveliest of all rockery Pinks, with glossy leaves and large flowers of brilliant rose, produced during June and July. It thrives best in loam with some lime added and perhaps a little shade during the hottest part of the Summer. A gem for the rock garden. 6 inches\$1.00 \$3.00 \$20.00

Arenarius (Sand-Loving Pink). This Pink delights in a sandy soil and sun. Flowers white with carmine ring, deeply fringed and fragrant. Excellent for dry, hot places. 6 inches75 2.00 15.00

Caesius grandiflorus (Cheddar Pink). It is very compact in growth and makes a cushion of glaucous leaves from which in May, spring the sweet smelling, rose colored flowers. It varies as much as from four inches to ten inches in height. It is easily grown and very fine for the rock garden 1.00 3.00 20.00

Cruentus. Dense heads of flowers on long stems. Deep red. Fine border plant .. .75 2.00 15.00

Deltoideus (Maiden Pink). A beautiful little plant with narrow leaves, and bearing a profusion of small, crimson flowers during June and July. Easily grown on rockery65 1.75 12.00

Deltoideus albus. A charming white form of the above variety65 1.75 12.00

Deltoideus "Brilliant." Glowing crimson-red; a most striking rock plant65 1.75 12.00

Knappi. A dainty species producing slender stems which bear clusters of small, yellow blossoms. This is a unique Dianthus as it is the only variety which produces yellow flowers. Place it high in the rock garden as it loves a dry, sunny place 1.00 3.00 20.00

Speciosus. A free-flowering, lavender-pink variety; flowers are finely cut, giving a lacy effect; wonderfully sweet scented, growing anywhere like all other varieties under this heading; the hotter and drier the spot the more they are at home75 2.00 15.00

Sylvestris (Wood Pink). Bluish foliage and salmon-pink flowers on stems about a foot high. Likes an open, sunny place in stony loam and a slight covering of stone chips upon the surrounding soil is beneficial 1.00 3.00 20.00

DICTAMNUS (Gas Plant).

The Dictamnus is one of the most satisfactory hardy plants in cultivation, both on account of splendid flowers and its rich, durable foliage.

Three Doz. 100

Fraxinella alba\$1.40 \$4.00 \$30.00

Fraxinella rubra 1.40 4.00 30.00

DIELYTRA OR DICENTRA (Bleeding Heart).

A hardy perennial with heart-shaped, rose colored flowers in drooping spikes. The base of the flower is furnished with two sheath-like spurs. One of the best border plants; perfectly hardy and easily cultivated. Flowers in April or May. The Bleeding Heart is one of the choicest members of the old-fashioned gardens. They prefer the shaded nooks in the border.

Three Doz. 100

Eximia (Plumy Bleeding Heart). A dwarf growing sort, with beautiful finely cut foliage and showy racemes of pretty pink flowers throughout the season. Too much cannot be said for this fine border plant as it is equally at home in full shade or sun and perfectly hardy anywhere. Will grow in any climate under any conditions.

2-year-old\$0.75 \$2.00 \$15.00

1-year-old (Strong)65 1.75 12.00

Spectabilis (Bleeding Heart or Seal Flower). An old-fashioned favorite; its long racemes of graceful heart-shaped pink flowers are always attractive; it is used largely for forcing and is perfectly at home in any part of the hardy border, and especially valuable for planting in clumps 1.40 4.00 30.00

DIGITALIS - Foxglove

For stately and picturesque beauty it is not to be surpassed, and, planted in masses in the garden among shrubs or naturalized on the edge of woods, in the orchards or along brooks, it is extremely effective and satisfactory. It is a biennial, but, as it renews itself from self-sown seed, it may be treated as a perennial.

	Three	Doz.	100
Giant Shirley Foxglove. They are a genuine "Shirley" production of extraordinary size and vigor, growing 5 to 6 feet tall. The flower heads are over 3 feet long, crowded with big, bell-shaped blossoms. Colors range from white and shell-pink to deepest rose, many attractively dotted with crimson or chocolate. \$0.65	\$1.75	\$12.00	
Ambigua or grandiflora. 2 to 3 feet. June and July. A hardy pant, with yellowish flowers, marked with brown. Effective in groups in wild garden ..... .75	2.00	15.00	
Gloxinaeflora. 3 to 4 feet. June and July. A popular variety, deep purple. Robust habit ..... .55	1.50	10.00	
Gloxinaeflora rosea. 3 to 4 feet; June and July; tall spikes of rose-pink flowers .. .55	1.50	10.00	
Gloxinaeflora alba. 2 feet. June and July. The white-flowered Foxglove .... .55	1.50	10.00	
Gloxinaeflora, Mixed Colors. Fine new strain ..... .55	1.50	10.00	
Isabellina. Mr. Perry of England claims this to be the best yellow yet introduced. .75	2.00	15.00	

DODECATHEON.

Meadia (Shooting Star). Native. A pretty, smooth perennial, with rose colored or sometimes white flowers in May or June. This is sometimes called "American Cyclamen." It thrives in rich, moist woods, or in the open border65

DORONICUM (Leopardbane).

Caucasicum. Large, bright yellow flowers, one of the most effective early Spring-flowering perennials. Effective as a single plant, or in a hardy border. It is a splendid flower for cutting, as it carries well and stands a long time in water. They succeed well everywhere.. 1.60

DRACOCEPHALUM (Dragonhead).

Very showy border plants when in flower. Hardy. Delight in a cool situation.

	Three	Doz.	100
Ruyschianum japonicum. Flowers blue; central lobe of corolla with a blue border and white spots, might be called a blue Physostegia. 2 feet .....\$0.75	\$2.00	\$15.00	

DRYAS (Mountain Avenas).

Shrubby plants for the rock garden, having oak-like leaves and branching stems. They can be grown in any good, stony soil, in full sun, and should be left undisturbed as long as possible.

	Each	Doz.	
Octopetala. Very choice sub-shrub for the Alpine garden. Forms flat carpets of deep green foliage, and when well established bears immense white anemone-like blossoms of white. Very choice. \$0.50		\$6.00	

ECHINACEA (Coneflower).

(See Rudbeckia purpurea).

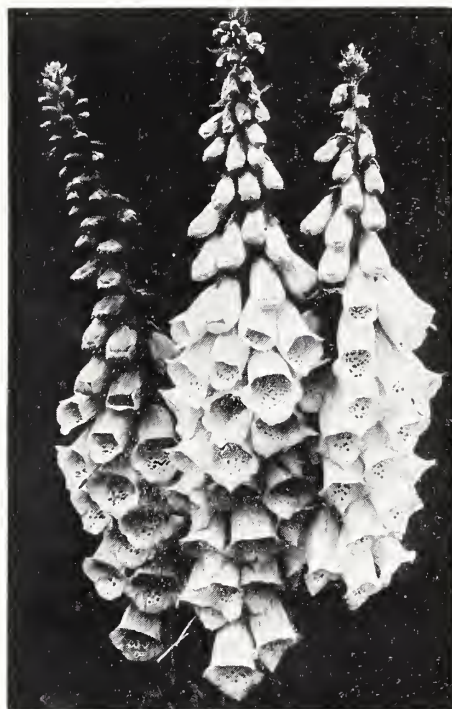
ECHINOPS (Globe Thistle).

	Three	Doz.	100
Ritro. Interesting and showy thistle-like plants with globular heads of deep metallic blue flowers, which can be dried and remain attractive for a long time. 2 to 3 feet .....\$0.65	\$1.75	\$12.00	

EDELWEISS (See Leontopodium).



Doronicum Caucasicum.



Shirley Hybrid Digitalis.



Dodecatheon Meadia.



Eryngium Planum.



Erodium.



Erinus Alpinus.

EDRAIANTHUS (Wahlenbergia).

	Three	Doz.	100
Dalmaticus. Low border or rock plant about 3 to 4 inches high, producing blue flowers not unlike the Platycodon; this plant is very rare	\$1.40	\$4.00	\$30.00

EPIGAEA.

Repens (Trailing Arbutus; Mayflower). Likes acid soil, therefore plant in some place where lime will not hurt it. Strong plants	1.10	3.25	22.50
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EPILOBIUM (Willow Herb).

Angustifolium. White flowers; very showy among shrubbery. 3 to 4 feet. June-August75	2.00	15.00
Rosmarinifolium (Dodonali). Similar to the above with red flowers. Both kinds are good for cutting .....	.75	2.00	15.00

EPIMEDIUM (Barren-wort; Bishop's Hat).

Interesting plants with hard, almost evergreen leaves; excellent for shady places in border and rock garden; fine plant for edging in shade.

	Three	Doz.	100
Sulphureum. A dwarf-growing plant suitable for a shady position in the rock garden or edge of border, with leathery, bronzy foliage and panicles of small, sulphur-yellow flowers in May	\$1.60	\$4.75	\$35.00
Violaceum. Similar to the above, with reddish violet flowers in May	1.60	4.75	35.00

ERIANTHUS (Plume Grass).

(See Grasses).

EREMURUS.

A complete collection of these is offered in our import bulb catalog. Prices and list of varieties will be sent on request.

ERIGERON (Fleabane).

A very effective genus of Michaelmas Daisy-like plants usually with pink and purple flowers. They flourish in any garden soil, are indispensable for groups and flower borders, and are excellent for cutting. June to August.

	Three	Doz.	100
Coulteri. Spreading masses of pure white flowers; very effective	\$0.55	\$1.50	\$10.00
Speciosus. 2 feet. June and July. Large, handsome blue flowers, violet tinted and yellow centers; fine for cutting .....	.55	1.50	10.00

ERINUS.

Alpinus roseus. Pretty rosettes of foliage and racemes of rosy purple flowers. A first rate rock plant and also invaluable for establishing on old walls or between steps. 4 inches. May-June .....	.75	2.00	15.00
Alpinus albus. White form of the above..	.75	2.00	15.00

ERODIUM (Heron's Bill).

Very choice and valuable race of plants belonging to the Geranium family. Prefer light, rich soil and sunny position. Perfectly hardy.

	Three	Doz.	100
Macradenum. Smooth, green foliage, so finely cut it has a lacy appearance. Small pink blossoms, streaked with black	\$1.60	\$4.75	\$35.00
Romanum. Silvery foliage with leaves simply cut. The flower stems are about six inches high, with heads of about six bright pink blossoms	1.60	4.75	35.00

ERYNGIUM (Sea Holly).

Finely cut, spiny foliage and thistle-like heads of flowers of a beautiful steel blue. Very decorative in the hardy border, and useful for dry bouquets in Winter.

	Three	Doz.	100
Amethystinum (syn. oliverianum). The true blue Thistle, with amethyst stems and bracts	\$0.75	\$2.00	\$15.00
Glaucum roseum. With heads of pink cones .....	.65	1.75	12.00
Planum. Branching heads of steel blue flowers; stems and bracts of a glistening metallic sheen .....	.55	1.50	10.00

ERYSIMUM (Hedge Mustard).

These plants do well in the front row of a border and on dry banks. They like full exposure to sunlight, and in the Spring months are completely covered with bright flowers.

	Three	Doz.	100
Pulchellum (Fairy Wallflower). Dwarf plant with sulphur-yellow flowers. Six inches high; good rock plant	\$0.65	\$1.75	\$12.00

EULALIA (See Grass).

EUPATORIUM (Hardy Ageratum).

Ageratoides (Thoroughwort). A useful border plant of strong, free growth, 3 to 3½ feet high, with minute white flowers in dense heads; splendid for cutting. August and September

.65 1.75 12.00

Coelestinum. A pretty, hardy plant, with light purple flowers similar to the ageratum; in flower from August until frost. 12 to 24 inches. Good cut flowers

.65 1.75 12.00

EUPHORBIA (Milkwort).

Corollata (Flowering Spurge). Showy and useful native plant growing about 18 inches high, and bearing from June till August umbels of pure white flowers with a small green eye

.65 1.75 12.00

Myrsinites. A pretty prostrate species, bluish foliage, with crowded heads of yellow flowers

.65 1.75 12.00

Polychroma (Epithymoides). A beautiful formal plant growing one foot high, forming a hemispherical clump covered with yellow flowers in May and June. Excellent border or rock plant. (Sold out for this season).

FERNS

HARDY VARIETIES

The cultivation of Hardy Ferns is remarkably simple. All they want is a light alluvial soil, a little loam and peat or leaf-mould sufficient to keep the soil light and open, plenty of moisture, position varying from partial to deep shade. The aspleniums and many others will grow on walls, chinks of rocks, etc. Many will revel in full sunshine in any ordinary border.

	Three	Doz.	100
Adiantum pedatum . (Hardy). (Maidenhair Fern). Most attractive of our native Ferns; black stems with delicate green fronds	\$0.65	\$1.75	\$12.00
Aspidium acrostichoides (Wood Fern). (Polystichum). An evergreen species with deep green, divided fronds. Should be planted in a shady position. 12 inches .....	.65	1.75	12.00
Aspidium spinulosum (Dryopteris spinulosa). Spinulosa Wood Fern. An evergreen variety that requires rich, well drained soil. 18 to 24 inches .....	.65	1.75	12.00
Asplenium filix-foemina . (Lady Fern). Grows in shade or sun. Large and handsome. 3 feet .....	.75	2.00	15.00
Dicksonia punctilobula (Dennstaedtia punctilobula). Hay-scented or Gossamer Fern. Grows well in either sun or shade. 18 to 24 inches. Very erect with broad fronds, of a soft, woolly texture. ....	.65	1.75	12.00
Onoclea sensibilis (Sensitive Fern). Requires wet places either in sun or shade. 12 inches .....	.65	1.75	12.00
Osmunda cinnamomea (Cinnamon Fern). Erect fronds, drooping at tips, with bright cinnamon colored spores at ends of fronds; a very conspicuous variety ..	.75	2.00	15.00
Osmunda Claytoniana (Interrupta). A distinct and very beautiful native species; foliage velvety green, with prominent brown spores in middle of fronds .....	.75	2.00	15.00
Osmunda regalis (The Royal Fern). Wonderful in damp, marshy places, where its rich yellowish green foliage and golden stems make very striking subjects .....	.75	2.00	15.00
Struthiopteris germanica . (The Ostrich Fern). A very graceful species with finely cut pinnules, growing 2 to 3 feet high .....	.75	2.00	15.00
Woodsia obtusa . Large rosettes of curious hoary foliage. Fronds 1 foot in length; very free growing .....	.75	2.00	15.00



Eupatorium Coelestinum.



Adiantum Pedatum.
One of our finest Ferns. Give it moisture and shade.



Ferns.



Funkia Variegata.



Gaillardia—Giant English Hybrids.



Gentiana Andrewsii.

FEVERFEW (*Matricaria*).

	Three	Doz.	100
Little Gem. A most useful border plant and valuable Summer cut flower, with large, double, white flowers. June until October. 18 to 24 inches	\$0.65	\$1.75	\$12.00
Golden Ball. Dwarf yellow form of above.	.65	1.75	12.00

FOXGLOVE (See *Digitalis*).

FUMARIA (See *Corydalis*).

FUNKIA (*Hosta*; Plantain Lily).

The Plantain Lilies are among the easiest plants to manage; their broad, massive foliage makes them attractive subjects for the border even when not in flower. They succeed equally well in sun or shade.

	Three	Doz.	100
Coerulea lanceolata. Broad green leaves; blue flowers from July to August	\$0.75	\$2.00	\$15.00
Glaucia. A very pretty Japanese species, with distinctive bluish foliage	1.20	3.50	25.00
Subcordata grandiflora. Very large, pure white, lily-shape, fragrant flowers in August and September .....	.85	2.50	18.00
Variegata. Variegated foliage; blue flowers. Beautiful edging plant .....	.65	1.75	12.00
Lancifolia. Long, narrow leaves, dull green, produced in abundance; lilac-blue flowers during July and August; excellent plant for shade and edging .....	.65	1.75	12.00

GAILLARDIA - Blanket Flower

Improved English Strain. We consider the Gaillardia one of the most desirable hardy plants in cultivation, and our strain of these brilliant flowered plants to be the finest extant. Though such an ornamental addition to the herbaceous border, the perennial Gaillardia is content with extremely simple treatment. Dig the soil deeply and enrich with well-rotted manure. We recommend the Gaillardia for bedding purposes as well as for borders. Everyone will have noticed how grandly Gaillardias have thriven through droughts; they seem hardly to need water. The gay blossoms are obtainable in perpetual profusion from June to November, and the greater the drought and scarcity of other flowers the more the utility of the perennial Gaillardia is demonstrated. No more beautiful and brilliant sight can be imagined than a large bed of Gaillardias, with their profusion of highly colored flowers of all shades. Some of the varieties of our improved strain measure fully four inches in diameter.

	Three	Doz.	100
Giant Hybrids. Introduced from England some few years ago. Large flowers; very fine strain	\$0.40	\$1.00	\$7.00

GALEGA (Goat's Rue).

Showy plants of the easiest culture and very useful in the hardy border. They form very bushy plants with attractive foliage and pea-shaped flowers. Fine for cutting.

	Three	Doz.	100
Officinalis nana rosea flore pleno. Very fine double pink variety; rather rare ...	\$0.55	\$1.50	\$10.00

GENTIANA (Blue Gentian).

Andrewsii. One of the most fascinating native plants. The flowers, which are tightly closed, are borne at the top of a stem from 6 to 8 inches long, and are an intense deep blue. Blooms best in moist places. July and October65	1.75	12.00
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Thibetica. Very hardy variety; creamy white; dwarf in habit	1.20	3.50	25.00
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GENISTA.

Sagittalis (Dwarf Prostrate Broom). Stems curiously winged like an arrow. Heads of yellow flowers, 6 inches high, flowering in June	1.20	3.50	25.00
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The Wayside Gardens Company, Mentor, Ohio

GERANIUM (Crane's Bill).

	Three	Doz.	100
Argenteum. Silvery leaved variety; good for hot, dry places in rock or wall garden	\$0.85	\$2.50	\$18.00
Ibericum. Handsome serrated foliage. Large lilac-blue flowers blooming all Summer; compact, bushy plants. 18 inches. (Sold out for this season).			
Pratense. Large blue flowers in pairs on stems 2½ feet high. Very handsome plant for border .....	.75	2.00	15.00
Pratense album. Very handsome white variety of the Meadow Crane's Bill .....	.75	2.00	15.00
Sanguineum. Attractive foliage and bright crimson flowers; 18 inches .....	.75	2.00	15.00
Sanguineum album. Fine rock plant; white form of the above .....	.75	2.00	15.00

GEUM (Avens).

Coccineum Mrs. Bradshaw (Chiloense). A splendid new variety, with large, double flowers of a fiery red, blooming nearly all Summer. Peculiarly attractive. 18 inches .....	.65	1.75	12.00
Lady Stratheden. A new introduction of great merit. Rich golden yellow blossoms, counterpart of G. Mrs. Bradshaw. Fine for hardy garden .....	.65	1.75	12.00



Geum, Lady Stratheden.

GRASSES, Hardy Ornamental

The ornamental Grasses can be used with telling effect in borders, large beds, or by the margin of ponds and lakes. They are often used with small shrubs and medium sized trees in wide borders. The Eulalias planted singly on lawns where the soil is deep and rich, take care of themselves and grow very rapidly into large specimens.

	Three	Doz.	100
Elymus glaucus (Blue Lime Grass). Handsome Grass with narrow, glaucous silvery foliage. Well adapted for the border or edge of beds with taller sorts. \$0.55	\$0.55	\$1.50	\$10.00
Erianthus ravennae (Plume Grass or Hardy Pampas). 10 to 12 feet high, frequently throwing up 30 to 50 flower spikes. Closely resembles Pampas Grass	1.00	3.00	20.00
Eulalia gracillima univittata (Japan Rush). Graceful habit, with very narrow foliage; of a bright green color, with a silvery midrib. 6 to 7 feet .....	.55	1.50	10.00
Eulalia japonica. Long, narrow, graceful green foliage, and when in flower the attractive plumes are 6 to 7 feet high..	.65	1.75	12.00
Eulalia japonica variegata. Very ornamental; long, narrow leaves, striped green, white, and often pink or yellow. .65	.65	1.75	12.00
Eulalia japonica zebrina (Zebra Grass). The long blades of this variety are marked with broad, yellow bands across the leaf. It makes a very attractive specimen plant for the lawn. 6 to 10 feet .....	.75	2.00	15.00
Festuca glauca (Blue Fescue Grass). 12 to 15 inches. Ornamental Grass. Grown for dense tufts of very narrow bluish leaves. Used for edgings or for contrast with darker foliage. Desirable for rock garden .....	.55	1.50	10.00
Pennisetum japonicum (Fountain Grass). A beautiful Grass whose flower heads are produced in the greatest profusion. Color rich mahogany, conspicuously tipped with white .....	.55	1.50	10.00
Phalaris arundinacea variegata (Variegated Ribbon Grass). Leaves longitudinally striped with white; very ornamental; sometimes run wild about old places. 18 inches .....	.50	1.25	8.00



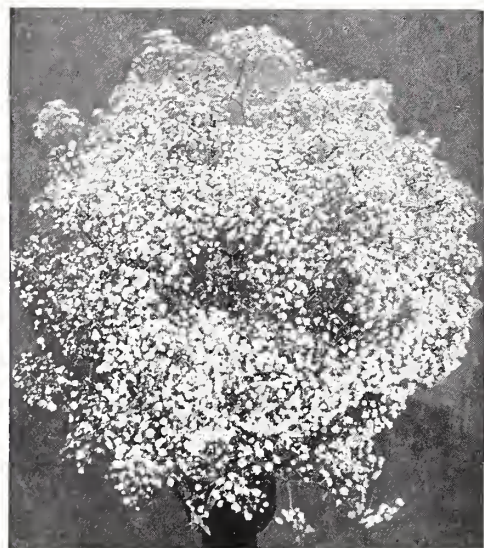
Geranium Argenteum.



Pampas Grass.



Helianthemum Superbum.



Gypsophila Paniculata.



Helianthus Multiflorus fl. pl.

GYPSOPHILA (Baby's Breath).

Very branching or spreading, slender plants, with scant foliage when in bloom. Of easiest culture in open, rather dry places. Desirable where a mass of delicate, misty bloom will fill in a bare place.

	Each	Doz.	100
Bristol Fairy. A wonderful new introduction, offered for the first time, and a great improvement over even the fine Snow White. Bristol Fairy produces much larger panicles of flowers, in which the individual blossom is larger, and of much purer white. It also flowers almost continuously throughout the Summer. Strong plants	\$0.75	\$7.50	\$50.00
	Three	Doz.	100
Paniculata compacta. When in bloom in August and September it forms a symmetrical mass 2 to 3 feet in height and as much through, of minute white flowers having a beautiful gauze-like appearance	\$0.40	\$1.00	\$7.00
Paniculata flore pleno. A light and graceful cut flower, compatible with all others, no matter of what shape or color; masses of minute double white flowers. (Plants offered are grafted, and we guarantee all plants sold to be double).	1.60	4.75	35.00
Repens. A beautiful trailing plant for the rockery, with clouds of small, white and pink flowers in July and August .....	.55	1.50	10.00
Repens rosea. A pale pink flowered form of the above variety; both lovely in the rock garden or in the dry wall .....	.55	1.50	10.00
Rokejeka (Acutifolia). Rose colored "Baby's Breath." Tall, graceful grower, and a wonderful cut flower .....	.55	1.50	10.00

HELENIUM - Sneezewort

Tall-growing plants closely allied to the Sunflower; bearing in late Summer and Fall great masses of large, daisy-like flowers in shades of yellow and orange.

	Three	Doz.	100
Autumnale superbum. Broad heads of deep golden yellow flowers in late Summer. Grows 5 to 6 feet high	\$0.65	\$1.75	\$12.00
Autumnale rubrum. A splendid new variety; deep bronze-red, changing to terra cotta. 5 to 6 feet. September. (Sold out for this season).			
Bigelovi. Quick growing, branching plants, 3 to 4 feet; quite showy during August with terminal clusters 1½ inches, deep yellow flowers; brown centered .....	.65	1.75	12.00
Pumilum magnificum. Large, golden yellow flowers; one of the most floriferous and useful border plants in cultivation. Early, flowering from July to October. Can be successfully used in place of Coreopsis where a more uniform type of plant is required. Height 12 to 18 inches. (Sold out for this season).			
Riverton Beauty. Pure lemon-yellow, with large disc of purplish black .....	.65	1.75	12.00
Riverton Gem (New). Old gold, suffused with bright terra cotta, changing to wallflower-red. August to October ....	.75	2.00	15.00

HELIANTHUS (Hardy Sunflower).

The perennial Sunflower should always be planted in masses, where they may have plenty of room, against backgrounds of shrubbery, or naturalized in wild gardens or woodlands. They produce a grand effect impossible to describe. In combination with hardy Asters, where broad color effects are wanted in late Summer, they have few equals. They are profuse bloomers, producing an unlimited supply of flowers for decoration.

	Three	Doz.	100
Maximiliani. The latest of all. Golden yellow flowers in graceful sprays in October. Fine for cutting. 6 feet	\$0.55	\$1.50	\$10.00
Mollis. An improved variety of Helianthus lactiflorus; of taller growth and having larger flowers. A decided improvement and most beautiful sort .....	.55	1.50	10.00
Multiflorus fl. pl. Clear yellow; closely resembling a Dahlia in shape and finish. 4 feet .....	.75	2.00	15.00
Sparcifolius. The best of the Summer-blooming varieties of hardy Sunflowers. Flowers 3 inches in diameter and freely produced. Plant grows 2 to 4 feet high, and spreads rapidly. Fine for the border, and for planting among shrubs ...	.55	1.50	10.00

HELIANTHEMUM (Rock or Sun Rose).

Low-growing evergreen plants, forming broad clumps, and which during their flowering season, July to September, are hidden by a mass of bloom; for the front of the border, the rockery, or a dry, sunny bank.

	Three	Doz.	100
Album plenum. Double white	\$0.65	\$1.75	\$12.00
Bride. Single white, silvery foliage .....	.80	2.25	17.00
Buttercup. Golden yellow; single .....	.65	1.75	12.00
Clara Middleton. Single; rich orange .....	.80	2.25	17.00
Fireball. Bright scarlet; double .....	.65	1.75	12.00
Macrantha. Single; white .....	.80	2.25	17.00
Mrs. Earle. Single; scarlet .....	.65	1.75	12.00
Praecox. Single; yellow, silvery foliage ..	.80	2.25	17.00
Rhodanthe carneum. Large, pink flowers, silvery foliage .....	.80	2.25	17.00
Rose Queen. Large, single pink flowers ..	.80	2.25	17.00
Sudbury Gem. Single, crimson-bronze ...	.80	2.25	17.00
Choice Mixed Varieties .....	.65	1.75	12.00

Helianthemums belong to the finest border or rock plants, but field grown plants should never be planted, as they are too hard to establish. We offer 3-inch pot plants ready to bloom, which establish easily.



Helianthemum.

HELIOPSIS (Hardy Zinnia).

Similar in general habit to Helianthus, but commencing to flower earlier in the season. July and August. Of dwarfer habit, rarely exceeding 3 feet in height. Very valuable for cutting.

	Three	Doz.	100
Pitcheriana. A desirable variety. The flowers are of a beautiful deep golden yellow, about two inches in diameter, very thick texture and a useful cut flower	\$0.55	\$1.50	\$10.00
Scabra excelsa. Chrome yellow flowers, turning to a bright yellow as they mature. These are almost double. The plant is about 3 feet high, and from mid-July to the end of September makes an effective display .....	.75	2.00	15.00



Heliopsis Pitcheriana.

HELLEBORUS (Christmas Rose).

	Each	Doz.
Niger. Very large white, solitary flower, sometimes flushed with purple. Excellent in rocky places. Leaves evergreen. Short plants. Easily forced 1 foot. Natural blooming period, February, March	\$1.00	\$11.00

HEMEROCALLIS (Yellow Day Lily).

Hemerocallis have long been favorites in our gardens, and are always included in any list of the most popular hardy plants. All of the varieties of Hemerocallis are desirable and beautiful. The tall, graceful, grass-like foliage is very handsome and sets off the charming lily-like flowers very effectively. They look particularly well naturalized along streams or on moist banks, and will thrive most luxuriantly in shade.

	Three	Doz.	100
Anrantiaea. A strong growing and free flowering variety, producing rich orange-yellow flowers	\$0.75	\$2.00	\$15.00
Dr. Regel. Handsome, rich orange-yellow flowers in May. Very fragrant. Fine for cutting. 1½ feet .....	.65	1.75	12.50
Flava (Lemon Lily). Sweet scented, clear full yellow; 2½ feet. Flowers in June. 1.00	3.00	20.00	
Florham. A strong grower, 3 to 3½ feet high, large, trumpet-shaped flowers; rich golden yellow, with Indian yellow markings. June and July	1.00	3.00	20.00
Fulva (Brown Day Lily). Coppery orange, shaded crimson. 3 feet. July .....	.55	1.50	10.00
Kwanso. Large, double-flowered variety with rich golden bronze flowers .....	.75	2.00	15.00
Middendorf major. A very striking variety, with huge, rich, orange-yellow flowers .....	.55	1.50	10.00
Thunbergi. Much like Flava, but flowers in July, a month later, and 6 to 10 inches of the upper portion of the flower scapes are thickened and flattened ..	.55	1.50	10.00



Hemerocallis—Day Lily.

The Wayside Gardens Company, Mentor, Ohio



Incarvillea Delavayi.



Heuchera, Wayside Gardens Hybrids.



Hibiscus (New Giant Strain).

HEPATICA (Wood Anemone).

	Three	Doz.	100
Coerulea. A pretty native, Spring-flowering plant, with blue flowers; prefers shade, but will do fairly well in any open situation in moist, rich loam. We offer large, established clumps, each consisting of 6 to 12 large crowns	\$0.55	\$1.50	\$10.00

HERNARIA.

Glabra. Prostrate creeper; excellent for planting between stones in terrace or between stepping stones; foliage moss-like, green shading to bronze in Winter.	1.00	3.00	20.00
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HESPERIS (Sweet Rocket).

Matronalis. 2 to 3 feet. June and July. Fragrant purple flowers in showy spikes. Desirable for wild garden, shrubbery or mixed border55	1.50	10.00
Matronalis alba. A white-flowered form of the above named sort. Also sweet scented and fine in the border .....	.55	1.50	10.00

HEUCHERA (Coralbells).

Beautiful plants for front row of borders, with slender, fairy-like spikes of richly colored flowers; most striking in the garden, light and graceful for cutting. Excellent in wall or rock garden.

	Three	Doz.	100
Brizoides. Has the same foliage and habit as <i>Heuchera sanguinea</i> , but the flower is pale pink, though three times as many flowers are produced. Blooms in May ..	\$1.20	\$3.50	\$25.00
Heuchera rosmondi. We have carefully tested several varieties of <i>Heuchera</i> in all the pink shades during the last few years, and we find that this is the most desirable of the coral-pink sorts. It is a strong grower, not subject to any blight, and produces an abundance of fine coral-pink blossoms on tall, strong stems, which last over two months	1.40	4.00	30.00
Perry's White. Pure white flowers which go well with the red and pink varieties, flowering from June to September	1.20	3.50	25.00
Sanguinea. 12 to 18 inches. June to September. Flowers bright crimson; very free-flowering. Nice for cutting. Excellent for rock garden	1.20	3.50	25.00
Sanguinea alba. Similar to the above, with white flowers	1.20	3.50	25.00
Wayside Gardens Hybrids. All shades of red and coral, pink, etc. This is our new mixture which is highly spoken of because of its fine coloring, large flowers, and the free-flowering habit of the plants	1.00	3.00	20.00

HIBISCUS, Mallow

Mallow Marvels. A robust type of upright habit, producing an abundance of flowers of enormous size in the richest shades of crimson, pink and white.

New Giant-Flowering Marshmallow. A wonderfully improved form of our greatly admired native Marshmallow or Rosemallow, in which not only the colors have been greatly intensified, but in which flowers of enormous size, frequently 10 to 12 inches in diameter, have been developed. Equally at home in all positions, having the same vigor in dry and wet ground; perfectly hardy and are very floriferous, blooming from early in July until late in September. They are the most beautiful and hardy of all herbaceous plants; their dignified spikes of huge blossoms make them indispensable for large groups and mixed borders. We offer three distinct colors.

	Three	Doz.	100
Hibiscus, Red, Pink or White. Strong, 3-year-old	\$0.65	\$1.75	\$12.00
Hibiscus, Red, Pink or White. Strong, 2-year-old .....	.55	1.50	10.00
Hibiscus, Mixed colors. 2-year old .....	.55	1.50	10.00
Hibiscus, Mixed colors. 4-year-old clumps.	.65	1.75	12.00

HOLLYHOCKS - Althea Rosea

The Hollyhock is an old garden favorite, full of sentiment and association with a distant past. They require a deep, rich soil and a sunny corner, but will repay by their gorgeous and lavish bloom all the attention bestowed upon them. Painters choose Hollyhocks as subjects for floral paintings oftener than any other flower. We suppose the reason for this is that artists recognize that the common single Hollyhock is one of the most stately, picturesque and beautiful plants in the world. We know of patches that have not been cultivated or disturbed in any way for twenty years. Some people think double Hollyhocks are more beautiful than single. They are mistaken, although the doubles are beautiful, but the singles are just as handsome. Hollyhocks planted in the Fall will bloom the following Summer.

	Three	Doz.	100
DOUBLE. Separate colors as follows:			
Bright Rose	\$0.50	\$1.25	\$8.00
Maroon .....	.50	1.25	8.00
Newport Pink .....	.50	1.25	8.00
Red .....	.50	1.25	8.00
White .....	.50	1.25	8.00
Yellow .....	.50	1.25	8.00
The above shades in mixed colors at....	.50	1.25	8.00

Prince of Orange. A new beautiful double orange colored Hollyhock offered for the first time75 2.00 15.00

New Allegheny. Immense semi-double flowers, with fringed edges50 1.25 8.00

SINGLE. Mixed50 1.25 8.00

HYACINTHUS CANDICANS (Galtonia).

(See page 70).

HYPERICUM (St. John's Wort).

Calycinum. Similar to the other varieties, except that it makes underground runners, which, when they come up, produce a beautiful carpet of green covered with large yellow blossoms. Is really a ground cover; hardiest of all; excellent variety 1.00 3.00 20.00

Henryi. The same as Moserianum, though slightly more upright in growth and much hardier and better suited for cold climates75 2.00 15.00

Moserianum. A most desirable border plant, of free and graceful habit, producing long, slender stems, drooping, apparently from the weight of the flowers and buds, although the flowers face so none of their beauty is lost. Color a rich golden yellow, and bloom continuously the entire season. 2 feet75 2.00 15.00

Reptans. Distinct trailing species from the Himalayas. Very large, soft yellow flowers, tinged reddish. Late Summer and Autumn. ½ inch. Wonderful rock plant 1.20 3.50 25.00

IBERIS (Hardy Candytuft).

Most desirable dwarf plants. 8 to 10 inches, with evergreen foliage, which is completely hidden with dense heads of flowers early in the Spring.

	Three	Doz.	100
Little Gem. Dwarf, pure white flowers in June. Glaucous blue foliage. Splendid rock or edging plant; perfectly hardy. 6 inches	\$1.00	\$3.00	\$20.00
Sempervirens. Very dwarf and covered with a sheet of white, a particularly fine rock plant.			
1-year-old plants .....	.65	1.75	12.00
2-year-old clumps .....	.75	2.00	15.00

INULA (Fleabane).

Golden Beauty. Free-flowering border plants with yellow flowers55 1.50 10.00

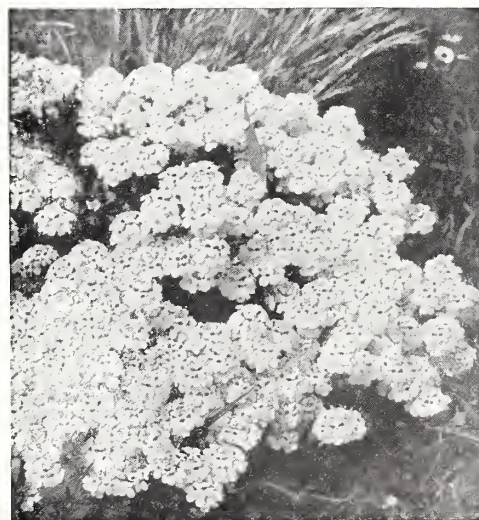
INCARVILLEA (Hardy Gloxinia).

Large, rich rose, Begonia-like flowers with deep yellow throats, produced all through the Summer. A hardy perennial which succeeds well in borders and is equally valuable for greenhouse decoration. Height 18 inches.

	Three	Doz.	100
Delavayi. Rose-pink flowers produced in large trusses	\$1.00	\$3.00	\$20.00



Double Hollyhocks. Giant Wayside Gardens strain.



Iberis Sempervirens.



Iris Germanica (Storm Cloud).



Iris Germanica, Ambassadeur.

Iris Germanica (German or Flag Iris)

The Iris is one of the finest, if not the finest, of our hardy plants. Not particular as to soil or location, but asking only that the sun shine on it. It throws up spikes of bloom that are marvelous in their delicacy of structure and the colorings which are exquisitely dainty are wonderful in their blendings and variety.

	Three	Doz.	100
Alcazar (Vilmorin, 1910). Certificate N. H. F., 1909; F. C. C. R. H. S., 1916. S. light, bluish violet; F. deep purple with bronze veined throat. Striking flower	\$0.85	\$2.50	\$18.00
Ambassadeur (Vilm., 1920). S. a fascinating smoky velvety purple color; F. velvety purple-maroon; beards and style yellow. A magnificent and regal flower of great substance. 48 inches	1.40	4.00	30.00
Archeveque (Vilmorin, 1911). Certificate, R. H. S., 1916. S. deep purple-violet; F. deep velvety violet. 24 inches .....	.65	1.75	12.00
Ballerine (Vilm., 1920). Pall. S. light blue-violet, broad and waved at the margin; F. a deeper shade; sweet scented. A splendid, tall, strong-growing Pallida form. 36 to 48 inches Each, 60c.			
Ben Bow (Bliss, 1917). A deep violet-blue self. Large flowers on tall, well developed stems. 3 feet	1.40	4.00	30.00
Brooksiana . Charming flowers of neat form, self-colored delicate rose-lilac, without veining. Beautiful in masses..	.40	1.00	5.00
Caprice (Vilmorin, 1904). Certificate, N. H. F., 1916. S. rosy red; F. deeper rosy red. Large and handsome. 24 inches..	.45	1.10	6.00
Cecil Minturn (New). Soft Cattleya rose. A beautiful flower with broad petals, gracefully waved and crinkled; one of the finest Irises for size and extreme beauty .....	.65	1.75	12.00
Crusader (Foster, 1913). One of the finest lavender-blue varieties, the falls being a deeper tone than the standards. A tall, strong grower with very large flowers of good substance	1.00	3.00	20.00
Dominion (Bliss, 1917). Perhaps the most famous of all Iris. An excellent breeder whose seedlings are among the finest novelties. S. Dauphin's blue or light bluish violet, large, erectly held, well developed; F. of exceptional substance, deep rich indigo purple. Very velvety texture	Each, \$7.00.		
Fairy (Kennicott, 1905). White, delicately bordered and suffused pale blue. The tallest standard variety giving a white effect. Not new but not known or appreciated as it should be. 40 inches ..	.65	1.75	12.00
Golden Imperial . The greatest golden yellow Iris known; might be called the Golden Pallida Dalmatica. Limited stock.	Each, 75c.		
Helge . Lemon-yellow with pearl shading. Huge flower .....	.40	1.00	5.00
Isoline . Round standards of pale pinkish buff, strongly flushed mauve; the sharply reflexed falls are Chinese violet with russet tints at the sides; bewildering shades but most attractive	1.40	4.00	30.00
Jeanne d'Arc (Verdier, 1907). S. very large and ruffled, somewhat spreading, white, delicately penciled lilac; F. white edged lilac at base. The standards being somewhat loosely held, flutter in the breezes in a truly delightful manner ...	.65	1.75	12.00
King of Iris (Goos & Koenemann, 1907). A. M., R. H. S., 1916. S. clear lemon-yellow; F. rich maroon, bordered yellow. Brilliant colors. Large flowers. Very fine. 24 inches .....	.65	1.75	12.00
Lent. A. Williamson . Rated in 1922 by the American Iris Society as the finest Iris in the world. S. Campanula blue-violet; F. rich royal purple with yellow beard. Very tall and distinct	1.00	3.00	20.00
Lord of June . S. lavender-blue; F. rich violet-purple. A magnificent variety of gigantic size	1.60	4.75	35.00

The Wayside Gardens Company, Mentor, Ohio

IRIS GERMANICA—Continued.

	Three	Doz.	100
Mme. Chobaut (Denis, 1916). 36 inches. A clover-scented Plicata type. Prussian red with light brownish veins, on a pale chalcedony ground. One of the most beautiful of all Iris Each, 50c.			
Madame Chereau. White, elegantly frilled with a wide border of clear blue \$0.40	\$1.00	\$5.00	
Monsignor. It possesses a distinctive and pleasing shape, rich coloring and a dark outline to the segments for emphasis. Standards violet; falls heavily veined purple, leaving a border of the violet; late to flower ..... .45	1.10	6.00	
Mrs. Alan Gray. A delicate lavender-pink that appears pinker in the shadow, a variety of rather early bloom ..... .40	1.00	5.00	
Mrs. Walter Brewster (Vilm. 1922). A good light toned semi-bicolor. S. lavender-blue; F. aniline blue. Vigorous and free. Each, 70c.			
Midnight. A rich, deep purple, the finest in this color; a fine cut flower ..... .65	1.75	12.00	
Mother of Pearl. Standards and falls pale bluish lavender with a faint creamy undertone. Large flowers of exceptional substance and perfect form on well branched stems. Vigorous in growth and producing its wonderful flowers freely.. 1.00	3.00	20.00	
Mollere (Vilm., 1920). S. violet-blue; F. deep rich velvety violet, veined brown. Beard yellow. Flower darker, but as good as Magnifica though not so tall. 30 inches 1.40	4.00	30.00	
Nibelungen (Goos & Koenemann, 1910). S. fawn, and yellow; F. violet-purple on bronze. Very large flowers; strong, vigorous grower ..... .45	1.10	6.00	
Nuee d'Orange (Verdier, 1905). (syn., Storm Cloud). Cert. N. H. F., 1905. S. slaty gray; F. bronze and purple. Large flowers. 24 inches ..... .40	1.00	5.00	
Opera (Vilm., 1916). A rich violet-red bicolor. S. bright rich pansy violet; F. rich velvety violet-purple. Vigorous and free. Very striking and much admired. 1.75	5.00	40.00	
Oriflamme (Vilmorin, 1904). Cert. N. H. F., 1905; A. M., R. H. S., 1916. S. light blue; F. rich violet-purple. Immense, handsome flowers of Ames form, 30 inches ..... .65	1.75	12.00	
Pallida Dalmatica, Princess Beatrice. This is the true type of Pallida Dalmatica and still one of the most attractive and satisfactory all around varieties, with flowers of large size; both standards and falls of a clear lavender-blue shading to a pale silvery blue at the base and sweetly scented. It is of strong, vigorous growth, over three feet high with unusually heavy glaucous foliage ..... .85	2.50	18.00	
Pallida Dalmatica, folis variegatis. This beautiful variety is conspicuous on account of its striking variegated foliage, which is of a glaucous green with broad bands of creamy yellow, every leaf being well marked; it is of free growth, attains a height of 2 feet and is very attractive, even when not in flower; its blooms are of a clear lavender-blue the same as its parent Each, \$1.00.			
Prosper Laugier (Verdier, 1914). Cert., N. H. F., 1905; A. M. R. H. S., 1916. S. light bronze-red; F. velvety ruby-purple, with white beard yellow tipped. Very handsome. Vigorous growth. 36 inches. .45	1.10	6.00	
Princess Victoria Louise (Goos & Koenemann, 1910). S. sulphur-yellow; F. rich plum, bordered cream. 30 inches ..... .40	1.00	5.00	
Prospero (Yeld, 1920). A large blended violet bicolor with smoothly rounded falls. In a class with Asia, which it resembles in shape. S. pale lavender, flushed yellow at base; F. deep red-purple with light shading at margin. 4 feet Each, 60c.			



Lord of June.



Caprice.

The Wayside Gardens Company, Mentor, Ohio



Iris Pumila in Rock Garden.



Iris Cristata.



Iris Spuria.

IRIS GERMANICA—Continued.

	Three	Doz.	100
Queen Caterina (Sturt.). A midseason variety of a beautiful clear orchid-purple veined with brilliant gold; the whole being further enhanced with a bright orange beard, producing at least twice as many flowers as Pallida Dalmatica	\$1.00	\$3.00	\$20.00
Rhein Nixe (Goos & Koenemann, 1910). A. M., R. H. S., 1916. S. white; F. violet blue with white edge. Tall and large. Very fine. Strong grower. 30 inches ..	.65	1.75	12.00
Storm Cloud. (See Nuee d'Orange).			
Seminole (Farr, 1920). S. dark violet-rose; F. rich velvety crimson, brilliant orange beard. We consider this the finest of the red toned Iris we have seen. Rich in color and a wonderful variety	1.20	3.50	25.00
Shekinah (Sturt.). A delightful shade of pale yellow shading to amber in the throat, with a lemon colored beard. This is a true yellow Pallida, and the first of the type. A most uncommon and very handsome variety	1.20	3.50	25.00
Sherwin-Wright. In this we have a good vigorous growing, free-flowering, golden yellow Iris Germanica. The plants grow about two feet high; the flowers, which are produced in lavish profusion, are of splendid texture and stand well above the foliage, and are of a rich golden yellow without markings or shadings; the best yellow .....	.85	2.50	18.00
Souvenir de Mme. Gaudichau (Millet, 1914). A rich, deep velvety purple Iris; of fine shape and finish. Tall, early, and very distinct. One of the most striking and remarkable of all. 42 inches	2.00	6.00	50.00
Trianon (Vilm., 1921). A pale, pinkish buff self. F. flushed purplish lilac. Distinct. Vigorous. 30 inches	1.20	3.50	25.00

IRIS - Species

Some very interesting sorts are here listed and described; many of them splendid for naturalizing and large, permanent plantings.

	Three	Doz.	100
Cristata (Evansia). A dainty native creeping species, only 3 inches in height; flowers rich amethyst-blue; a gem for the rock garden. May	\$0.75	\$2.00	\$15.00
Ochroleuca Gigantea. Forms large clumps succeeding in almost any position, producing late in May numerous 3 foot high stems with an abundance of very distinct creamy yellow flowers .....	.85	2.50	18.00
Tectorum. A beautiful species from the Orient with delicately crested blue flowers; this is the Roof Iris of Japan where it is grown on the thatched roofs of the cottages. 12 inches high. (Sold out for this season).			

IRIS PUMILA.

These beautiful little Irises do not grow over 4 inches high, and bloom in April and May. They are fine for bordering flower beds or planting in front of the tall Irises.

	Three	Doz.	100
Sambo. Dark violet-blue	\$0.75	\$2.00	\$15.00
Excelsa. A splendid pale lemon-yellow ..	.85	2.50	18.00
Fairy. Pale blue, very dwarf .....	.85	2.50	18.00
Schneecuppe. A large, showy, pure white. .55	1.50	10.00	

IRIS SIBIRICA (Siberian Iris).

Vigorous, free-flowering varieties of the easiest culture; fine for the flower border, for naturalizing and for waterside planting.

	Three	Doz.	100
Orientalis White. Similar to the Sibirica varieties but not so tall	\$0.55	\$1.50	\$10.00
Perry's Blue. Very large, clear blue flowers on stout, stiff stems, a vigorous free grower and very free-flowering, one of the best for cutting	1.20	3.50	25.00
Snow Queen. An exquisite new, hardy Iris; the flowers are of a snowy whiteness, large and well formed, produced in great abundance; foliage light and graceful. A gem for flower border or waterside. 3 feet high .....	.55	1.50	10.00
Superba. Large, violet-blue flowers; handsome foliage. Fine border plant and a grand subject for planting near water, where it blooms profusely .....	.50	1.50	10.00

IRIS KAEMPFERI - Japanese Iris

The magnificent Iris Kaempferi belong to the Apogons, and a field of them in bloom is a most gorgeous sight. Seeing them for the first time, one cannot withhold an exclamation of surprise, and having once seen can never forget their striking beauty.

Late plantings should be protected by a light covering of straw or leaves after the ground is permanently frozen to prevent roots from being heaved out of ground by frost. Plant in Spring, or September and October.

Three Doz. 100

Albatross. Beautiful pure white, double-flowered. The finest of all double white sorts. Large, strong, pure flowers with high tufts in the center	\$0.75	\$2.00	\$15.00
Azure. Double. Immense flower, exquisitely waved; mauve-blue, darker halo surrounding yellow blotch at base of petals. ....	.75	2.00	15.00
Catherine Parry. Double. Blue, overlaid rosy red; high tufts in center .....	.75	2.00	15.00
Clarice Childs. Single. Petunia-violet; conspicuous yellow center surrounded with blue cast. Large	1.00	3.00	20.00
Columbia. Double blue with pure white veins, yellow center; a striking variety of unusual strength .....	.75	2.00	15.00
Doris Childs. Double. Pearl-white deeply veined rosy plum. Center petals deep plum edged white	1.00	3.00	20.00
Dream. Large single white flowers delicately veined. The standards are a rich reddish violet with white edges	1.20	3.25	25.00
Eleanor Parry. Double. Claret-red, flamed white and blue. Compact, medium sized. ....	.75	2.00	15.00
Fascination. Double. Blue, lightly veined white, pink tinge. Beautiful variety ...	.75	2.00	15.00
Gold Bound. A fine double, pure white; creamy glow at the gold-banded center..	.75	2.00	15.00
Kumo-No-Obi (Band of Cloud). Lower and upper petals nearly equal size. Bright, clear purple, with distinct rays and halo of white surrounding the golden throat, white standards tipped purple .....	.75	2.00	15.00
Koko-No-Iro. Six large, royal purple petals, with a yellow center, radiating into lines. Most brilliant Iris .....	.75	2.00	15.00
La Favorite. Large, fine; white freely veined blue, and a rich purple center ...	.75	2.00	15.00
Lavender Giant. Extremely large, single lavender-blue flowers, freely produced on strong stems	1.60	4.75	35.00
Mahogany. Large double flowers, the latest to bloom. Purpled mahogany-red. The erect petals prettily crested	1.00	3.00	20.00
Marjorie Parry. Double. Delicate light mauve. Extra fine	1.00	3.00	20.00
Matchless. Large, double mauve flowers, heavily veined blue with rich blue blotch around yellow center	1.40	4.00	30.00
Minerva. Single. Pink tinted rose .....	.75	2.00	15.00
Mount Hood. Double. Light blue shaded darker, bright orange center .....	.75	2.00	15.00
Mystery. Large, single, light lilac flower; deep purple veins with high tufted standards. Yellow center. Very unique.	1.20	3.50	25.00
Patrocle. Single. Superb dark reddish violet .....	.75	2.00	15.00
Purple and Gold. Double; early, free blooming. Rich violet-purple with white petaloids, tipped violet. Conspicuous golden throat with bluish white rays ..	.75	2.00	15.00
President Harding. Double or six-petaled; heavy, thick-petaled flowers produced when all other Japanese Iris are out of bloom. Flowers very massive; fine light blue with darker shadings. We believe this one of the best Japanese Iris grown.	1.40	4.00	30.00
Pyramid. Double. Violet-purple veined white in center of each petal .....	.75	2.00	15.00
Queen of the Blues. Pale delft blue veined white. Six petals. Handsome flower ..	1.00	3.00	20.00
Red Riding Hood. A fine single amaranth, veined and suffused white. A color combination hard to find	1.00	3.00	20.00
Reine des Bulgares. Deep blue shading with age to light blue with white veins. A very fine and free-growing plant ...	.75	2.00	15.00
Shadow. Single. Self color, reddish purple. Very large and fine blossoms ....	.75	2.00	15.00
Tora-Odori (Dancing Tiger). Vinous purple, speckled and splashed gray. Six petals .....	.75	2.00	15.00
T. S. Ware. Double. Reddish violet flowers of large size, beautifully veined white; center white, lemon-yellow markings ..	1.00	3.00	20.00
Mixed Colors. Both single and double varieties. Splendid mixture of the choicest Japanese varieties .....	.55	1.50	10.00

We will supply one root each of any variety you may select at one-third the price of three.



Iris Kaempferi—Japanese Iris.



Iris Sibirica—Siberian Iris.



Leontopodium—Edelweiss.
No rock garden is complete without this plant.



Liatris Pycnostachya.



Linum Narbonne.

LACTUCA.

	Three	Doz.	100
Perennis. A charming little low-growing plant suitable for the border or rock garden; light blue flowers freely produced. 14 inches high	\$1.20	\$3.50	\$25.00

LATHYRUS (Everlasting Sweet Pea).

Latifolius. These Everlasting Peas are but little known in this country, but are great favorites in England. They are extremely showy and fine. Charming climbers for covering trellises, arbors, etc.

	Three	Doz.	100
Pink Beauty. Large racemes of pleasing deep rose flowers	\$0.50	\$1.25	\$8.00
Red. The well known red Everlasting Pea. ....	.50	1.25	8.00
White Pearl. A great improvement on the older white variety, the stems giving from 12 to 15 flowers each .....	.50	1.25	8.00

LAVANDULA (Lavender).

Nana. Is a very fine new dwarf English introduction. Good for edging and planting between roses .....	.85	2.50	18.00
Vera. This is the true Sweet Lavender; grows about 18 inches high; delightfully fragrant blue flowers in July and August .....	.85	2.50	15.00
Bowles' Early. A very fine strain of early-flowering lavender, producing long spikes of flowers .....	.85	2.50	18.00

LEONTOPODIUM (Edelweiss).

Alpinum. A well known Alpine with pretty white leaves and small yellow flowers which are surrounded by star-like heads of leaves, clothed with a dense white, woolly substance. A splendid plant for the rock garden. 4 to 5 inches. June to August. Supplied in pots only	1.00	3.00	20.00
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LIATRIS (Blazing Star or Gay Feather).

Pycnostachya. The popular name of this plant is Kansas Gay Feather. Nothing can be planted that will attract more attention on account of its unusual appearance; but it is beautiful as well as odd. It blooms in midsummer and throws up long, narrow spikes of rich purple flowers, which last a long time. A peculiarity of this plant is its great attraction for butterflies75	2.00	15.00
Spicata. Similar to Pycnostachya, somewhat earlier in bloom and not quite so tall .....	.75	2.00	15.00

LILY-OF-THE-VALLEY (See Convallaria, page 15).

LINARIA (Toad Flax).

Cymbalaria (Kenilworth Ivy, or Mother of Thousands). Lavender and purple. A charming, neat, hardy perennial trailing plant, suitable for rock work and wall gardens65	1.75	12.00
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LINUM (Flax).

A desirable plant for the border or rockery, growing 2 feet high, with light, graceful foliage and large flowers all Summer.

	Three	Doz.	100
Alpinum. A rare species from the Dauphine, of prostrate growth with showers of pale blue blossoms throughout the Summer	\$1.20	\$3.50	\$25.00
Flavum. Fine variety with transparent, yellow blossoms .....	.55	1.50	10.00
Narbonnese. Forms a spreading clump of attractive foliage with a profusion of azure-blue flowers with white eye. Very handsome for the rockery .....	.65	1.75	12.00
Perenne. Very attractive, both in foliage and bloom. Flowers beautiful pale blue on slender, graceful stems .....	.55	1.50	10.00
Perenne alba. White form of the above ..	.55	1.50	10.00

Lilies

Hardy Garden Varieties

There is a notion that Lilies are "hard to grow." Some of the rarer species are, it is true; they not only stubbornly refuse to make themselves at home in the garden, unless conditions are precisely to their liking, but some of them cannot endure the northern Winter without the necessary covering of litter, which many other tender plants require. Unless one goes in for Lilies to the extent of making a hobby of them, however, these can all be left to the collector and there will be quite enough species remaining to give one a Lily season in the three months duration of which loveliness follows loveliness with breaks of only relatively brief length. We say species for the reason that the Lilies in cultivation show an exceptionally low percentage of horticultural varieties. Possibly because Nature made every species perfect to begin with, the hand of the hybridizer has been loath to endeavor to "paint the Lily," as it were.

DELIVERY—This depends upon the arrival of the bulbs from our foreign sources. Many get here too late for Autumn planting, thus necessitating carrying over the bulbs until Spring. Those marked (**) should be planted in the Fall only; those marked (*) may be planted in Spring or Fall, preferably the latter; all the others are for Spring delivery.

	Three	Doz.	100
Auratum (Gold-Banded Japan Lily). Undoubtedly one of the finest. Its large graceful, fragrant flowers are composed of six petals of a delicate ivory-white color, thickly studded with chocolate-crimson spots and striped through the center a golden yellow; 3 to 5 feet. July to September.			
Large bulbs	\$0.80	\$3.00	\$25.00
Mammoth bulbs	1.40	4.00	30.00
Auratum platyphyllum . Also called "Macranthum." This is a robust growing form; the stem is stouter and attains a greater height; the leaves are much broader; enormous flowers, white, richly spotted yellow. Undoubtedly the choicest of all.			
Large bulbs .....	.80	3.00	35.00
Mammoth bulbs	1.40	4.00	45.00
Auratum rubro-vittatum . Similar to the above but the flowers are dark rose-pink. (Sold out for this season).			
Auratum pictum . Is another splendid form of Auratum and fortunately a stronger grower	1.75	6.00	50.00
Batemanniae . Strong stems with 5 to 10 flowers of a reddish orange color. July-August. 3 to 4 feet	1.00	3.50	25.00
Browni odorum . A vigorous grower with large, trumpet-shaped flowers of clear white, veined outside with purplish maroon	7.50	27.00	180.00
*Carolinianum . A showy Lily with slender stems, bearing reflexed, orange-red flowers, spotted maroon. Requires a well drained situation. July-August. 2 to 3 feet	1.00	3.50	25.00
*Canadense . Our dainty, beautiful native Lily. Graceful and charming flowers ..	.75	2.00	15.00
**Candidum (Madonna or Annunciation Lily). This is the old-fashioned garden Lily, and one of the most beautiful. Ready in September only. First size ..	.75	2.00	15.00
Chalcedonicum (Scarlet Turk's Cap Lily). The flowers are in large clusters with recurved, bright scarlet petals. A handsome and attractive Lily; in fact, the most brilliant Lily grown. July. 3 to 4 feet	7.50	27.00	180.00
Colchicum (Scovitzianum). A beautiful lemon-yellow Lily, produced in pyramidal clusters of drooping, waxlike flowers. June. 4 to 5 feet	3.00	10.00	95.00
*Davuricum (Umbellatum). This beautiful Lily comes from the home of L. Tenuifolium in Siberia. It resembles a native Philadelphicum. It is of easy culture, grows two or three to five upright scarlet flowers, dotted black .....	.75	2.00	15.00
Elegans . (See Thunbergianum, page 35).			
Giganteum (Himalayicum). 5 to 7 feet. July and August. Most majestic of all the Lilies. White, fragrant, funnel-shaped flowers; easily grown. (Sold out for this season).			



Lilium Davuricum (Umbellatum).



Lilium Auratum.
Likes a cool, moist spot in the garden.



Lilium Canadense.



Lilium Giganteum Himalayicum.



Lilium Candidum.
Plant with Delphiniums for a fine effect.



Lilium Regale.

LILIES—Continued.

	Three	Doz.	100
* Grayi. A native Lily with deep red flowers. One of the finest for planting in shady places. Small, rich red flowers, spotted maroon. July. 3 to 4 feet	\$1.00	\$3.00	\$20.00
Hansoni. Most desirable; not particular in its cultural requirements and extremely handsome in flower; does well in light loam. Plant among shrubs and low plants to protect young shoots, this being one of the earliest Lilies to appear in the Spring. The stem reaches a height of 4 to 5 feet, carrying blossoms 2 inches across, regularly reflexed, the petals being of a bright orange spotted more or less with brown, of a waxy texture. Admirable for pot culture. June flowering	1.40	4.00	45.00
* Henryi. A new Japanese Lily that has made a sensation in Europe. It has the same form and appearance as the speciosum varieties, but the flowers are bright orange-yellow. They are as hardy as a tree. Easily grown and permanent	1.90	7.50	55.00
** Humboldtii magnificum. Stout, erect stem, with whorls of leaves at regular intervals. Numerous drooping flowers borne in loose, triangular clusters of brilliant golden yellow, spotted with purple on the reflexed petals; showy; prefers deep, peaty soil, but will grow in any well drained soil, which must be deep, for the roots go straight down. It produces a splendid flowering plant. Height 5 feet. Base-roots; fall planting; 4 inches deep; June-July flowering. Extra strong bulbs	2.00	6.00	50.00
Krameri. Unique for its color and grows from 2 to 4 feet high. The funnel-shaped, finely formed flowers are 6 inches or more in length and as much across, of a beautiful clear pink color, often shaded blush	1.40	4.00	30.00
Martagon (Dalmaticum, Turk's Cap Lily). A handsome Lily, bearing clusters of purple, waxlike flowers. Thrives best in partial shade. June. 5 feet	1.00	3.50	25.00
* Pardalinum (Leopard Lily). Flowers reflexed, bright yellow at base, spotted brownish purple, remainder orange-scarlet. 3 to 4 feet. July and August ..	.85	3.00	20.00
Parryi. Distinct, beautiful; grows from 4 to 6 feet high and the slender stems bear several funnel-shaped flowers of soft yellow, with conspicuous brown anthers, delicately fragrant. A partially shaded place sheltered from winds, and moist, well drained peaty soil suits it well; easily cultivated but not very strong grower. Base-roots; fall planting; 4 inches deep. July flowering. Selected bulbs	2.60	9.00	65.00
* Philadelphicum. A handsome native Lily with yellow, cup-shaped flowers, spotted maroon and shaded orange at ends of petals. Good for naturalizing. July. 3 feet. Large bulbs .....	.75	2.00	15.00
Pomponicum. A brilliant red Turk's Cap Lily. Much like Chalcedonicum, but with the heads of flowers rather more loosely arranged. June. 3 to 4 feet ..	3.00	11.00	95.00
Pyrenaicum (Yellow Turk's Cap Lily). A Lily of easy cultivation, with many small, yellow flowers, dotted brown. Reflexed petals. June. 3 feet	1.50	5.75	45.00
* Regale or myriophyllum (The Regal Lily). It is absolutely hardy, and is excellent for forcing. It has been predicted that this will become the Easter Lily of the future, and being so hardy, may be grown at home. The flowers are white, slightly suffused with pink, with a beautiful shade of canary-yellow at the center, and extending part way up the trumpet. It is delightfully perfumed, reminding one of the Jasmine, and lacking the heavy, oppressive odor of most Lilies. Blooms out-of-doors early in July. Strong bulbs, 5 to 6 inches in circumference	1.00	3.00	20.00
Strong bulbs. 6 to 7 inches in circumference	1.40	4.00	30.00

The Wayside Gardens Company, Mentor, Ohio

LILIES—Continued.

	Three	Doz.	100
Rubellum. Beautiful small Lily. The color varies from a deep rose-pink to almost white, with yellow anthers; very fragrant, small funnel-shaped flowers; grows 1½ feet high. It does best in light soil	\$1.00	\$3.50	\$25.00
Speciosum album. The Speciosum or Lancifolium are the most important of all the Japanese Lilies, always satisfactory. The variety here offered has large, white flowers of great substance, with a greenish band running through the center of each petal.			
Large bulbs	1.45	5.00	40.00
Speciosum magnificum. Magnificent large flowers of a rich deep red.			
Large bulbs	1.00	3.50	25.00
Mammoth bulbs	1.40	4.00	30.00
Speciosum Melpomene. A darker shade of red and crimson markings than the preceding.			
Large bulbs	1.00	3.50	25.00
Mammoth bulbs	1.40	4.00	30.00
*Superbum. 3 to 4 feet. July. Flowers bright reddish orange, conspicuously spotted; easily grown and permanent ...	.65	1.50	10.00
*Testaceum (Excelsum or Nankeen Lily). This is one of the finest of all Lilies. The color is difficult to describe, being a shading of dull apricot with orange-yellow anthers. A most graceful Lily and a good companion to L. candidum. June-July. 5 feet. Extra large flowering bulbs; easily grown and permanent. Fall delivery only	6.00	22.00	150.00
**Tenuifolium. A small, slender growing Lily not more than 18 inches high, with bright scarlet flowers and recurved petals. One of the prettiest little Lilies in cultivation. Early June. 12 to 18 inches	1.00	3.50	25.00
**Golden Gleam. A beautiful type of L. tenuifolium, with flowers of a beautiful apricot shade. A free and vigorous grower	1.45	5.00	40.00
Thunbergianum (elegans). Very hardy, dwarf Lilies thriving in any garden and producing large, erect flowers of various shades of yellow, orange and red. All varieties grow from 1½ to 2 feet and bloom during June and July.			
Mixed colors .....	.90	3.00	20.00
Thunbergianum (elegans) Alice Wilson. A clear lemon-yellow form of the above. Very attractive	1.40	4.00	30.00
Thunbergianum (elegans) atrosanguineum. A very dark form of elegans. Inside of petals a deep, velvety crimson and outside showing a golden luster .....	.85	3.25	22.00
*Tigrinum flore pleno (The Double Tiger Lily). The only double Tiger Lily worth growing .....	.80	3.00	20.00
*Tigrinum simplex (The well known Single Tiger Lily). Of easiest culture and worthy of general planting on account of stateliness .....	.80	3.00	20.00
Umbellatum (See Davuricum).			
*Wallacei. A handsome Lily of a beautiful shade of the warmest apricot with rosy shading. August. 1½ to 2 feet. (Sold out for this season).			
*Washingtonianum. A beautiful Lily from California, with large, reflexed flowers, varying in color from light to a rich wine color, slightly spotted deeper. This variety requires a moist but well drained situation. June-July. 3 to 5 feet. Extra large bulbs	2.00	6.00	50.00

If you order a general collection of Lilies, do not expect to receive them all together in one shipment. Lilies are imported from Russia, Japan, China, Holland, England, and some are American sorts. You can readily see that owing to climatic conditions and the nature of the bulbs, delivery periods vary.



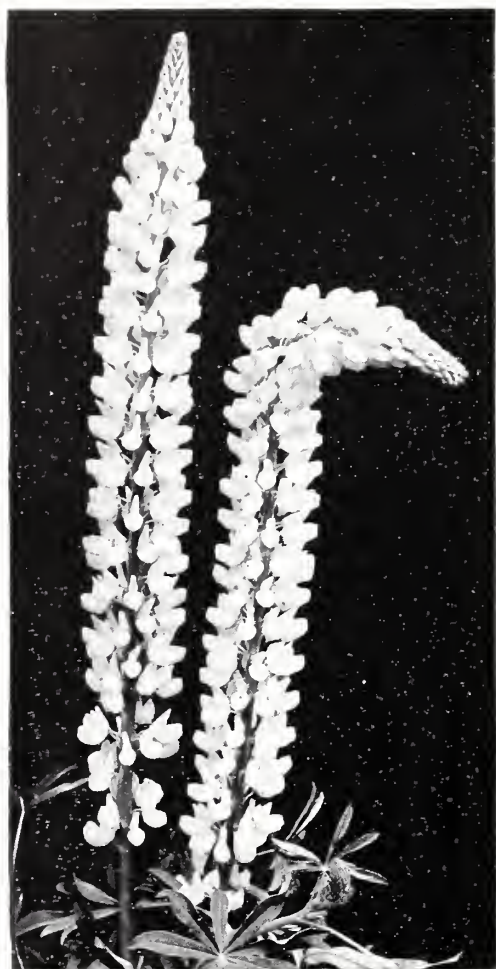
Lilium Tigrinum.



Lilium Browni.



Lilium Speciosum Magnificum.



Lupinus.



Lychnis Viscaria Splendens.

LOBELIA (Indian Paintbrush).

Handsome border plants thriving in any ordinary garden soil, but preferring a moist, deep loam. Season August till late September.

	Three	Doz.	100
Cardinalis (Cardinal Flower). Rich, fiery cardinal flowers. Strong plants, often producing 10 to 18 spikes. 24 to 30 inches long	\$0.65	\$1.75	\$12.00
Syphilitica (Great Blue Lobelia). Similar in growth to the last, but the flowers are blue, streaked with white. Plant in a moist place. Desirable for border of brook or lake .....	.65	1.75	12.00

LONICERA (Honeysuckle, see page 57).

LUPINUS - Lupines

The Lupines produce beautiful long spikes of pea-shaped flowers a foot long on stems three feet high. They are perfectly hardy but cannot endure drought, and must be planted in well prepared garden soil and kept watered in dry weather.

	Three	Doz.	100
Wayside Gardens New Sweet-Scented Hybrids (Polyphyllus). A wonderful new strain that may be classed among the most beautiful of all hardy flowers. Colors are both rich and delicate in shades of blue, mauve, pink, etc., and the flowers are borne in long spikes that for size and beauty rival giant Snapdragons. The added novelty of being sweet scented, makes these one of the best garden plants we have ever distributed	\$0.65	\$1.75	\$12.00
Polyphyllus (Hardy Lupine). Clear blue. 3 to 4 feet. June-September .....	.65	1.75	12.00
Polyphyllus albus . A white variety .....	.65	1.75	12.00
Polyphyllus roseus . A splendid new variety, with flowers of beautifully shaded rose .....	.65	1.75	12.00
Polyphyllus, Mixed .....	.50	1.50	10.00

NEW NAMED HYBRID LUPINES

Polyphyllus, Moerheimi . Pink .....	.75	2.00	15.00
Polyphyllus, Tunic . Deep pink .....	.75	2.00	15.00
Polyphyllus, Sunshine . Yellow .....	.85	2.50	18.00
Polyphyllus, May Princess . Deep violet-blue spikes .....	.75	2.00	15.00
Polyphyllus, Ruby King . Ruby red .....	.75	2.00	15.00

LYCHNIS (Campion).

A fine old-fashioned flower, bearing large heads of brilliantly colored flowers, that liven up the border during Summer and early Autumn.

	Three	Doz.	100
Alpina . Dwarf, rose-pink	\$0.75	\$2.00	\$15.00
Chalcedonica . Heads of vivid scarlet flowers, blooming a long time. One of the brightest plants in the hardy border. 3 feet .....	.55	1.50	10.00
Haageana . 1 foot. June to August. Very showy, producing orange-red, scarlet or crimson flowers nearly 2 inches across..	.65	1.75	12.00
Viscaria flore pleno . A fine double variety; fine for cutting .....	.75	2.00	15.00
Viscaria splendens . Brilliant red .....	.55	1.50	10.00
Viscaria splendens alba . Flowering profusely in June and July; it is one of the best white flowers at that time of the year. 8 to 10 inches high; fine border plant .....	.55	1.50	10.00

LYTHRUM (Purple Loosestrife).

Superbum roseum . Very showy; splendid for banks of streams and ponds55	1.50	10.00
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LYSIMACHIA (Loosestrife).

Clethroides . Long, recurved spikes of pure white flowers, from July to September. A desirable variety. 2 feet75	2.00	15.00
Nummularia (Creeping Jenny or Moneywort). Valuable for planting under trees or shrubs where grass will not grow ...	.55	1.35	9.00

The Wayside Gardens Company, Mentor, Ohio

MATRICARIA (See Feverfew; Mayweed).

MAZUS.

	Three	Doz.	100
Rugosus. A dwarf and interesting alpine plant from the Himalaya Mountains, covered in early Spring with dainty lilac and white flowers. 4 inches	\$1.00	\$3.00	\$20.00

MERTENSIA (Blue Bells).

Virginica. An early Spring-flowering plant, growing about 1 to 1½ feet high with flowers fading to clear pink; one of the most interesting of our native Spring flowers55	1.50	10.00
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MONARDA OR BERGAMOT (Oswego Tea).

Showy plants growing from 2 to 3 feet high, succeeding in any soil or position, with aromatic foliage, and producing their bright flowers during July and August.

	Three	Doz.	100
Didyma, Cambridge Scarlet. Brilliant crimson-scarlet	\$0.55	\$1.50	\$10.00
Didyma rosea. A variety of the preceding, with rose colored flowers. 3 feet. June-August .....	.55	1.50	10.00
Didyma violacea superba. Deep amaranth-red flowers. 3 feet. June-August .....	.55	1.50	10.00

MONTBRETIA (Tritonia, see bulbs, page 71).

MITCHELLA.

Repens (Partridge Berry). A little trailing evergreen. It forms fine mats under evergreens, and when once established, is sure to please	1.00	3.00	20.00
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MITELLA (Bishop's Cap).

Diphylla. A gem for a shady position. Feathery spikes of creamy white flowers. 12 to 18 inches. May and June55	1.50	10.00
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MICROMERIA.

Rupestris. An attractive Thyme-like prostrate bushlet with pleasantly pungent foliage. Good for the rockery	1.20	3.50	25.00
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MULGEDIUM.

Bourgaei. Four to six feet high, bristly large leaves and pink flowers shading to lilac; excellent for shade	1.20	3.50	25.00
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MYOSOTIS (Forget-me-not).

Nearly everyone is familiar with the Forget-me-not which makes such beautiful pictures in the garden in early Spring. They are alike charming in the border, rock garden, or by the waterside. They all like shade and a fair amount of moisture; use them freely as a ground cover for your Tulip or other bulb beds.

	Three	Doz.	100
Palustris semperflorens. Large, rich blue flowers with yellow eye; a charming plant for damp places and a more profuse bloomer than the alpestris	\$0.55	\$1.50	\$10.00
Palustris, Pink Beauty. Pink-flowered form of the above; very fine Forget-me-not .....	.75	2.00	15.00

NEPETA - Ground Ivy; Catmint

	Three	Doz.	100
Mussini. An excellent plant for any position, but especially useful in the rock garden. Of dwarf, compact habit, producing masses of bloom of a beautiful shade of lavender. 1 to 1½ feet .....	.65	1.75	12.00

NIEREMBERGIA (Cup Flower).

Bivularis. A charming dwarf creeping Alpine plant, bearing large, creamy white, cup-shaped flowers from June till September; most desirable plants for the rockery. Plant in Spring only65	1.75	12.00
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Mertensia Virginica.
Ideal for shady places or in combination with daffodils.



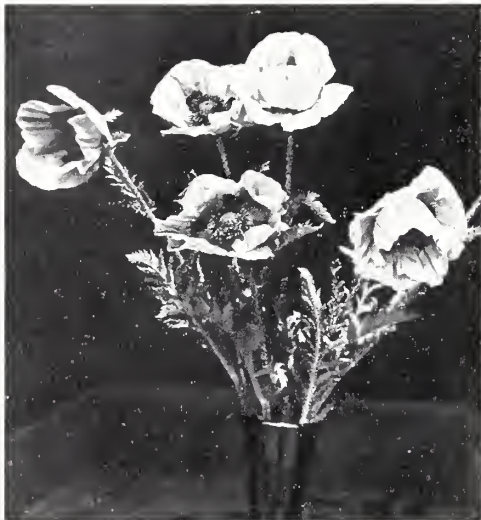
Myosotis Palustris.



Nepeta Mussini.



Oenothera Missouriensis.



Papaver, Mrs. Perry.



Papaver Nudicaule.
Baker's Sunbeam Strain.

OENOTHERA (Evening Primrose).

Elegant for a sunny position in the border or on the rockery, blooming all Summer.

	Three	Doz.	100
Fraseri. 1 foot. June to October. Flowers large, pale yellow	\$0.55	\$1.50	\$10.00
Fruticosa major. 2 feet. June to September. A strong growing plant, forming a dense, bushlike specimen; flowers deep yellow, in profusion .....	.65	1.75	12.00
Missouriensis. 10 inches. June to August. A low species with prostrate, ascending branches; profuse bloomer. Solitary flowers, often 4 inches across. Good for rock garden or border .....	.55	1.50	10.00
Speciosa. Pure white flowers 3 inches across. 18 inches .....	.65	1.75	12.00
Youngi. 2 feet. June to August. A strong stocky, large-leaved plant with firm, shiny foliage, numerous bright lemon-yellow flowers .....	.55	1.50	10.00

OROBUS (Bitter Vetch).

Vernus. 1 foot. Bright blue and purple.			
May .....	.75	2.00	15.00

PAPAVER - Poppy

The proper planting season for Oriental Poppies is during the last of August, September and October. Roots planted at any other time we do not guarantee to live. Oriental Poppies are the regal representatives of this popular genus, growing 3 to 3½ feet high, and far surpassing in splendor of bloom all the annual and biennial kinds, and for a gorgeous display of rich and brilliant coloring nothing equals them during their period of flowering in May and June, and whether planted singly or in masses their large flowers and freedom of bloom render them conspicuous in any position. They are of the easiest culture; almost any kind of soil suits them, but they do best in deep, rich loam. Set the plants out in the Fall or early Spring before the first of May—give them water occasionally during dry spells in the early part of the season. Mulch with stable litter in the Fall; and they will increase in size and floriferousness for several years. We offer the best of the latest introductions, as well as the distinct standard varieties.

	Three	Doz.	100
Oriente (Oriental Poppy). Tremendous scarlet, cup-shaped blooms of brightest crimson-scarlet, with large, purplish black blotches at base of petals, creating a wonderful contrast when bloom is fully open. Clumps of these throughout the border add a brilliancy that no other flower can provide	\$0.65	\$1.75	\$12.00
Oriente, Beauty of Livermore. Crimson, with black blotch; fine flowers	1.00	3.00	20.00
Oriente, May Sadler. Salmon-pink with black markings. We believe it the finest of the pink sorts because of its large flowers and robust growth	1.00	3.00	20.00
Oriente, Mrs. Perry. Orange-apricot; very fine	1.00	3.00	20.00
Oriente, Olympia. Is of strong, vigorous habit, of compact growth, not exceeding 2½ feet in height, and produces its flowers more profusely than any other variety. These flowers, when fully developed are about 4 inches in diameter; when first opening full double, but show a slight center with a bunch of stamens as they mature. In color it is a brilliant rich flame scarlet overlaid with glistening golden salmon. September delivery. (Sold out for this season).			
Oriente, Perry's White. The flowers are a fine satiny white with a crimson-marmoon blotch at the base of each petal ..	1.20	3.50	25.00

PAPAVER NUDICAULE (Iceland Poppy).

The plant is of neat habit, forming a tuft of bright green fern-like foliage, from which spring, throughout the entire season, a profusion of slender, leafless stems 1 foot high, each graced with charming cup-shaped flowers.

	Three	Doz.	100
Baker's Sunbeam Mixture	\$0.55	\$1.50	\$10.00

Papaver alpinum. Like a small and more delicate Iceland Poppy having flowers of white, pink, orange or yellow, and often delicately fringed. Transplants best when quite small. True stock, from Switzerland65	1.75	12.00
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Papaver Thibetica. Very attractive Alpine with showy orange flowers produced in great quantities; the whole plant not unlike a dwarf orange papaver nudicaule, but giving twice as many flowers and more readily transplanted; excellent for the rock garden65	1.75	12.00
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Paeonia Sinensis

The varieties we offer are arranged alphabetically, and where known, the name and date of the introducer immediately follows in parentheses. As color comes first in the choice of Peonies, we have placed the color on the same line as the name. Size and type naturally appeal next and so follow the color. Having found these satisfactory in any variety described, one naturally looks for the character and habit of the plant. To further aid purchasers we shall be pleased to give by letter further information to intending purchasers.

Figures following name indicate rating by American Peony Society.

	3-5 Eyes	
	Doz.	100
Albert Crousse. 8.6. (Crousse, 1893). Very fresh salmon-pink, delicate color. Large compact bomb shape; fragrant; erect; medium height. Late	\$5.00	\$35.00
Albatre (Avalanche). 8.7. (Crousse, 1885). Milk-white center, petals tinged lilac. Large, compact, rose type bloom; strong, vigorous grower and free bloomer. Mid-season	3.50	25.00
Augustin d'Hour. 7.8. Bomb type; mid-season. Extremely large; showy, perfectly built bloom. Color very deep, rich, brilliant solferino-red with slight silvery reflex. It is a taller grower and larger flower than Felix Crousse	6.00	40.00
Baroness Schroeder. 9.0. Rose type; late. White with shadings of flesh. This is one of the finest Peonies. Its immense flowers of great substance with high chalice-shaped center are freely produced, lasting a long time. Very fragrant	7.00	50.00
Couronne d'Or. 8.1. (Calot, 1873). White with yellow tints arising from a few stamens showing amidst the petals. Center petals tipped with carmine. Large, rather full flower of superb form. Strong grower and very free bloomer. Good keeper. Late	3.50	25.00
Duchesse de Nemours. 8.1. (Calot, 1856). Guard petals white, center lemon-yellow, cup-shaped; at first it develops into a large bloom, gradually fading to white; fragrant; strong grower and free bloomer. Extra good commercial variety. Follows two or three days later than Festiva Maxima	3.50	25.00
Eduis Superba. 7.6. (Lemon, 1834). Dark pink, even color; large, loose, flat crown when fully open. Very fragrant; upright growth; early bloomer. One of the best commercial Peonies. There is much confusion over this variety being sold under twenty or more different names	4.50	30.00
Eugenie Verdier. 8.6. Late. Very large, compact blooms of pale hydrangea-pink, with outer guard petals lilac-white; fragrant; extra strong stems	7.00	50.00
Felix Crousse. 8.4. (Crousse, 1881). Very brilliant red. Medium to large, globular, typical bomb shape; fragrant; strong growth. Stems rather weak. Midseason.	5.00	35.00
Festiva Maxima. 9.3. (Mieliez, 1851). Paper white, crimson markings in center. Very large and full, rose type; very tall, strong growth. Early	3.50	25.00
Karl Rosenfield. 8.8. Very large flower; globular, semi-rose type. Extremely vigorous grower, tall, and free-flowering. As an early red it has no equal	7.00	50.00
La France. 9.0. (Lemoine, 1901). Enormous, rather flat flowers on strong stems. Soft pink, with lavender lights at base of petals. Late. A very fine variety. Each, \$2.00.		
Le Cygne. 9.9. Very large, perfectly formed flower, freely produced, cream-white with a touch of green at the heart. The finest white. Received the highest rating of any Peony		Each, \$5.00.
Madame Ducl. 7.9. (Mech., 1880). Large globular, typical bomb. Light mauve-rose, 1 (153), with silvery reflex. Fragrant. Strong grower, medium height; very free. Extra	5.00	35.00

Peonies should be planted during early Autumn. All orders received in the Spring will be filled the following September, unless otherwise instructed.



Couronne d'Or.



Eugenie Verdier.



Duchesse de Nemours.

The Wayside Gardens Company, Mentor, Ohio



Mme. Crousse.



Festiva Maxima.

No garden complete without this white Peony. We consider it the best all around white kind in cultivation.



Mons. Jules Elie.

Peonies should be planted during early Autumn. All orders received in the Spring will be filled the following September, unless otherwise instructed.

PAEONIAS—Continued. 3-5 Eyes. Doz. 100

- Marguerite Gerard.** 8.4. (Crousse, 1892). Very pale salmon-pink, fading to almost white. Large, compact, rose type; very strong growth. Late \$5.00 \$35.00
- Mme. Crousse.** 7.9. Pure white with faint crimson markings. Large, globular, crown type; fragrant; medium height. Midseason 4.50 30.00
- Mme. Emile Galle.** 8.5. (Crousse, 1881). Very soft pink changing to milk-white in center. Very large, compact, flat, rose type; tall, strong, fragrant. Late 5.00 35.00
- Mme. Forel.** (Crousse, 1881). Enormous, very full, double bloom; color glossy, the "Princess of Pink Peonies," a title it well deserves and proudly carries. Extra fine. 7.00 45.00
- Modele de Perfection.** Rose type; late. Enormous, perfectly compact, double flower of pronounced pyramidal shape; very distinct in this respect, and was well named Model of Perfection; guard and collar light violet-rose with shades of flesh-pink, marbled and veined with bright rose, silver tipped, deepening in the center; profuse bloomer 7.00 45.00
- Mons. Dupont.** 8.3. Very large, cup-shaped flower; ivory-white; center petals splashed with carmine. The golden stamens show at the base of the petals; fragrant; a strong grower; very tall; midseason 4.50 30.00
- Mons. Martin Cahuzac.** 8.8. Medium size, globular, semi-rose type. Dark purple-garnet with black reflex. The darkest Peony known. Strong, vigorous grower, free bloomer; midseason ... Each, \$1.00.
- Mons. Jules Elie.** 9.2. The peerless pure pink. Broad, reflexing guards with a high pyramidal body of semi-quilled petals converging to an apex. One of the largest, handsomest and most lasting cutting sorts in existence 6.00 40.00
- Martha Bulloch.** (Brand, 1907). Mammoth cup-shaped blossom often 9 to 12 inches across. The largest of the good Peonies. Deep rose-pink in the center, shading to silvery shell-pink in the outer petals. Stalks strong and erect Each, \$3.50.
- Octavie Demay.** 8.5. Very large, flat crown. Guards and center pale hydrangea-pink, collar almost white. Rather dwarf habit; but free, fragrant, midseason bloom 5.00 35.00
- Officinalis Rubra fl. pl.** Rich deep crimson; the great Decoration Day Peony 7.00 45.00
- President Taft.** 8.7. A vigorous, strong grower, a profuse bloomer, every shoot being crowned by a big bloom. The flower is really of enormous size; there may be Peony flowers as large, but none larger. The color is a delicate hydrangea-pink, completely enveloped in a halo of white. The fragrance is delicious 7.00 50.00
- Rubra Superba.** 7.2. (Richardson, 1871). Deep carmine-crimson. Large, fragrant, rose type; medium height. Very late .. 5.00 35.00
- Sarah Bernhardt.** 9.0. Late. Flat, compact, semi-rose type. Uniform mauve-rose, silver tip. Erect, tall, free 8.00 60.00
- Solange.** 9.7. Flower very large, compact; rose type; outer petals delicate waxy white, deepening toward the center with shades of orange and golden brown. One of the most beautiful Peonies in existence; a strong grower and a late, free bloomer Each, \$2.50.
- Therese.** 9.8. A most desirable variety of a charming shade of violet-rose, changing to lilac-white. Develops a high crown; strong grower and very free bloomer. A splendid addition to the midseason sorts of which it is one of the best..Each, \$2.00.
- Venus.** 8.3. (Kelway). Exquisite pointed buds, opening into large, compact flowers of delicate shell-pink with a collar of flesh-white. Extra good both as a garden flower and as a cut flower. One of the best in our collection. Midseason 6.00 45.00

PAEONIAS—Continued.

3-5 Eyes
Doz. 100

Walter Faxon. 9.3. (Richardson, 1904). Semi-rose type; midseason. A very distinct, delicate rose colored flower. Tall, free bloomer. Those who know this variety consider it one of the best pinks Each, \$2.00.

Mixed Shades. Last year we were compelled to clean up a field of Paeonias which we offered at a very low price. About 3000 plants were left, some of all varieties. We mixed those up and offer them now at a very low price. Do not ask for separate colors, as we cannot pick them out. **75c per 3; \$7.50 per 12.**

New Japanese Peonies

A type not very generally known, but in every community, wherever established, is awakening great interest and enthusiasm. The opened flowers are of extra wide spread, with one or more layers of broad guard petals which act as a cup to the mounded center. In place of the pollen-bearing stamens which center the Single Peony flowers, in this class the stamens and anthers are greatly enlarged into narrow, thick, twisted petaloids of various colors, forming a dense cushion.

We heartily recommend our list to those who want something different from the other fellows; and to Peony planters generally, as types which will add zest and beauty to their gardens. Orders for the following booked now for September delivery.

Strong Divisions, Each

No. 17. Rashoomon. Late; very tall, free, and emphatically contrastive. The Chrysanthemum-like center of solferino, thickly studded and lined old gold, makes a lively offset to the two-rowed incurving guards of intense, unblemished crimson \$ 5.00

No. 42. "Rose of Nippon." A wonderfully free bloomer. A persistent mass of brilliant flowers. Very deep rose, the broadly prominent center darkened by carmine, and illumined by countless starpoints of both silver and gold. Many centers are slightly tufted. Besides its cut flower beauty, this variety makes a good landscape effect 5.00

No. 60. Nana-henge-shibori. Very late. Deep rose, heavily splashed with carmine. At first full bomb shape, eventually revealing a variegated central cushion of gold and carmine; the now reflexed guards carrying streaks of green and yellow 5.00

No. 64. Shiro-sangai. Immense, flattened, poppy-shaped flowers borne very freely. The two-layered guards are broadly rounded, an exquisite shade of white—and by far the choicest of the whites. Its lily cup guards are milk-white; the extensive central tuft of narrow petaloids buff, noticeably crested with gold 5.00

No. 88. Oki-no-nami. Tall, free-flowering and showy. Pale hydrangea-pink; with full fine cut center of peach pink and cream. It does not require a strong imagination to get the Japanese descriptive impression 5.00

No. 135. Kara-ori-nishiki. This shows uniquely fluted petals, with ends deeply indented. These are white, irregularly streaked and tipped with lilac-red. The center is medium sized, but bright with deep gold filaments and carmine seed pods 5.00

Single and Semi-Double Peonies

An interesting class bearing a general resemblance to the Japanese species. They have one or two rows of large, rounded guard petals, with distinct centers of pollen bearing stamens in some shade of yellow.

The Moor. A useful landscape type with long, nodding stems and single flowers 8 to 10 inches across. Ruby buds open to solferino-red permeated with crimson and faintly edged silver, clouded with violet on reverse; with conspicuous yellow cushion \$1.50

Lotus. One of the very earliest blooming Peonies, but keeps right on with the midseason type and still shows its stars when the late doubles usher in the end. Blooms keep in water as long as ten days. It is a strong grower with dark leaves, and long, rigid stems. Flowers are borne in clusters of three to five. The small center is dense and showy; bright gold with carmine seed pods. Color at first is warm pink, fading gradually to pure white, the center remaining constant 2.00

Marie Jacquin (The Water Lily Peony). Beautiful single and semi-double flowers in over-topping abundance; the waxy, pure white cups with crowded center of golden stamens, creating the delightful impression of water lilies riding the surface of a moss green pool 1.00



Albatre.



Single Peony, Marie Jacquin.



Japanese Peony.



Pachysandra Terminalis.



Phlox Subulata.



Phlox Amoena.

Pachysandra

(Japanese Spurge)

Terminalis. A trailing plant 6 to 8 inches high, forming broad mats of bright glossy green foliage. A ground cover, which will grow in all shady situations and the only plant which will thrive under pine trees. Some of its main uses are: Under all evergreen plantings, under all shrub plantings, for area-way copings, for loggia and enclosed porch uses, for shrub and flower bed borders, for bordering walks and drives, for steep terraces in sun or shade, for city yards it is ideal, for dense shade under any kind of trees.

	Doz.	100	1000
Strong, 3-inch pot plants, heavy	\$1.50	\$10.00	\$95.00
Strong, 1-year, field-grown plants	1.20	8.50	75.00

(Set plants 3 inches apart each way).

PARDANTHUS (Blackberry Lily).

Very pretty perennial with lily-like flowers of a very handsome appearance. Requires a rich soil.

	Three	Doz.	100
Chinensis. Flowers orange colored, spotted with purple-brown. 18 inches	\$0.75	\$2.00	\$15.00

PENTSTEMON (Beard Tongue).

Most useful and showy perennials. Some varieties are not hardy. Those below are perfectly so. June and July. 3 feet.

	Three	Doz.	100
Barbatus Torreyi. Spikes of bright scarlet flowers from June till August. A very effective plant for hardy beds	\$0.55	\$1.50	\$10.00
Barbatus, Pink Beauty. Spike is 30 inches, not as "stringy" as Torreyi, and flowers plentiful on the spike. Color is bright, clean shell-pink. Perfectly hardy in any soil or climate, and is a beautiful cut flower; one of the outstanding new plants, makes a delightful companion with gypsophila	1.40	4.00	30.00
Digitalis. White Foxglove-like spikes	.55	1.50	10.00
Pygmaeus. Very dwarf, only 6 inches high. Flowers of clear blue from July to September	.75	2.00	15.00
Pubescens (Hirsutus). Stems 24 inches high, covered with violet flowers shading to a flesh-pink; excellent for hot, dry place in the garden; is also a very fine wall or rock plant. It enjoys hot, dry exposures	.75	2.00	15.00
Unilateralis. A very fine June-flowering variety producing 6 to 10 erect spikes, 24 to 30 inches long, covered from top to bottom with opalescent blue flowers. A beautiful border plant and splendid cut flower, lasting for several days in water.	.75	2.00	15.00

Phlox Subulata

(Moss or Mountain Pinks)

An early Spring-flowering type with pretty mosslike, evergreen foliage, which, during the flowering season, in April and May, is hidden under the masses of bloom. An excellent plant for the rockery, the border, and invaluable for carpeting the ground or covering graves.

	Three	Doz.	100
Alba. Pure white	\$0.55	\$1.50	\$10.00
Fairy. Pale blue with dark purple eye; a beautiful little rock plant. Same habit as Vivid. Slow growing, neat in habit, with compact foliage, not spreading like Lilacina	.75	2.00	15.00
Lilacina. Light lilac	.55	1.50	10.00
Rosea. Rose-pink. Fine for covering banks; thrives in hot, dry situations, and blooms profusely	.55	1.50	10.00
Vivid. Bright pink with fiery red eye. We would say that this is the finest free-flowering dwarf Phlox in existence	1.20	3.50	25.00

Various Phlox

Amoena. This is one of the best varieties for carpeting the ground, the rockery or the border. It grows but 4 inches high, and in the Spring is a sheet of rich bright pink flowers	.55	1.50	10.00
Divaricata canadensis. One of our native species, which is worthy of extensive planting, commencing to bloom early in April, and continuing through May, with large, fragrant, lavender flowers on stems 10 inches high. 3-inch pots	.65	1.75	12.00
Maculata. Very much like a rosy red Miss Lingard. Free-flowering; good for poor, sandy soil	.55	1.50	10.00
Ovata (Carolina). Bright rosy red flowers. 1 to 1½ feet. June-July	.65	1.75	12.00

PHLOX

PHLOX DECUSSATA (Hardy Phlox).

These beautiful hardy border plants are among the most effective things in the garden during the late Summer and Fall months. The varieties have been much improved during the past few years, both as to color and size of bloom. To be at their best, they require soil which has been deeply enriched and plenty of water during the blooming period. It is also well to remember that they should never be allowed to go to seed and should be divided every four years, or they will become small and in not a few cases, change their color. If attacked by red spider, spray with lime and sulphur. We have tried to confine our list to the very best of the numerous varieties offered and can safely say there is not a poor variety in the lot.

IMPORTANT

As fast as new and improved Phlox are put on the market, we discontinue the older varieties of no particular merit, thereby keeping our list up-to-date and not filled with useless sorts. Some of these old-fashioned sorts we still mention in our list, but have followed the names with the names of varieties which have replaced them. Good old varieties with outstanding qualities, have, of course, been retained.

	Three	Doz.	100
Africa. Brilliant carmine-red with blood-red eye. Well shaped flower heads composed of large florets. Good strong stem and not subject to mildew if properly taken care of. One of the best new dark red varieties grown	\$0.75	\$2.00	\$15.00
Athis. (Discontinued). Replaced by Thor.			
Antonin Mercie. A delicate lilac-blue; tree-flowering variety of medium height, and fairly free from red spider. During prolonged hot weather the color fades to a very pale lilac; in light shade, however, the coloring is constant. This and Maid Marion are the best of the lilacs...	.55	1.50	10.00
B. Comte. Tall growing variety producing large heads of rich satiny amaranth flowers. A very brilliant Phlox. Looks well planted close to a yellow-flowered plant .....	.55	1.50	10.00
Beacon. Brilliant cherry-red. Grows 36 inches high. The flower heads are carried on straight, strong stems. An excellent variety and one of the best of this color.	.55	1.50	10.00
Commander (Von Hindenburg). The color is a brilliant deep crimson-red with slightly darker eye. Grows about 24 to 30 inches high and produces a great many spikes creating a wonderful display of color. This variety is comparatively new but already a great favorite.	.75	2.00	15.00
Champs Elysee. (Discontinued). Replaced by B. Comte.			
Count Zeppelin (Graf Zeppelin). Pure white flowers with vermilion-red eye. A strikingly clean looking Phlox. There is no fading or suffusing of color. Considered the best of the so-called calico types. Very free-flowering, and a good grower. The plants reach a height of about 30 inches .....	.65	1.75	12.00
Elizabeth Campbell. Light salmon-pink with lighter shadings toward the center of flower. Decidedly the finest Phlox of this color, but unfortunately, a weak variety and slow grower, requiring more care and attention than most varieties.	1.00	3.00	20.00
Ethel Fritchard. A delightfully French-mauve colored Phlox, which, if seen on a cloudy day, looks almost as pale blue as our native Phlox Divaricata. It is a strong grower, flowers freely and should be planted with white or yellow flowers to look its best. Fairly tall grower .....	.75	2.00	15.00
Eugene Danzanvillier. (Discontinued). Replaced by Antonin Mercie.			
Europa. White changing to a pale blush white toward center with a red eye. This variety is similar to Count Zeppelin but has a light pinkish cast to it. Produces large heads freely and is a good, strong grower of medium height .....	.55	1.50	10.00
Fiancee. (Discontinued). Replaced by Mia Ruys.			
Frau Anton Buchner. (Discontinued). Replaced by Von Lassburg.			
Fuerbrand (Fireglow). Brilliant orange-scarlet, sometimes almost vermilion. Flowers very freely and blooms are produced in quantity throughout the entire season. Of medium height, and one of the most brilliant Phlox known...	.75	2.00	15.00



Phlox, Jules Sandeau.
Watermelon-pink, free flowering and free from red spider makes it one of the best.



Phlox, Miss Lingard.



Phlox—Antonin Mercie.



Pentstemon Unilateralis.



Plumbago Larpentae.

PHLOX—Continued.

	Three	Doz.	100
Independence. (See Mrs. Jenkins).			
Jules Sandeau. Rather dwarf in habit, but producing very large heads of brilliant watermelon-pink blossoms. An outstanding variety because it flowers more freely and longer than most Phlox, and is practically free from red spider. We consider it the best of this color	\$0.65	\$1.75	\$12.00
Jeanne d'Arc. (Discontinued). Too much like Mrs. Jenkins, which is superior.			
La Vague. (Discontinued). Replaced by Ethel Pritchard.			
Louis Abbema. (Discontinued). Replaced by Mia Ruys.			
Lord Raleigh. Dark mauve with decidedly purplish tint. A very unusual variety. Free-flowering and rather tall. Excellent with yellow and white. A variety often mentioned by Mrs. Francis King..	.55	1.50	10.00
Marie's Jacob. (Discontinued). Color not strong enough. Use Maid Marion.			
Maid Marion. Good lilac flower heads. Not a new variety but an excellent kind that will be with us a long time. The color and habit are very similar to that of Antonin Mercie but grows a little taller when well established .....	.65	1.75	12.40
Mia Ruys. Rather dwarf in habit, but produces enormous and much branched trusses of the purest white flowers possible. The habit is very free, with splendid dark green foliage. A great improvement and the best white Phlox in cultivation for midseason effects .....	.65	1.75	12.00
Miss Lingard. This variety is not a Decussata type like all the others in the list, but a Suffruticosa. The distinguishing marks are that it flowers a month earlier than the Decussata sorts. Has beautiful, long, shiny green foliage, and is absolutely free from any disease. It flowers from early June until October with large heads of white flowers with faint pink shadings in center. It is the best early White Phlox known .....	.55	1.50	10.00
Mrs. Jenkins (Independence). Pure white, late flowering, grows very fast and is of medium height. A splendid sort for planting in masses. Few varieties equal its free-flowering habit. Free from any disease and can always be depended on. An old sort but worth while .....	.50	1.25	8.00
Mrs. Milly Van Hoboken. An excellent new variety. Very large florets combined in rather loose, large heads. Color bright pink with a slight and delicate mauve suffusion. Strong grower and free-flowering. The general color effect, at a distance, is a fine bright pink	1.00	3.00	20.00
Mrs. Scholten. New dark salmon-pink flowers in enormous pyramidal spikes. A splendid sort of great value. Mid-season flowering and of medium height.	.75	2.00	15.00
Pantheon. (Discontinued). Replaced by Thor.			
Prof. Verschow. (Discontinued). Replaced by Beacon.			
Rheinlander. A splendid old-time variety of good growing quality, and excellent habit. Flower heads are large and on good strong stems. The color is a beautiful salmon-pink .....	.55	1.50	10.00
Richard Wallace. (Discontinued). Replaced by Europa.			
R. P. Struthers. (Discontinued). Replaced by Rijnstroom.			
Rijnstroom. A good strong grower producing an abundance of stems, each one topped with heavy trusses of flowers of a lively rose-pink, much like the color of the Paul Neyron rose .....	.50	1.25	8.00
Thor. Not a new sort but becoming more and more popular because of its splendid free-flowering qualities. Color a beautiful shade of deep salmon-pink, overlaid with a scarlet glow; small aniline-red eye. A good grower, never giving trouble, always full of bloom. One of the best of the salmon-pink sorts .....	.55	1.50	10.00
Von Lassburg. A splendid midseason, tall, white variety. Trusses large and stems good, very free flowering. Rather tall, fine for the back of the border .....	.55	1.50	10.00
W. C. Egan. (Discontinued). Replaced by Ethel Pritchard.			

The Wayside Gardens Company, Mentor, Ohio

PHYSOSTEGIA (False Dragonhead).

	Three	Doz.	100
Virginica. Forms large clumps 3 to 4 feet high, bearing long spikes of delicate pink flowers, tubular in form. July and August	\$0.55	\$1.50	\$10.00
Virginica alba .....	.55	1.50	10.00
Virginica, Vivid. This is a seedling of our own; it blooms three weeks later than the others and the flowers are a deeper color pink; much larger and better, lasting a long time when cut .....	.65	1.75	12.00

PHYSALIS (Chinese Lantern Plant).

Francheti. An ornamental variety of the Winter Cherry, forming dense bushes about 2 feet high, producing freely its bright orange-scarlet, lantern-like fruits, which, when cut, will last all Winter. Very attractive plant40	1.00	7.00
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PINKS (Hardy Garden, see Dianthus).

PLATYCODON (Balloon Flower).

Grandiflora. Blue. 18 inches. June to October. Large, showy, deep blue flowers. Good for rock garden and border ..	.55	1.50	10.00
Grandiflora alba. White-flowered form of the above .....	.55	1.50	10.00
Mariesi. Blue. 12 to 15 inches. July until late September. A beautiful dwarf species, with broad, thick foliage and large, deep violet-blue flowers .....	.55	1.50	10.00
Mariesi alba. White-flowered form of the above .....	.55	1.50	10.00

PLUMBAGO (Leadwort).

Larpentae. One of the most desirable border and rock plants. It is of dwarf, spreading habit, growing 6 to 8 inches high, covered with deep blue flowers during the Summer and Fall75	2.00	15.00
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POLEMONIUM (Jacob's Ladder).

Album. A white variety of coeruleum ..	.65	1.75	12.00
Coeruleum (Richardsoni). Erect stems of sky-blue flowers. 1 to 1½ feet. June to July65	1.75	12.00
Reptans (Greek Valerian). 8 to 10 inches. April to June. Dwarf, bushy plant of graceful growth. Showy blue flowers. Rock garden and fine border plant .....	.65	1.75	12.00

POLYGONATUM (Solomon's Seal).

Multiflorum major. Pendent sprays of greenish white flowers borne on long stems. 2 feet. May and June. A grand plant for a shady position, where it has plenty of room to show its pendulous sprays of bells. Fine for cutting75	2.00	15.00
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POTENTILLA (Cinquefoil).

Charming plants for the border, with brilliant single or double flowers that are produced in profusion from June to August. Succeeds in any soil 18 inches.

	Three	Doz.	100
Mixed Colors of Double Varieties	\$0.65	\$1.75	\$12.00
Tridentata. Dwarf evergreen plant. Excellent for the rock garden .....	.75	2.00	15.00

PRUNELLA (Self-heal; Heal-all).

Grandiflora. Violet or purple flowers all Summer. Fine for the rockery or slightly shaded parts of the hardy border. Succeeds in any soil not excessively dry.65	1.75	12.00
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PULMONARIA.

Angustifolia azurea. A lovely early blue Spring flower not unlike Mertensia, but dwarfier flowers and when through blooming the plant has beautifully marked foliage	Each, 50c.
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Platycodon Grandiflora.



Physalis Francheti.



Potentilla, Double.



Primula Auricula.



Primula Cortusoides.



Primula Cashmeriana.

PRIMULA - Hardy Primrose

Splendid little plants for naturalizing near shrubs, in the border or shaded nooks on the rockery.

Auricula alpina. One of the treasures of the rock garden. The growth is very attractive, forming rosettes of thick leaves, sometimes farinose or mealy. The flower stalks rise to a height of six or eight inches, bearing heads of bloom of various colors; exceedingly fragrant. \$1.00 Three \$3.00 Doz. \$20.00 100

Bulleyana. A splendid variety for a boggy place, growing about 18 inches high. The strong, stiff stems have about 4 to 8 tiers of rich apricot flowers in June. A very valuable sort 1.00 3.00 20.00

Cashmeriana. Large, globular heads of a pleasing purplish blue shade; prefers a moist, shaded or sunny situation 1.00 3.00 20.00

Cashmeriana alba. A white-flowered form of the above. Very rare but as easily grown as the purple variety 1.40 4.00 30.00

Cortusoides. A distinct Siberian species, with soft, wrinkled, heart-shaped leaves. Flowers in early Summer, deep rose. prefers light, rich, well drained soil, in a sunny position, in border or rockery; 10 inches 1.00 3.00 20.00

Moerheim Hybrids. A new strain of Hardy Primulas with the constitution of P. japonica, resulting from crossing of several. Colors range from cream to many shades of yellow, orange, purple, lilac, pink and crimson. They are very hardy and prefer a half-shaded position that is fairly moist; very unusual 1.20 3.50 25.00

Pulverulenta. Rich crimson in color, in whorls, on stems 3 feet high. One of the finest varieties 1.20 3.50 25.00

Sikkimensis. A glorious Primrose especially suited for wet places. It produces spikes 18 to 24 inches high in May with heads of dangling bells of soft amber yellow. The flowers are very fragrant 1.20 3.50 25.00

Vulgaris. The old English Primrose with pale yellow flowers 1.20 3.50 25.00

POLYANTHUS (Bunch Primrose).

The Polyanthus is an indispensable Spring flower and should be used largely in flower heds and borders, also wild gardens and rockeries. It likes an open, half-shady position in rich soil and under such conditions will bear flower stems a foot high.

Exhibition Yellow. A very beautiful strain, flowers deep to light yellow \$1.20 Three \$3.50 Doz. \$25.00 100

Exhibition White. A very fine, large-flowered cream-white, with striking yellow eye 1.40 4.00 30.00

Exhibition Blue. A very fine mixture of deep purple and blue shades; very striking and unusual, not to mention rare in Primroses 1.60 4.75 35.00

Munstead Strain Mixed. In shades of yellow, from cream to dark orange, selected and perfected by Miss Jekyll of England. 1.25 3.50 25.00

Veris Hybrids. This strain includes various shades of lilac, purple and violet, as well as a wide range of buff, orange, salmon and rich reds approaching scarlet in intensity. Quite hardy and of vigorous growth85 2.50 18.00

PYRETHRUM (Persian or Painted Daisy).

The Pyrethrums are so easily cultivated that they may be recommended to all who possess a garden. They are perfectly hardy and absolutely invaluable for cut flowers through the Summer and early Fall. In form, the double varieties are somewhat chrysanthemum-like, and as their chief beauty is in the months of May and June, they may well be designated Spring Chrysanthemums. The single-flowered varieties are veritable colored Marguerites and possess a range of color Marguerites might envy in vain. Nothing can surpass the Pyrethrum in profusion of flowers throughout May to July, and the blossoms are not injured by storm or sun. As a cut flower, their long stems make them ideal for decorative purposes. Their position should be in the border or in beds, in full sun. Transplant in August.

Finest Mixed of English Varieties. Strong, 1-year clumps \$0.55 Three \$1.50 Doz. \$10.00 100
Strong, 2-year clumps75 2.00 15.00

Non Plus Ultra. A fine double pink Pyrethrum. One of the few double flowered named sorts that does well in America. Each, 75c.

Uliginosum. (See Chrysanthemum, page 15).

RANUNCULUS (Buttercups).

	Three	Doz.	100
Acris flore pleno. A double yellow, upright growing Buttercup-like plant. Good for border in wet places; good cut flower	\$0.55	\$1.50	\$10.00
Repens fl. pl. A pretty, double-flowering bright golden yellow Buttercup; flowers in May and June .....	.55	1.50	10.00
Parnassifolius (White Alpine Buttercup). A very beautiful high Alpine Buttercup, rounded, leathery leaves and large white flowers	1.20	3.50	25.00

RUDBECKIA (Coneflower).

Golden Glow. One of the most popular hardy plants. Grows six feet high, producing masses of large, double, golden yellow flowers, shaped like a cactus dahlia .....	.55	1.50	10.00
Maxima. A rare and attractive variety, growing 5 feet high, with large, glaucous green leaves and bright yellow flowers 5 to 6 inches across, with a cone 2 inches high; flowers continuously from June to September .....	.75	2.00	15.00
Newmanni. The perennial form of the "Black-Eyed Susan." Deep orange-yellow flowers, with a dark purple cone; long, wiry stems 3 feet high; blooms all Summer .....	.55	1.50	10.00
Purpurea (Giant Purple Coneflower). Peculiar reddish purple flowers, with a very large, brown, cone-shaped center. Blooms from July to October. 3 feet ..	.55	1.50	10.00

SALVIA - Meadow Sage

Azurea. A Rocky Mountain species. Grows 3 to 4 feet high, producing, during August and September, pretty sky-blue flowers in the greatest profusion .....	.55	1.50	10.00
Farinacea. Beautiful pale blue flowers ...	.55	1.50	10.00
Pitcheri. Similar to the above, but of more branching habit and large flowers of a rich gentian blue color, and one of the most admired plants by the many visitors to our nurseries during the early Autumn. 3 to 4 feet .....	.75	2.00	15.00
Franseria. Dwarf blue flowers in June ..	.55	1.50	10.00
Turkestanica. Extremely decorative sweet scented foliage and showy whorls of white flowers surrounded by pale pink. ...	.75	2.00	15.00
Virgata nemorosa alba. Distinct and effective foliage with showy whorls of flowers .....	.55	1.50	10.00

SAXIFRAGA - Megasea

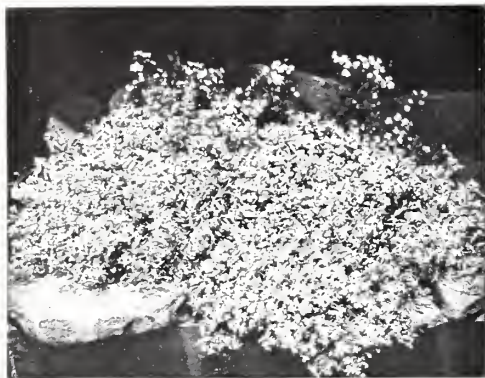
	Three	Doz.	100
Cordifolia. These will thrive in any kind of soil and in any position. Grow about 1 foot high, and are admirable for the front of the border or shrubbery, forming masses of handsome, broad, deep green foliage, which alone renders them useful; flowers appear very early in the Spring. Fine among rocks or ledges ...	\$1.20	\$3.50	\$25.00
Crassifolia. 12 to 15 inches. April to June. Showy and spreading. Drooping masses of pink flowers high above the large, clustered leaves. A fine rock plant	1.20	3.50	25.00
Decipiens (Crimson Moss). Dwarf, mossy plants bearing white flowers in May and June. The green foliage turns a bright crimson in Winter. 4 inches high. Splendid rock plant	1.20	3.50	25.00
Hypnoides (Dovedale Moss). Easily grown in this country as well as in Europe. A rapid, easy carpet or excellent in pockets in the rock garden. Pure white. ...	1.20	3.50	25.00
Megasea Hybrids. Handsome plants in fine mixture of all shades of rose or pink. Excellent foliage. Good for the rock garden or border. Does well in shade or sun. These hybrids are our own introduction .....	.85	2.50	18.00
McNabiana. 1 foot. Numerous white flowers, heavily speckled with pink to purple dots. The spots are large. May and June	1.40	4.00	30.00
Michauxi (Michaux Saxifrage). Alpine variety. Rare. Strong, established plants	1.20	3.50	25.00



Double Pyrethrum.



Salvia Azurea.



Saponaria Ocymoides.



Saxifraga Cordifolia.



Saxifraga Decipiens.



Scabiosa Caucasica.

SANTOLINA (Lavender Cotton; Ground Cypress).

A sweet smelling, dwarf, evergreen perennial, with delicate, silver-white foliage, useful as rock or border plants; also largely used in carpet bedding.

	Three	Doz.	100
Chamaecyparissus (incana). 1 foot	\$0.65	\$1.75	\$12.00

SANGUINARIA.

Canadensis (Bloodroot). Native. A low perennial, about 6 inches high, with pure white flowers an inch in diameter, in early Spring. The large, leathery leaves appear later. Plant in rich, shady places or rock garden

.55	1.50	10.00
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SAPONARIA (Soapwort).

Ocymoides alba. A grand pure white-flowering plant for wall or rockery ...

.55	1.50	10.00
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Ocymoides splendens. Pretty border and rockery plant; flowers rosy pink

.55	1.50	10.00
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SCABIOSA (Pincushion Flower).

Handsome border plants, succeeding in any ordinary soil if well drained and in a sunny location, and should be grown in every garden where cut flowers are wanted; they last a long time when picked and placed in water.

Caucasica (Blue Bonnet). A soft and charming shade of lavender; commences to bloom in June, throwing stems 18 to 24 inches high until September

Three	Doz.	100
\$1.00	\$3.00	\$20.00

Caucasica alba (White Bonnet). The white form of the preceding

1.10	3.25	22.50
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Japonica. Lavender-blue flowers, from July to September. 2 feet

1.00	3.00	20.00
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Pennsylvanica (Cephalaria tatarica). Large golden yellow flowers, similar to the true Scabiosa in form. 5 feet

1.00	3.00	20.00
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SCUTELLARIA (Skull Cap).

Baicalensis coelestina. Short, wiry stems, clothed with clear blue Snapdragon-shaped flowers. 1 foot. June to August.

.75	2.00	15.00
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SENECIO (Groundsel).

Clivorum. Forms a neat tuft of foliage, from which spring up from July to October a succession of 3-foot stems, with clusters of orange-yellow flowers

.75	2.00	15.00
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Veitchianus. From a wide spreading tuft of large cordate leaves, tall flower stems rise, bearing bright yellow blossoms along the upper portion of the stem for a length of two feet. Good border plant for moist or shady places

1.20	3.50	25.00
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SEMPERVIVUM (House Leek).

Curious and interesting plants, forming rosettes of succulent leaves of varying colors. Good for rockeries, dry banks, carpet bedding or walls.

Arachnoideum minus (Small Cobweb House Leek). Tips of leaves in rosettes usually connected by silvery threads, from whence its common name; flowers bright red, in few flowered panicles. (Sold out for this season).

Three	Doz.	100
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Arenarium. Small green rosettes in large numbers. Spreads rapidly and grows in any soil. A fine variety where a tiny plant is needed in large numbers

1.00	3.00	20.00
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Doellianum. Small, hairy rosettes of pale green leaves, tinted red at the tips. The panicles of bright red flowers are 4 to 6 inches high in June and July. Effective when grown in large masses

1.00	3.00	20.00
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Funckii. Green tipped brownish rosettes produced rapidly in great numbers. A very fine sort to use where a brownish color is desired

1.00	3.00	20.00
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Globiferum. Flattened rosettes, 2 to 3 inches in diameter, of grey-green leaves, lightly tipped brown. Pale yellow flowers, $\frac{3}{4}$ to 1 inch in diameter, in densely hairy panicles 1 foot high in June

1.00	3.00	20.00
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Tectorum. Broad rosettes, the leaves having reddish brown tips; flowers pale red. 1 foot

1.00	3.00	20.00
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SEDUM - Stonecrop

The dwarf varieties are charming plants for sunny positions in the rockery, etc., and the taller kinds make effective color groups in the border. They thrive in almost any soil. They are especially fond of sand and full sun, and may be considered the backbone of the American rock garden.

DWARF VARIETIES

	Three	Doz.	100
Acre (Golden Moss). Much used for covering graves; foliage green; flowers bright yellow	\$0.50	\$1.25	\$ 8.00
Aizoon . Bright yellow flowers. 1 foot. July and August .....	.55	1.50	10.00
Album . Dwarf and spreading; thick, waxy round foliage, white flowers; good rock plant .....	.55	1.50	10.00
Dasyphyllum . One of the smallest Sedums, not over 2 inches in height. Neat, dainty, blue-grey leaves throughout entire Summer	1.40	4.00	30.00
Glaucum . Excellent dwarf variety for rockeries or border edgings .....	.75	2.00	15.00
Kamschaticum . Orange-yellow flowers, with prostrate, green foliage, turning golden in Autumn	1.00	3.00	20.00
Kamschaticum fol. var. Similar to above, but has attractive, variegated foliage ...	1.40	4.00	30.00
Lydium (Often confused with Stahl, which is not hardy). Very fine rock plant ...	.55	1.50	10.00
Obtusatum . Golden yellow flowers, with emerald-green foliage, shaded bronze. 3 inches	1.00	3.00	20.00
Pruniatum Forsterianum . Pretty glaucous, bluish green leaves of trailing habit, with golden yellow flowers .....	.75	2.00	15.00
Sarmentosum . Excellent dwarf variety for rockeries or border edgings. The best Sedum for filling seams between rocks in wall garden; rapid grower ...	.50	1.25	8.00
Sexangulare . Very dark green foliage; yellow flowers .....	.75	2.00	15.00
Sieboldi . Round, succulent, glaucous foliage; bright pink flowers in August and September .....	.65	1.75	12.00
Spathulatum purpureum . Reddish leaves with grey in center of the rosette. Dark yellow flowers, contrasting beautifully with the foliage	1.40	4.00	30.00
Spurium coccineum . A beautiful rosy crimson flowered form; July and August. 6 inches .....	.50	1.25	8.00
Stolonifera . One of the most desirable; evergreen leaves; flowers purplish pink. July and August. Excellent for rock garden. 6 inches .....	.55	1.50	10.00
Ternatum . Excellent dwarf variety for rockeries or border edgings .....	.55	1.50	10.00

ERECT-GROWING VARIETIES

Useful and pretty plants for the border, producing their interesting flowers during late Summer and Fall.

	Three	Doz.	100
Spectabile . One of the prettiest erect-growing species, attaining a height of 18 inches, with broad, light green foliage and immense heads of handsome, showy, rose colored flowers; indispensable as a late Fall-blooming plant	\$0.65	\$1.75	\$12.00
Spectabile "Brilliant." A rich colored form of the preceding, being a bright amaranth-red .....	.65	1.75	12.00

SHORTIA.

Galacifolia . A rare and beautiful species, but recently introduced from the mountains of North Carolina. The leaves are evergreen and the petals, five in number, are pure white, and scalloped or notched on the edges. Flowers about an inch across in early Summer. Plant in a rich, shady place. Hardy	1.20	3.50	25.00
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SIDALCEA (Greek Mallow).

Erect-growing, more or less branching plants, producing their showy flowers during June and July. They will succeed in any garden soil in a sunny position.

	Three	Doz.	100
Rosy Gem . Pretty bright rose colored flowers. 2 to 3 feet	\$0.65	\$1.75	\$12.00



Sedum Spurium Coccineum.



Sempervivum Tectorum growing in wall.



Sedum Spectabile.



Statice Latifolia.



Silene.



Spirea, Betsy Cuperus.



Spirea Aruncus (True Goat's Beard).

SILENE (Catchfly).

A charming class of plants for the rock garden. They are closely allied to the Pink family and require much the same treatment. They bloom nearly all Summer and are very desirable additions to the rockery.

	Three	Doz.	100
Alpestris. Dwarf rock plant, dainty, pure white flowers in May and June	\$0.75	\$2.00	\$15.00
Saxifraga. A choice Alpine of mossy growth. Flowers white, in great profusion	1.00	3.00	20.00
Schaffa (Autumn Catchfly). A charming border or rock plant, growing from 4 to 6 inches high, with masses of bright pink flowers from July to October .....	.65	1.75	12.00
Stellata (Starry Campion). Strong established plants .....	.85	2.50	18.00

SISYRINCHIUM (Blue-Eyed Grass).

Bermudianum. A handsome dwarf, grass-like little plant for sunny place in the rock garden. Produces on top of the 6-inch leaves, dainty violet-blue flowers in June and July	1.20	3.50	25.00
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STATICE (Great Sea Lavender).

Latifolia. A valuable plant either for the border or rockery, with tufts of leathery leaves and immense candelabra-like heads, frequently 1½ feet high and 2 feet across, of purplish blue, minute flowers during July and August. These, if cut and dried, last in perfect condition for months55	1.50	10.00
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SPIREA - Astilbe

Hybrid varieties of very vigorous growth, producing many-branched, feathered heads of flowers in June and July. They prefer a half-shady, moist position in any ordinary garden soil. We offer 3-year-old, large, field-grown clumps only, for immediate effect.

VARIETIES FOR GARDEN AND OUTDOOR WORK ONLY

	Three	Doz.	100
Betsy Cuperus. Splendid new variety, growing 5 feet high. The fine drooping flower spikes, 2 feet long, show in Summer during some weeks a great number of white flowers with pink center	\$1.00	\$3.00	\$20.00
Ceres. Growing 2½ to 3 feet high, with spikes of rosy lilac color; fine garden variety	1.00	3.00	20.00
Grandis rosea magnifica. The drooping spikes of flowers have a length of over 2 feet, and are a beautiful creamy white, with pink centers. 5 to 6 feet	1.00	3.00	20.00
Gruno. This new Astilbe grows 4 feet high and produces light and graceful spikes of spreading habit and has a splendid salmon-pink color. Award of Merit R. H. S. of Holland	1.20	3.50	25.00
Marguerite Van Rechteren. This plant grows about 5 feet high. The flower stem itself has a length of over 3 feet. The very fine fringed flowers are bright red tinged with dark lilac	1.00	3.00	20.00
Meta Immink. Splendid new cross having dense flower spikes of a delightful pink color. Very recommendable. Award of Merit R. H. S. of Holland	1.00	3.00	20.00
Prof. V. D. Wielen. New; with gigantic long stems and side stems, showing fine small, pure white flowers in profusion ..	1.00	3.00	20.00
Salland. Stems of a fine red color, growing over 6 feet high. A very decorative novelty. Award of Merit R. H. S. of Holland	1.20	3.50	25.00
Vesta. New. Tall, lilac-rose spikes; beautiful garden variety	1.20	3.50	25.00

VARIETIES FOR FORCING OR SHADY PLACE IN GARDEN

America. Pale pink; excellent forcing variety; fine for early forcing	1.20	3.50	25.00
Brunhilde. Creamy white, shaded lilac ...	1.20	3.50	25.00
Emde. Rich magenta	1.20	3.50	25.00
Gladstone. 18 inches. June-July. A fine variety. Immense trusses of flowers are as white as snow, borne on erect, strong stalks; best white for forcing ..	1.20	3.50	25.00

The Wayside Gardens Company, Mentor, Ohio

SPIREA, ASTILBE—Continued.

VARIETIES FOR FORCING OR SHADY PLACE IN GARDEN—Continued.

	Three	Doz.	100
Gunther. Rosy pink	\$1.20	\$3.50	\$25.00
Mowe. Striking novelty with long, well formed spikes and splendid crimson flowers, shaded salmon	1.20	3.50	25.00
Queen Alexandra. Light pink; good for forcing	1.20	3.50	25.00
Rhineland. The compact spikes are bright crimson colored with salmon shade	1.20	3.50	25.00
Rubens. Rosy red; new and good; fine for forcing	1.20	3.50	25.00

SPIREA (Goat's Beard; Meadow Sweet).

Elegant border plants with feathery plumes of flowers and neat, attractive foliage; succeeds in all locations.

	Three	Doz.	100
Arunacus. 4 feet. June. Produces long, feathery panicles of white flowers, forming graceful plumes	\$1.20	\$3.50	\$25.00
Filipendula (Dropwort). Numerous corymbs of white flowers on stems 15 inches high. June and July; pretty fernlike foliage ..	.55	1.50	10.00
Filipendula flore pleno. 12 to 18 inches. June and July. Double white flowers, fernlike foliage	1.20	3.50	25.00
Kneiffi. Very graceful foliage, finely cut into hairlike segments, with large, cream colored flower spikes	1.40	4.00	30.00
Palmata elegans. 3 feet. June to August. Graceful plumes of lovely light pink flowers. Fine for waterside planting ...	.85	2.50	18.00
Ulmaria fl. pl. The well known double "Meadow Sweet." Creamy white flowers. ....	.85	2.50	18.00

STACHYS (Woundwort).

Lanata. Fine old-fashioned cottage garden plant for edging; useful in rock garden; dwarf; soft silvery foliage; flowers useless. 4 inches55	1.50	10.00
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STENANTHIUM (Mountain Feather Fleece).

Robustum. A rare perennial, with showy panicles of pure white, fleecy flowers in August and September on stems 4 to 5 feet high; requires a moist, semi-shady position75	2.00	15.00
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STOKESIA (Cornflower Aster; Stokes' Aster).

A most charming and beautiful native hardy plant which, for many seasons, has been the most admired flower on our grounds. The plant grows from 18 to 24 inches high, bearing freely from early June until late in October, its handsome lavender-blue centaurea-like blossoms, which measure from 4 to 5 inches across. It is of the easiest culture, succeeding in any open, sunny position; desirable as a single plant in the hardy border and effective in masses or beds of any size.

	Three	Doz.	100
Cyanea coerulea. Beautiful light blue ...	\$0.55	\$1.50	\$10.00
Cyanea coerulea alba. White-flowered form of the above. 1 to 1½ feet .....	.75	2.00	15.00

SWEET WILLIAM (See Dianthus Barbatus).

TEUCRIUM (Germander).

Chamaedrys. Shrub-like habit. Excellent plant. Glossy green foliage, purple flower spikes in July and August. Good for neat edging. 1 foot	1.00	3.00	20.00
Orientalis. Dwarf plant with good foliage producing an abundance of blue flowers; good for rock garden or border	1.20	3.50	25.00

TIARELLA (Miterwort).

Cordifolia. 6 to 12 inches. May. An elegant plant with fine foliage and small, creamy white, star-shaped flowers. Prefers partial shade55	1.50	10.00
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Stokesia.



Thalictrum Aquilegifolium.

The Wayside Gardens Company, Mentor, Ohio



Trillium Grandiflorum.
Excellent for naturalizing and woodland planting.



Trollius.



Tradescantia Virginica.

THALICTRUM (Meadow Rue).

	Three	Doz.	100
Adiantifolium. A beautiful variety, with foliage like the Maidenhair Fern and miniature white flowers in June	\$0.75	\$2.00	\$15.00
Aquilegifolium. Graceful foliage like that of Columbine, and rosy purple flowers from June to July. 2 to 3 feet .....	.75	2.00	15.00
Aquilegifolium album. White form of the above .....	.75	2.00	15.00
Dipterocarpum. Flowers a charming shade of lilac-mauve, which is brightened by a bunch of lemon-yellow stamens and anthers. The plant is of strong growth, about 4 feet high. The dainty flowers are produced in graceful sprays during August and September ...	1.00	3.00	20.00
Glaucum. Similar in habit to the Aquilegifolium; blue-gray leaves rather finely cut, with heads of Chinese yellow, fragrant flowers. 3 to 4 feet. July .....	.75	2.00	15.00
Minus. Dwarf, with maidenhair fern-like foliage .....	.75	2.00	15.00

THYMUS (Thyme).

The charming Mountain Thymes make a perfect, close, fragrant carpet on hot, dry, sunny banks where grass is difficult to establish; they are a sheet of blossom in June and July. Excellent for carpeting patches of Spring-flowering bulbs.

	Three	Doz.	100
Citriodorus. The golden yellow form of the well known "Lemon Thyme"	\$0.75	\$2.00	\$15.00
Lanuginosus (Woolly-Leaved). Woolly foliage with bright pink flowers	1.00	3.00	20.00
Serpyllum album (White Mountain Thyme). Forms dense mats of dark green foliage and clouds of white flowers. 3 to 4 inches. June-July	1.00	3.00	20.00
Serpyllum coccineum. Plants become completely covered with brilliant crimson-scarlet flowers	1.00	3.00	20.00
Serpyllum splendens. A rapid, dwarf-growing variety; very hardy and excellent to cover bare spots, also good for the edge of walks or in the rock garden. ...	1.00	3.00	20.00

TRADESCANTIA (Spiderwort).

Virginica. Produces a succession of blue flowers all Summer. 2 feet .....	.55	1.50	10.00
Virginica alba. A white-flowered form ..	.55	1.50	10.00

TRILLIUM (Wood Lily or Wake Robin).

Grandiflorum. Excellent plants for shady positions in the hardy border, or in a sub-aquatic position. Large, pure white flowers in early Spring. 12 to 18 inches. ...	1.25	8.00	70.00
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TRITOMA (Red Hot Pcker; Flame Flower; Torch Lily).

Pfitzeri. Hardy if given protection, but the most satisfactory method of wintering is to bury the roots in sand in a cool cellar. In bloom from August to October, with spikes 3 to 4 feet high, and heads of bloom of a rich orange-scarlet	1.00	3.00	20.00
Perry's Hardy Hybrids. These are seedlings of various colors, ranging from pale yellow to deep orange and are very showy; perfectly hardy	1.00	3.00	20.00
Quartiniana. A strong growing variety, blooming late in May. Orange-red at first, but yellow on bottom half as bloom matures. Perfectly hardy here; does not need protection	1.00	3.00	20.00
Uvaria grandiflora. 3 to 4 feet. The old-fashioned, late-flowering sort, with flowers rich red changing to salmon-pink. Needs slight protection	1.00	3.00	20.00

TROLLIUS (Globe Flower).

Europaeus, Orange Globe. Desirable free-flowering plants, producing their giant orange-yellow, buttercup-like blossoms on stems 1 to 2 feet high from May until August; succeeds admirably in the border in a half-shady position	1.60	4.75	35.00
Europaeus superbus. Same habit as Orange Globe with pale yellow blossoms	1.60	4.75	35.00
Europaeus, Lemon Queen. Free flowering strong growing plant. Flowers pale yellow, produced in abundance on stems about 2 feet high. Does best in slightly moist places	1.60	4.75	35.00
Mixed Choice Seedlings. Colors range from pale yellow to deep orange; on strong stems 2 feet high. Wonderful as cut flowers, and good in moist locations ...	.75	2.00	15.00

The Wayside Gardens Company, Mentor, Ohio

TUNICA (Coat Flower).

	Three	Doz.	100
Saxifraga. A pretty tufted plant with light pink flowers, produced all Summer. Useful either for the rockery or the border	\$0.55	\$1.50	\$10.00

VALERIANA (Valerian; Garden Heliotrope).

Coccinea. Showy heads of old rose flowers. June to October. 2 feet .....	.55	1.50	10.00
Coccinea alba. White form of the above. ....	.55	1.50	10.00
Officinalis (Hardy Garden Heliotrope). Produces showy heads of rose-tinted white flowers during June and July with delicious, strong heliotrope odor. 3 to 4 feet .....	.75	2.00	15.00

VERONICA - Speedwell

A family containing some of the most beautiful subjects for the hardy garden and rockery. Given a rich, well drained soil in an open situation in full sun, they will all thrive in an amazing manner. All the varieties listed are A-1, and splendid for the border or rock garden.

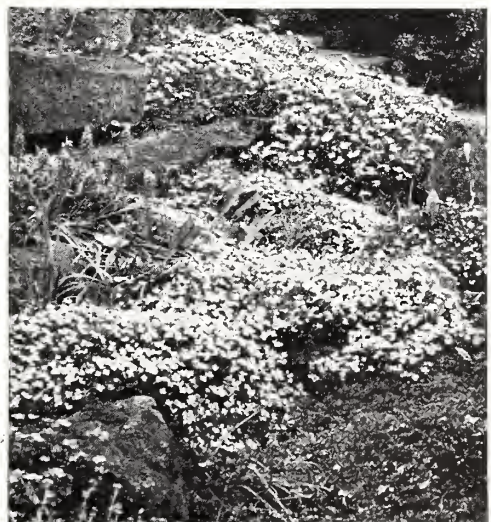
	Three	Doz.	100
Amethystina "Royal Blue." Beautiful spikes of rich gentian-blue flowers. 10 to 15 inches. June and July flowering.	\$0.85	\$2.50	\$18.00
Erica. A heather-like Speedwell with delicate pink flowers. June-July. 8 to 12 inches .....	.85	2.50	18.00
Gentianoides. Beautiful variety with spikes of large flowers, palest blue edged deep blue, in June and July. 1 foot ...	1.00	3.00	20.00
Incana (candida). 1 foot, July and August. A white, woolly plant; flowers numerous; blue. Has good appearance, both in and out of bloom. Useful in rockery or border .....	.65	1.75	12.00
Longifolia subsessilis. 2 feet. July to September. One of the handsomest blue-flowering plants. Perfectly hardy and increases in strength and beauty each year. Spikes completely studded with beautiful blue flowers; fine for cutting and one of the best plants for the hardy border	1.00	3.00	20.00
Orchidea. Very handsome variety from the Balkans. Grows 2 to 3 feet in height and produces a profusion of clear, blue flowers .....	.85	2.50	18.00
Repens. 1 to 2 inches. May and June. A useful rock or carpeting plant with light blue flowers. Not very hardy, we recommend <i>Rupestris</i> in its place ....	.75	2.00	15.00
Rupestris. A fine rock plant growing 3 to 4 inches high; thickly matted, deep green foliage, hidden in early June under a cloud of bright blue flowers .....	.75	2.00	15.00
Rupestris flexuosa. Prostrate creeping plant forming a solid carpet of green which in late April and early May is covered with pale blue flowers 1 inch high. A-No. 1 rock plant	1.00	3.00	20.00
Rupestris nana. Prostrate and creeping, forming a dark green carpet of shiny foliage which is covered with deep Gentian blue flowers in late April and early May; 1 inch high; one of the best early blue rock plants known	1.00	3.00	20.00
Rupestris nana rosea. Has the same habit and flowers the same time as <i>Rupestris nana</i> . The flowers, however, are mauve-pink	1.00	3.00	20.00
Spicata. 18 inches. June and July. Long spikes of violet-blue flowers .....	.55	1.50	10.00
Spicata alba. Long spikes of snowy white flowers .....	.55	1.50	10.00
Spicata rosea. 2 feet. June to September. Much branched variety with pink flowers .....	.65	1.75	12.00
Teucrium. Dwarf; spreading, of a dense growth; flowers blue. 6 to 12 inches. May-June .....	.75	2.00	15.00
Traversi. A very hardy variety of the beautiful shrubby Veronicas from New Zealand. Forms compact bushes of dark green foliage, bearing a profusion of pale mauve blossoms in late Summer ..	1.00	3.00	20.00
True Blue. Literally covers itself with blossoms of intense blue. 12 inches. June-July flowering .....	.85	2.50	18.00



Thymus Serpyllum Splendens.



Tritoma.



Veronica Rupestris in Rock Garden.

The Wayside Gardens Company, Mentor, Ohio



Viola, Floraire.



Viola Cornuta, White Perfection.
All Viola Cornuta varieties are splendid as
Summer flowering plants.



Yucca Filamentosa.

VERBASCUM (Mullein).

	Three	Doz.	100
Olympicum (Greek Mullein). The showiest of the entire family of more than thirty varieties. The foliage is silvery white, with leaves often 3 feet long. The flowers are yellow, and are produced in quantity for about three weeks in mid-summer. Succeeds best in a dry situation. 3 to 5 feet	\$0.75	\$2.00	\$15.00
Wayside Gardens Hybrids. An excellent strain produced from a very superior grade of English Hybrids. Colors are most interesting .....	.75	2.00	15.00

VINCA (Periwinkle or Trailing Myrtle).

Minor. A trailing, evergreen plant, used extensively for carpeting the ground under shrubs or trees or on graves, where it is too shady for grass or other plants to thrive. Strong, nursery-grown clumps55	1.50	10.00
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3-inch pot plants of Vinca Minor may be obtained any time of the year. They are potted plants with about 8 to 12 runners. Good for quick results75	2.00	15.00
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VIOLA

VIOLA CORNUTA (Tufted Pansies).

This is the best edging plant for the hardy border or garden; when properly cared for, these plants remain in full bloom from May until October. The great secret of their continuous bloom, though, is the fact that they must be sheared several times during the season, so that the flowers do not go to seed.

	Three	Doz.	100
Admiration. Dark blue	\$0.50	\$1.25	\$ 8.00
Floraire. A gem, having the growth of the bedding Viola and producing profusely, all Summer through, small blossoms of true blue. This Viola is famous in and around Geneva, Switzerland, and is a product of the well known Monsieur Correvon .....	.65	1.75	12.00
Golden Yellow .....	.50	1.25	8.00
Perfection. Light blue .....	.50	1.25	8.00
White Perfection .....	.50	1.25	8.00
Mixed. Many shades and markings .....	.50	1.25	8.00

VIOLA ODORATA (Sweet Violet).

The variety listed below is suited for forcing under glass; and perfectly hardy, and is covered with flowers in early Spring and wonderfully sweet scented.

	Three	Doz.	100
Prince of Wales. Rich, deep purple	\$0.75	\$2.00	\$15.00

VIOLA HYBRIDS AND SPECIES (Everblooming).

Blanda. Sweet scented white Violet .....	.75	2.00	15.00
Bosniacca. A superb, everblooming Pansy, makes neat clumps that are covered with reddish violet flowers throughout the Summer. A fine, new European introduction .....	.75	2.00	15.00
G. Wermig. A variety of Tufted Pansy, forming clumps which are covered with rich violet-blue flowers the entire season .....	.75	2.00	15.00
Jersey Gem (New). Possesses the dwarf habit and continuity of blooming of the true horned Viola (V. cornuta), and the vigorous, bushy growth and roundish foliage of the finest English bedding varieties. Color is pure, rich violet, and slightly perfumed	1.00	3.00	20.00

WALLFLOWER (See Cheiranthus).

YUCCA (Adam's Needle).

Filamentosa. Among hardy plants there is nothing more effective and striking for isolated positions on the lawn or on dry banks where few other plants thrive. It is also indispensable for the rockery. Its broad, swordlike, evergreen foliage and immense branching spikes of drooping, creamy white flowers, rising to a height of 6 feet, render it a bold and handsome subject wherever placed. Should be planted in Spring.

3-year-old plants .....	.75	2.00	15.00
4-year-old plants	1.20	3.50	25.00

Hardy Water-lilies

The culture of Water-lilies is so simple that it might almost be said that "they just grow themselves." Their modest requirements are sun, water and rich soil. In deciding on a place for a natural water garden, one is naturally led to select a low spot. A stream of water running through this or near it can easily be dammed or diverted so as to form a pond. The digging up and grading of the ground to be flooded is the first consideration. Of course, it is not possible for everyone to have such a location, but almost everybody can have built or can themselves construct an artificial pool. In this event, any location that is available would be satisfactory, provided it is exposed to the full sun. Rather than have no water garden at all, the interested party can grow many of the varieties in tubs or half-barrels sunk in the ground. The selection of Lilies suitable for tub culture is easily made, as the varieties suited for this purpose are indicated in the catalog.

Soil. The matter of getting the soil ready for the growing of aquatic plants is important. In preparing a piece of ground about to be flooded, it is well to dig into the soil a generous amount of thoroughly rotted manure, with the addition of a small amount of bone meal. An excellent soil for use in tubs or artificial pools is made by mixing three parts of rotted sod, compost, or good top soil with one part of cow manure or good barnyard manure. All manure used must be thoroughly decomposed, to prevent fermentation when covered with water. Ground bone or bone meal may be used if necessary, at the rate of one quart to one bushel of soil.

Size of Pool. The larger the water surface the better the results. A tub or half-barrel 2 feet in diameter will furnish a miniature pool. An artificial pool should be made as large as possible, and 2 feet deep. Where clay is very abundant, it is quite possible to line an excavation with this in such a manner as to have it water-tight. Make an artificial pool as natural as possible and avoid stern lines and too apparent masonry. A generous planting of moisture-loving plants around the edge of the pool or pond will furnish an added charm to the plants in the pool itself. Such plants as are suitable for this purpose are listed in this catalog.

Water. One foot of water over the soil is the most desirable depth in artificial pools. Some will thrive in shallower water, but few will stand a depth exceeding 2 or 3 feet. A continuous flow of water tends to keep the temperature in the pool low and must be avoided. After the pool is once filled it is only necessary to replenish that which evaporates.

Gloriosa. This can well be called the most satisfactory Water Lily. It is the earliest to bloom and continues to flower until late Summer, producing more blossoms than any other sort. In the Spring the flower is a bright carmine which becomes darker as the season lengthens. The blooms are perfect in form and 4 to 6 inches across. This variety is one of the finest for cutting and has so much to recommend it that we do not hesitate to say that it should be the first *Nymphaea* chosen for any pool\$6.00

Hopalcong. Well known in southeastern United States, where it grows naturally in ponds. Flowers are pure white, quite large in size, generally 5 to 7 inches across. Produces blooms very freely50

Mariacea alba. A vigorous variety, flowers large, of sparkling whiteness; stamens light yellow, sepals flushed pink; fragrant and produced freely and continuously through the season. Desirable and handsome 1.50

Mariacea chromatella. Medium sized flowers, usually 4 to 6 inches across. Color of the bloom is bright yellow, with stamens somewhat deeper in color. The leaves are green, mottled with brown 2.00

Odorata. The American Water Lily of the northeastern United States. Flowers white. Splendidly adapted to quantity planting in natural pools35

Paul Hariot. It is difficult to describe the beauty of this magnificent Lily. The blooms are quite large, of lasting quality, and are borne in abundance all season. The petals are clear yellow the first day, orange-pink the second day, and this deepens almost to a red on the following days. Flowers of different ages present an appearance quite unique and decidedly attractive. We class this *Nymphaea* with *Gloriosa* for general qualities of growth, freedom of bloom, color, and substance of petals. It is so popular we can seldom supply the demand for it, so please order early or suggest a possible substitute 5.00

Pink Opal. A new variety which has been cultivated for two or three seasons, yet has proved its value. The color is a deep pink. The buds are almost round, opening into a flower with comparatively short petals, but because of its substance it has a distinct value for cutting 2.00

Rose Arey. A wonderful variety of the *Odorata* type; very free-flowering, and strong growing. The flowers are very large (last year we had flowers 8 inches across), and are sweetly scented. The color is clear cerise-pink and does not lighten toward the center of the flower. Awarded a Silver Medal by the New York Horticultural Society 4.00

Rose Magnolia. The blooms are borne well out of the water, which make them desirable for cutting. They are usually 4 to 5 inches across and of a delightful shade of pink. Strong, vigorous grower 1.00

Sioux. Large flowers of rich, brassy yellow, shaded red as the flower grows older. French novelty 4.00



Climbing Plants and Vines



Clematis Paniculata.



Clematis Jackmani.

AMPELOPSIS (Ivy).

Veitchi (Boston Ivy or Japan Ivy). The most popular climbing plant for covering brick walls, stone or wooden walls, trees, etc. When it becomes established it is of very rapid growth, and clings to the smoothest surface with the tenacity of Ivy.
 Extra strong, 3-year, field grown plants. \$1.40 \$4.00 \$30.00
 Extra strong pot plants 1.20 3.50 25.00

Quinefolia (Virginia Creeper or American Ivy). This well known climber is one of the best and quickest growing varieties for covering trees, trellises, old stumps, etc. Its large, deep green foliage assumes brilliant shades of yellow, crimson and scarlet in the Fall. Strong plants 1.20 3.50 25.00

ARISTOLOCHIA (Dutchman's Pipe).

Sipho. A vigorous and rapid-growing climber. Its flowers are of little value compared to its light leaves, which are of very large size, and retain their color from early Spring to late Fall. Perfectly hardy strong plants.
 Field grown plants 2.75 9.50 70.00
 Strong pot plants 1.75 5.00 40.00

BIGNONIA (Trumpet Vine).

For covering unsightly places, stumps, rock work, or wherever a showy flowering vine is desired, the Bignonias will be found very useful. The flowers are large, attractive, and borne profusely when the plants attain a fair size.

Radicans. Dark red, orange throat; free blooming and very hardy Three Doz. 100
 \$1.00 \$3.00 \$20.00

CELASTRUS SCANDENS (Bittersweet or Wax Work).

One of our native climbing plants, of rapid growth, succeeding in almost any situation, sun or shade, with attractive light green foliage and yellow flowers during June, which are followed in the Autumn with bright orange fruits, which usually remain on the plant throughout the Winter Three Doz. 100
 \$1.40 \$4.00 \$30.00

CLEMATIS (Virgin's Bower).

Flammula. Very beautiful climber; white flowers; wants a sunny exposure 1.40 4.00 30.00

Montana Perfecta (Anemone Clematis). A strong, vigorous, extremely hardy variety, thriving under most adverse conditions. Its large, white flowers expand in April and May, and it is the best of our Spring climbers 1.40 4.00 30.00

Montana rubens. Flowers rosy pink, with beautiful green foliage, shaded bronze 1.40 4.00 30.00

Paniculata. This hardy climber is one of the choicest and most satisfactory climbing, flowering plants. Of strong, rapid growth, with small, dense, cheerful green foliage, and pure white, deliciously fragrant flowers, in greatest profusion in August and September. 2-year plants 1.00 3.00 20.00

LARGE-FLOWERING CLEMATIS.

No other climbing plant equals in attractiveness the beautiful large-flowering Clematis. Their requirements are somewhat different from most other plants, and proper conditions must be given to secure satisfactory results. They need rich, deep soil, perfect drainage, abundance of water and most important of all, they should be planted with the crowns three inches beneath the surface of the soil.

Three Doz. 100
Henryi. Creamy white; large 2.00 \$6.00 \$50.00
Jackmani. The popular purple variety 2.00 6.00 50.00
Mme. Villard. Bright carmine 2.00 6.00 50.00
Ramona. Double; pure white 2.00 6.00 50.00

ENGLISH IVY (Hedera).

The famous English Ivy with its familiar evergreen, glossy foliage is unfortunately not very hardy in this climate, and requires Winter protection where it is exposed to chilly winds on open walls. It can, however, be planted with perfect safety as a ground cover or as an edging to flower beds.

Three Doz. 100
Helix (English Ivy). 4-inch pots \$1.20 \$3.50 \$25.00
Helix gracilis. Identical in habit with the English Ivy, but with dark green foliage not one-half as large; a most graceful vine. 4-inch pots 1.40 4.00 30.00

EUONYMUS (Evergreen Bittersweet).

The best evergreen vine for America. The Euonymus are particularly desirable for their dense, evergreen foliage and extreme hardiness, some varieties on account of this taking the place of the English Ivy for wall covering, others that of the Boxwood as an edging plant. Makes a splendid ground cover, and one of the best creepers for rockeries. Plants offered below are 4- to 5-year-old specimens, and are shipped with ball of earth wrapped in burlap.

	Three	Doz.	100
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Carrieri (Carrier's Evergreen Bittersweet).

A stronger grower than Euonymus radicans, with larger, ovate, green leaves. Half bush and half vine in habit of growth. If given support, it makes a very fine covering for a building or a wall; very rugged and a rapid grower, and may be used for evergreen hedges, as it can be sheared into any shape.

12 to 18 in. high, heavy, bushy plants ..	\$1.40	\$4.00	\$30.00
24 to 30 in. high, heavy, bushy plants ..	2.75	9.50	75.00

Colorata. A strong growing variety with long, narrow, dark green leaves; excellent as a ground cover between tall shrubs, foliage turns a beautiful reddish bronze in Autumn. 18 to 24 in. runners, heavy, bushy plants ..

2.40	7.00	50.00
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Kewensis. A variety with very small, dark green foliage. Everyone who has seen this appreciates its value as a rock plant or ground cover. It grows close to the ground, and is a most valuable plant for a shady place in the rock garden where a delicate evergreen is needed.

1.00	3.00	20.00
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Radicans. Deep green foliage, useful for covering low foundation walls, or may be clipped the same as boxwood for an edging plant.

12 to 18 in. high, heavy, bushy plants ..	1.40	4.00	30.00
24 to 30 in. high, heavy, bushy plants ..	2.75	9.50	75.00

Radicans variegata. A beautiful small-leaved green and white variegated form of the same habit as the type.

12 to 18 in. high, heavy, bushy plants ..	1.40	4.00	30.00
24 to 30 in. high, heavy, bushy plants ..	2.75	9.50	75.00

Radicans vegetus (Evergreen Bittersweet).

A strong growing variety, with larger leaves than the type, and producing bright orange-red berries, which remain on the plant the greater part of the Winter. As an evergreen, absolutely hardy wall cover, this plant is unequalled.

12 to 18 in. high, heavy, bushy plants ..	2.40	7.00	50.00
18 to 24 in. high, heavy, bushy plants ..	2.75	9.50	75.00

Euonymus are easy but very slow growing plants while they are young, but when they reach the age of four to five years, they climb rapidly. Because it is the most valuable evergreen vine in America, we have grown a nice lot of large plants which are now four and five years old and offer these with the assurance that they will produce immediate results. Smaller plants can be obtained at greatly reduced prices but we do not advise you to plant them.

LONICERA (Honeysuckle).

Their vining qualities are all that can be desired, but the fragrance of their flowers makes their strongest bid for favor.

	Three	Doz.	100
Halliana. Color an intermingling of white and yellow. Extremely fragrant and most satisfactory ..	\$1.20	\$3.50	\$25.00

POLYGONUM (Silver Lace Vine).

Auberti. A splendid hardy climber of strong, vigorous growth, attaining a height of 25 or more feet, producing during Summer and Fall, great foamy sprays of white flowers, and a well established plant during its long period of flowering is a great mass of bloom ..

1.40	4.00	30.00
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PUERARIA (Kudzu Vine).

The most rapid growing vine in cultivation, often attaining a growth of 40 feet in a single season. Especially desirable for immediate effect for dense shade, as its leaves are large.

	Three	Doz.	100
Thunbergiana. (Jack-and-the-Bean-Stalk). Small, pea-shaped, rosy purple flowers, heart-shaped leaves. It will grow anywhere. Field-grown plants ..	\$0.85	\$2.50	\$18.00

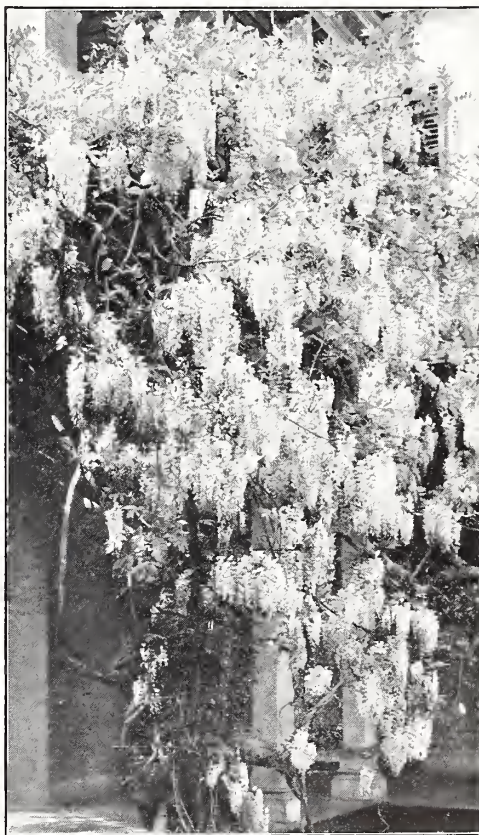
WISTERIA.

Woody vines with tightly clinging habit, for pergolas, arbors, trellises, etc., especially ornamental in early Summer when they are resplendent with their large, drooping clusters of fragrant blossoms.

	Three	Doz.	100
Sinensis (Chinese Wisteria). Bunches of pale lilac, deliciously scented blossoms in great profusion all over the vine. Strong plants ..	\$1.75	\$5.00	\$40.00
Sinensis alba. A white-flowered form of the type. Strong plants ..	1.75	5.00	40.00



Euonymus Radicans Variegata climbing a tree.



Wisteria Sinensis

Hardy Shrubs and Azaleas

For the Hardy Border and Rock Garden



Azalea Mollis.



Buddleia Magnifica.



Cotoneaster Horizontalis.

HARDY AZALEAS

The varieties here offered are the hardiest and most desirable for general garden planting; until thoroughly established it is beneficial to give them a heavy mulch of leaves during the Winter, and a loose covering of evergreen branches to protect them from the sun and drying winds during freezing weather.

AZALEA (Pinxter Flower; Swamp Honeysuckle).

	Each	Doz.
Amoena (Japanese Evergreen Azalea). A dwarf shrub with double purplish red flowers in May; is especially adapted for borders and rock gardens; needs some protection in northern latitudes. Should be planted in sheltered positions and will abundantly repay for any care given it	\$1.50	\$15.00
Hinodegiri . Bright fiery red flowers. Bushy plants 10 to 12 inches high	1.50	15.00
Hinomayo . A wonderfully pleasing shade of delicate rose-pink. Bushy plants 10 to 12 inches high	1.25	12.00
Mollis (Japanese Azalea). Of dwarf habit; resembles rhododendrons; good foliage; flowers in all shades of red, yellow and orange; perfectly hardy, thriving in sunny positions anywhere. Excellent for mass planting. It must not come in contact with barnyard manure	1.00	10.00
Yodogawa . Large, semi-double, lavender-pink flowers; the earliest to bloom. Bushy specimen plants. 24 inches high	4.00	

FLOWERING HARDY SHRUBS

Varieties Used With Herbaceous Plants in Hardy Plant Borders and Rock Gardens.

The few varieties listed below are used to mix with hardy plants in borders and rock gardens.

BUDDLEIA (Summer Lilac).

	Three	Doz.	100
Farquhari (New). A low-growing pendulous, spreading shrub, with rich green foliage and silvery reverse, bearing in late Summer long racemes of purple flowers	\$1.40	\$4.00	\$30.00
Variabilis magnifica (Butterfly Bush). This is properly a shrub, but the top usually freezes back, and new growth starts from the root like other perennials. Plants grow three to four feet and are covered with long racemes of lilac-like flowers in July. The best location is in good, rich, well drained soil in a sunny situation	1.00	3.00	20.00

CARYOPTERIS (Blue Spirea).

Mastacanthus . A handsome hardy perennial; grows about 3 feet high and produces rich lavender-blue flowers in great profusion the whole length of the branches. A valuable plant either for bedding or pot culture, blooming continuously from early in September until cut by frost	1.00	3.00	20.00
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COTONEASTER (Rock Spray).

Horizontalis (Prostrate Cotoneaster). A low shrub with almost horizontal branches. Native of China. Leaves dark green, about half an inch long; flowers pinkish white; fruit bright red; attractive in rockeries. A most desirable ground cover, and should be largely planted. Cannot be transplanted unless from pots. Strong, 5-inch pot plants ...	2.50	8.00	60.00
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DAPHNE (Garland Flower).

Cneorum . Handsome dwarf sub-shrubs; excellent for planting near front of shrubberies, with odorous pink flowers and handsome foliage.			
Bushy plants, 10-12 inches	2.75	10.00	75.00
Bushy plants, 12-16 inches	4.00	13.00	100.00

DESMODIUM (Tick Trefoil).

Penduliflorum . An exceedingly graceful shrublike plant covered with purplish red flowers in Summer time. Strikingly beautiful	1.20	3.50	25.00
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ERICA (Heath).

The Heaths are compact, low-growing plants, and as such are extremely useful for rockeries. The small foliage is densely arranged around the wiry little stems, and either when in full bloom or in midwinter makes a very pretty picture. Give some protection in the first Winter. Semi-shady location. All our Ericas are strong, bushy plants.

	Each	Doz.	100
Elata alba (White Heather). The nodding white flowers are the only diversion from the <i>Vulgaris</i> ; a pleasing contrast. Big clumps	\$1.00	\$10.00	
Nana compacta . Dwarf and compact; pink. 9 inches. Big clumps	1.00	10.00	
Vulgaris (Scotch Heather). A dense-growing shrub, with erect branches, covered with short, closely adpressed leaves. The pretty, bell-shaped flowers occur in great profusion toward tops of the shoots and are a pretty rosy color. Big clumps	1.00	10.00	

HYPERICUM (St. John's Wort).

Calycinum (Aaron's Beard). Rapidly growing sub-shrub and ground cover in sun or shade, with golden yellow flowers. 1 foot. July-August

Henryi. The same as *Moserianum*, though slightly more upright in growth and much hardier and better suited for cold climates

Moserianum. A most desirable border plant, of free and graceful habit, producing long, slender, much branched stems, leafy to the base and all drooping towards the ends, apparently from the weight of the flowers and buds, although the flowers face so none of their beauty is lost. It is marvelously free-flowering, of large size, measuring from 2 to 2½ inches in diameter; in color a rich golden yellow, rendered still more effective by the numerous yellow stamens and crimson anthers, and blooms continuously the entire season. 2 feet ..

VITEX (Chaste-tree; Hemp-tree).

Macrophylla. In general habit similar to *V. Agnus-Castus*, but much stronger in all its parts, the foliage being larger while the trusses of lavender-blue flowers are fully double the size. It blooms from July to September; as popular as the Butterfly Shrub, to which we consider it superior

HEDGE PLANTS

BERBERIS (Barberry).

	Doz.	100	1000
Thunbergi (Japanese Barberry). Where a dwarf deciduous hedge is wanted, nothing equals this beautiful Barberry. Requires but little pruning to keep in shape. The leaves are small, light green, and towards Fall assume rich, brilliant colors, the fruit or berries becoming scarlet. Absolutely hardy. Plant 12 to 15 inches apart.			
Extra strong, 3-year-old plants. 24 to 30 inches high	\$2.00	\$15.00	\$125.00
Strong, bushy, 3-year-old plants. 18 to 24 inches high	1.75	12.00	100.00

BOXWOOD.

We are glad to be able to offer this valuable shrub again and at a price everyone can afford. The stock we offer is bushy and wide, excellent for edging walks or beds. Contrary to the usual idea. Boxwood is hardy and will stand a temperature of 10 below zero without any damage, providing the plants are protected with a little lath screen, admitting air and light, but giving enough shade so that the sharp sun during the months of December, January and February, does not burn the foliage. Grows in any soil. Plant 4 inches apart.

	Doz.	100	1000
Boxwood Edging. We offer fine, bushy plants as follows:			
4 to 6 inches high	\$3.00	\$22.00	\$210.00
6 to 8 inches high	4.00	30.00	290.00

BOX BARBERRY.

The new dwarf or miniature *Berberis* used for low edging around beds in formal gardens or for dwarf, small edges along garden paths. Requires little pruning and is the best dwarf edging to be used in localities where Boxwood is not hardy and is less expensive.

	Doz.	100	1000
Box Berberis. Bushy plants.			
8 to 12 inches	\$4.00	\$30.00	\$275.00
12 to 15 inches	5.00	40.00	375.00



Erica—Heath.



Hypericum Henryi.



Barberry Hedge.



Elvira Aramayo.



Lady Ashtown.



Duchess of Wellington.

Hardy Everblooming Hybrid Tea Roses

Two-year XX Grade.

Under this heading we offer only the very best and most popular well tried varieties of Hybrid Tea Roses, with the majority of which every lover of the Rose is familiar. We recommend this collection for general planting to the amateur who wishes the finest varieties, and who is desirous of a supply of extra choice flowers to cut throughout the season. There is not one individual sort which we cannot endorse as possessing superior merit; all having been thoroughly tested.

Each Doz. 100

Betty Uprichard. One of those delightfully contrastive types; the outside a blend of deep toned carmine with coppery orange; the interior being mostly a delicate salmon-pink. Strong garden variety; sweetly fragrant\$0.80 \$9.00 \$70.00

Caroline Testout. One of the most popular and valuable bedding varieties; large, full, globular flowers of bright satiny rose, with brighter center, very free and fragrant. The Rose that made Portland, Oregon, famous as the Rose City80 9.00 70.00

Columbia. This beautiful Rose is not only one of the most popular Winter cut flowers, but has also proven itself a good bedding or garden variety. It is of strong, vigorous habit and exceptionally free blooming. The flowers, of good size, are perfect in form, both in bud as well as when fully expanded. Color a most pleasing shade of rose-pink and delightfully fragrant70 8.00 60.00

Charles K. Douglas. An English Rose of vigorous, upright growth, and liberal, fragrant bloom which is of delightful form. Color a flaming scarlet flushed with velvety crimson70 8.00 60.00

Crusader. Large, massive, high pointed buds and full double flowers on stiff stems; fine for cutting; color a rich crimson; particularly good in late Summer and Fall70 8.00 60.00

Claudius Pernet. We give below Mr. Pernet-Ducher's own description. "A most vigorous grower of erect branching habit, beautiful, brilliant green foliage, long pointed buds of exquisite shape, carried on long, stiff stems. Very large, full flowers with elongated deep petals; a beautifully formed bloom. Color most striking sunflower yellow, deeper in the center, without any color blending, and which is retained without fading even in the warmest weather." Strong, 2-year-old plants70 8.00 60.00

Duchess of Wellington. The most popular yellow garden Rose. Intense saffron-yellow, stained with deep crimson, changing to a deep coppery saffron-yellow as the flowers are fairly full, with large petals, great substance, delightfully fragrant and very free flowering80 9.00 70.00

Earl Haig. A type rare among red Roses, and so of obvious interest to the selective buyer. Outside of its fragrance; freedom and unfading cherry-crimson color; the thick, rolling petalage, and permanent high-built center, fix its superiority over less compact varieties. A splendid associate with the white "Edel"80 9.00 70.00

Elvira Aramayo. A flaming, arresting color newly applied to Roses as "Indian red." This seems to be a unique association of orange-carmine, with tones of madder, salmon and pink. The buds are long and pointed, plentiful, opening into large flowers of cactus shape with some quilled petals; a showy garden type, with straight stems and bushy growth70 8.00 60.00

Edel. An enormous bold, stately, well built flower of great depth, quality and finish. Color white with faintest ivory shading towards the base, passing to a pure white. A fine grower with uniform, stout habit. Very free flowering, opening well in all weather, delightfully scented. Considered the finest white Rose yet introduced70 8.00 60.00

The Wayside Gardens Company, Mentor, Ohio

HARDY EVERBLOOMING HYBRID TEA ROSES—Continued.

	Each	Doz.	100
Eldorado (Land of Gold). In this we have an exact counterpart of Miss Lolita Armour, in the large sized flowers of distinct formation, vigorous growth, and free-flowering habit and fragrance, but in color it is of the golden yellow that is peculiar to the climbing Rose Marechal Niel, with the base of the petals slightly tinted red	\$0.90	\$10.00	\$85.00
Etoile de France. The strong, upright bushes have beautiful bronze-green foliage, which is not subject to insect attack. The bushes are blooming constantly, producing large, massive, deep, full cup-formed flowers on magnificent, long, stiff stems of a clear red or velvety crimson..	.70	8.00	60.00
Francis Scott Key. Very large, double flowers of a rich crimson-red; a strong, sturdy grower and free bloomer that always attracts attention; particularly good in the Fall .....	.70	8.00	60.00
General MacArthur. A well known favorite, and one of the best all-round bedding Roses in our collection; it is one of the earliest and most perpetual flowering sorts; its flowers are of good form, of a warm, rich crimson-scarlet, and delightfully scented .....	.70	8.00	60.00
Golden Emblem. Beautifully formed long buds opening up into fine, fragrant, golden flowers. The color is rich, a yellow cadmium toning to sunflower yellow. A splendid yard and garden type, blooming profusely and continuously throughout the season .....	.80	9.00	70.00
Gorgeous. Flowers large, full and exquisitely formed; of an amber-yellow, veined with reddish copper, a most striking and novel color; it is of strong, vigorous habit .....	.80	9.00	70.00
Gruss an Teplitz. This is a Rose for everybody, succeeding under the most ordinary conditions. In color it is of the richest scarlet, shading to a velvety crimson; very fragrant; a free, strong grower and in bloom all the time .....	.70	8.00	60.00
H. V. Machin. A gorgeous flower of large size, in color an intense rich scarlet-crimson, carried on rigid, sturdy stems with ideal foliage. A vigorous, strong growing Rose for the garden .....	.70	8.00	60.00
Jonkheer J. L. Mock. One of the best bedding varieties. The flowers, which are produced with the greatest freedom on long, stiff stems, are of large size and of perfect form, of a deep imperial pink, the outside of the petals silvery rose-white..	.70	8.00	60.00
Juliet. Globular, golden buds, opening to a full, rather cupped bloom of glowing pink strongly contrasted with old gold on the outer surface of the petals. Plant of strong Hybrid Perpetual habit, with curiously curling foliage .....	.70	8.00	60.00
John C. Mensing. A lovely shade of deep, bright rose-pink, favoring the Ophelia type in construction and habit. An excellent forcing kind with long buds, perfect flowers and sweet fragrance. May be styled a "glorified" Mme. Butterfly .....	.90	10.00	85.00
Kaiserin Augusta Victoria. This splendid Rose should be in every collection. In color it is a soft pearly white, tinted with just enough lemon in the center to relieve the white; remarkably fragrant, beautifully formed flowers on long, graceful stems; a strong, free, healthy grower ...	.70	8.00	60.00
Killarney. This is the best known of Dickson's famous Irish Hybrid Tea Roses, and is one of the most popular of our garden Roses. In color it is a sparkling brilliant pink; the blooms are large, the buds long and pointed, the petals very large and of great substance .....	.70	8.00	60.00



Eldorado.



Francis Scott Key.



Jonkheer J. L. Mock.

The Wayside Gardens Company, Mentor, Ohio



Kaiserin Augusta Victoria.



Etoile de France.



Killarney.

HARDY EVERBLOOMING HYBRID TEA ROSES—Continued.

	Each	Doz.	100
Killarney Brilliant. A sport from Killarney but more intense in coloring; a rich glowing shade of rosy carmine. It is also larger and more double than its parent ..	\$0.70	\$8.00	\$60.00
Killarney, White. A duplicate of the charming pink Killarney, with flowers white as snow ..	.70	8.00	60.00
Lady Alice Stanley. A gem that everyone admires; it is absolutely perfect in every way: form, color, size, freedom of bloom and fragrance are fully developed; in color it is a beautiful shade of coral-rose, the inside of the petals shading to flesh pink with deeper flushes ..	.70	8.00	60.00
Lady Ashtown. A very free-flowering variety, producing fine blooms throughout the season. The flowers are large and of a delicate soft rose color, shading to yellow at the base ..	.80	9.00	70.00
Lady Hillingdon. A beautiful coppery shade of apricot-yellow, beautiful in the bud; a strong, vigorous grower and very free flowering ..	.80	9.00	70.00
La France. Of all the Hybrid Teas there are none which excel the La France Roses in all the good points necessary to a good Rose. Practically hardy everywhere; splendidly adapted for general planting and deserves a place in every flower garden of America. Exceedingly sweet and handsome flowers and buds of large size; color lovely shade of silvery pink, tinged with crimson; fragrance delicious; flowers very full and beautiful ..	.70	8.00	60.00
Laurent Carle. Produces its large, deliciously scented, brilliant carmine flowers throughout the season, nearly as good in hot, dry weather as under more favorable weather conditions. A vigorous grower, and as hardy as a Hybrid Perpetual ....	.70	8.00	60.00
Los Angeles. This is, by all odds, one of the finest Roses ever introduced. The growth is very vigorous, and produces a continuous succession of long-stemmed flowers of a luminous flame-pink, toned with coral and shaded with translucent gold at the base of the petals. In richness of fragrance it equals in intensity the finest Marechal Niel. The buds are long and pointed, and expand into a flower of mammoth proportions, while the beauty of form and ever-increasing wealth of color is maintained from the incipient bud until the last petal drops ..	.70	8.00	60.00
Luxembourg. A fine large, fully double Rose of vigorous branching habit, and unusual freedom for the color which is a rich golden yellow ..	.70	8.00	60.00
Mme. Alexandre Dreux. An excellent golden yellow of deep tone, with full, shapely flowers on erect branches ..	.90	10.00	85.00
Madame Butterfly. A symphony of white, bright pink, apricot and gold. Compared with Ophelia, this derivation is fuller-petaled, more prolific, and of greater color appeal. The buds are a rich Indian red, yellow at base ..	.70	8.00	60.00
Mme. Edouard Herriot. The Daily Mail Rose. In color its buds are coral-red, shaded with yellow at the base; the open flowers of medium size, semi-double, are of a superb coral-red, shaded with yellow and bright rosy scarlet passing to shrimp-red ..	.70	8.00	60.00
Mme. Jules Bouche. While not a pure white, being at times slightly tinted with blush at the center, it is to all intents white and without question the best white everblooming bedding Rose yet introduced. The flowers are large, quite double and of splendid form both in the bud as well as in the full expanded flower; it is fragrant, a vigorous grower and very free flowering ..	.70	8.00	60.00

The Wayside Gardens Company, Mentor, Ohio

HARDY EVERBLOOMING HYBRID TEA ROSES—Continued.

	Each	Doz.	100
Mme. Marcel Delanney. Tender rose color shaded with hydrangea-pink. Flowers large, full and fragrant, borne with satisfying freedom	\$0.70	\$8.00	\$60.00
Mrs. Ambrose Ricardo. Very large, full blooms of pale pink and light yellow, of firm, incurved form, and some fragrance. The plant is usually very strong, exceedingly floriferous, but not entirely resistant to disease. One of the finest and very largest of all Roses. Its enormous blooms improve in color and texture and keep for days after being cut. Its growth is often a little erratic and its foliage needs protection .....	.90	10.00	85.00
Mrs. Aaron Ward. A remarkably floriferous variety of strong, vigorous, but compact growth; the flowers, which are of splendid form, full double, are equally attractive when full blown as in the bud state; in color a distinct Indian yellow, shading lighter towards the edges .....	.70	8.00	60.00
Mrs. Prentiss Nichols. (R. Scott & Sons, 1923). Massive blooms of dark pink, moderately fragrant. Stiff, robust growth, splendid foliage, and fairly free flowering. It is one of the most interesting of new American Roses. Foliage is superb; flowers imposing .....	.70	8.00	60.00
Mrs. Wakefield Christie-Miller. As a pink bedding Rose there is none better, and particularly so for massing. The flowers, which are of large size, remain perfect on the bushes for a long time, and are produced very freely; they are of a bright pink color with lighter shading; the plant is vigorous and free .....	.70	8.00	60.00
Mrs. Chas. Bell. Soft shell-pink with a salmon background. It retains its full globular shape an unusually long period ....	.70	8.00	60.00
Mrs. Redford. One of the most distinctive and desirable Roses of recent introduction. Bright apricot-orange; one of the most lovely of this tone of color, an upright grower with holly-like mildew-proof foliage. The flowers are substantially built, perfect in form, very free blooming and sweetly scented; a superb bedding Rose .....	.90	10.00	85.00
Milady. (H.T.). (Pierson, 1913). Crimson-scarlet. Color similar to Richmond. Flowers large, full and well formed; carried on stiff stems .....	.70	8.00	60.00
Miss Lolita Armour (Howard & Smith, 1920). The coloring of this variety is difficult to describe, and is absolutely distinct. The flowers are of large size, full double, with petals of great substance and delightfully fragrant. As the flowers expand they develop to a deep coral-red with a golden coppery red suffusion, the base of the petals a rich golden yellow with coppery red sheen. The plant is a strong, vigorous grower and very free flowering. At the great Bagatelle Gardens in Paris, France, this was singled out in 1921 for the highest prize, a Gold Medal, while at the Test Garden of the American Rose Society at Portland, Oregon, it was awarded the Silver Medal and Bronze Certificate of the City of Portland. ....	.70	8.00	60.00
Ophelia. A variety which has made a record for itself that qualifies it to be classed with the very best, a Rose that is admired by everyone; its flowers are held erect on long, stiff stems, are of perfect form, good size, and of a most pleasing, delicate tint of salmon-flesh, shaded with rose; very floriferous .....	.70	8.00	60.00
Premier. The blooms are immense, often measuring 5 and 6 inches across the open flower; buds long, full and pointed. Growth remarkable, being strong and sturdy, each bloom borne on heavy canes, almost thornless and 4 and 5 feet long. Foliage dark, glossy green, free from disease or insects. Color is deep rose-pink, without shadings and retains its color in the open flower. Highly fragrant. 2-year plants ..	.70	8.00	60.00
Radiance. An ideal bedding Rose of American origin that continues to produce its large flowers throughout the most unfavorable hot Summer weather when frequently many other varieties fail; in color a brilliant carmine-pink, with salmon-pink and yellow shadings at the base of the petals; truly a Rose for every garden ...	.70	8.00	60.00



Mrs. Redford.



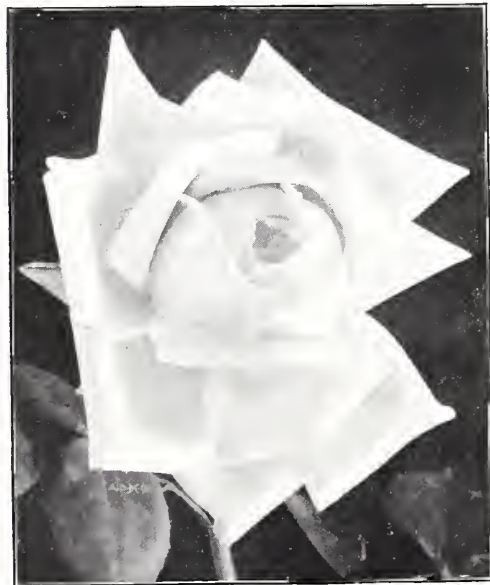
Madame Butterfly.



Ophelia.



Sensation.



Radiance.

HARDY EVERBLOOMING HYBRID TEA ROSES—Continued.

	Each	Doz.	100
Red Radiance. A counterpart of Radiance from which it is a "sport," possessing all the good traits of that valuable variety but differing in color, which is a bright cerise-red	\$0.70	\$8.00	\$60.00
Sensation (H.T.). Enormous scarlet-crimson blooms of fine deep form; double, 30 to 35 petals of great size and substance; very sweetly scented. Plant is strong and very active in sending up new blooming shoots .....	.90	10.00	85.00
Souvenir de Claudius Pernet. (See Claudius Pernet, page 60).			
Souvenir de George Beckwith. A strong and vigorous grower of erect branching habit with large, full, globular flowers on good stiff stems; color shrimp-pink tinted chrome-yellow, shading to deeper yellow at the base of the petals .....	.70	8.00	60.00
Sunburst. A magnificent giant yellow forcing Rose, also well adapted for outdoor growing, being a vigorous and healthy Rose. Buds long and pointed, borne singly on long, stout stems, opening full and double. An excellent cut flower variety, having excellent keeping qualities. A very vigorous grower, reddish bronze foliage. The color is superb orange-copper or golden orange, with a deep orange center. This Rose creates a sensation wherever grown .....	.80	9.00	70.00
Soleil d'Or. Color varying from orange-yellow to reddish gold, shaded with nasturtium-red .....	.70	8.00	60.00
Una Wallace. A recent novelty, almost alone in its particular color shade, which may best be designated a soft cherry-rose without separation or shading. In size, style and habit there can be little criticism, and its production of sweetly fragrant bloom is very liberal .....	.70	8.00	60.00
Wilhelm Kordes (Kordes & Sons, 1922). Long pointed buds opening to full double flowers, a rich capucine red overlaying a golden ground; wonderfully prolific .....	.90	10.00	85.00
Willowmere. Of coral-red color, suffused with carmine in the bud state, and opens to a large, full, handsome flower of a rich shrimp-pink, shaded yellow in the center and flushed carmine-pink towards the edges .....	.70	8.00	60.00
William F. Dreer. A beautiful Rose of the same parentage as Los Angeles, and which, for delicacy of coloring, is not comparable to any other variety. The flowers, similar in shape to Los Angeles, are at their best when half expanded. Color a soft, silvery shell-pink, base of petals rich golden yellow, which, at certain stages of development, gives a golden suffusion to the entire flower .....	.70	8.00	60.00

Write for our cultural directions on Roses, it will be sent free of charge.

Baby Rambler Roses

A type of Roses which is deservedly very popular for bedding purposes. They form shapely, compact, bushy specimens, most of them growing about 18 inches high, producing in great profusion, from early in the season until severe frost, immense trusses of small flowers. Pruning is not necessary; simply remove the past season's flower stems.

Eblouissant. (New). A beautiful garnet-red Baby Rambler; very free flowering and excellent bedding variety. 60c each; \$7.00 per doz.; \$50.00 per 100.

Orleans. One of the best; flowers of comparatively large size, of brilliant geranium-red, becoming suffused with rose as the flowers mature, and large, white center; a very pretty color combination. 60c each; \$7.00 per doz.; \$50.00 per 100.

Cecile Brunner (The Fairy or Sweetheart Rose). A Polyantha variety with dainty double little flowers of perfect form produced in many flowered, graceful sprays; color a soft rosy pink on a rich creamy white ground. 70c each; \$8.00 per doz.; \$60.00 per 100.

Ellen Poulsen. A most floriferous dark, brilliant pink, very sweetly scented. 60c each; \$7.00 per doz.; \$50.00 per 100.

Princess Juliana. (New). A daintier, sweeter combination of maidenblush and peach and ivory is inconceivable. The florets are prettily waved, and strung along the branched sprays in joyous abandon. The plant growth and habit is apparently equal to any in the class, while the flower beauty is absolutely irresistible. 70c each; \$8.00 per doz.; \$60.00 per 100.

Baby Tausendschoen. A prevailing flesh-pink; in beautiful, full clusters. 60c each; \$7.00 per doz.; \$50.00 per 100.

HYBRID PERPETUAL ROSES

The varieties listed below are unquestionably the best that can be selected in the Hybrid Perpetual class, which, before the development of the Hybrid Teas, was the most popular type for garden planting, and even now they dare not be overlooked, but should be used extensively in conjunction with the other sorts, and especially so in localities where the hardiness of the Hybrid Tea varieties has not been established. The collection here offered embraces as complete a range of colors as it is possible to bring together in such a number of plants, with freedom of flowering, perfect form, fragrance, hardiness and general excellence.

	Each	Doz.	100
Capt. Hayward. Red with deep center; the flowers are large, globular and borne on long stems	\$0.70	\$8.00	\$60.00
Eugene Furst. Beautiful, velvety crimson, with distinct shading of maroon. One of the richest, showiest and freest blooming of the reds .....	.70	8.00	60.00
Frau Karl Druschki. This is the ideal hardy white Rose; pure in color, perfect in form, strong grower and remarkably free flowering; superb in every way .....	.70	8.00	60.00
George Arends or Pink Frau Karl Druschki. This is a pink, or rather a tender rose colored form of the popular white Frau Karl Druschki, possessing not only the exquisite form, large size, and remarkable free-flowering habits of its parent, but in addition to this, it is also highly perfumed; a Rose worthy of a place in every garden .....	.70	8.00	60.00
Mrs. John Laing. Soft pink, of beautiful form; exceedingly fragrant and remarkably free flowering; always does well and stands very close to the top among fine Roses .....	.70	8.00	60.00
Paul Neyron. Dark rose of enormous size; perhaps the largest of all .....	.70	8.00	60.00
Prince Camille de Rohan. Deep velvety crimson-maroon, shaded scarlet; a magnificent dark Rose .....	.70	8.00	60.00
General Jacqueminot. Brilliant scarlet-crimson; an old favorite and one of the best known Roses in cultivation; does well everywhere .....	.70	8.00	60.00

THREE NEW ROSES

MARY WALLACE

Originated at the Maryland Station of the Department of Agriculture by the late lamented Dr. W. Van Fleet. The Department describes it as a pillar Rose, making a fine, strong, self-supporting plant 6 to 8 feet high, with large, glossy foliage, blooming with great freedom in Spring and bearing a considerable number of fine buds in Summer and Fall. Flowers very large, generally exceeding 4 inches across; well formed, semi-double, of a bright, clear rose-pink with salmon base to the petals. 70c each; \$8.00 per doz.; \$60.00 per 100.

ROSA HUGONIS

This species, recently introduced from China, is unlike any other Rose. It is of shrub-like habit of growth and naturally forms symmetrical bushes about 6 feet high, and the same in diameter and while not suited to plant in the Rose border, it is an invaluable subject when planted in connection with other shrubs or as single specimens in the garden.

Its delicate yellow single flowers are produced on long, arching sprays early in May, every branch of the previous season's growth becomes lined on both sides to the very tips with these attractive flowers, and after it has finished flowering it remains an attractive decorative bush for the balance of the season; perfectly hardy. Strong, 2-year-old plants, 70c each; \$8.00 per doz.; \$60.00 per 100.

NEW HYBRID RUGOSA ROSE

F. J. GROOTENDORST

This is a new type of Rose, which might properly be called a Rugosa Baby Rambler, being a cross between Rugosa and the crimson Baby Rambler. Imagine a shrub-like Rugosa Rose covered with trusses of crimson Baby Rambler Roses and you will have a fair conception of this new hybrid variety. It is not a Rose that you want to plant in with your bed of hybrid Tea and Hybrid Perpetual Roses, but is valuable to plant as an isolated specimen or in a mass in a bed in an exposed position or among shrubs in the shrubbery border or use it for an everblooming hedge, for which purpose it is admirably adapted. It is absolutely hardy and continues to bloom until late in the Fall. Strong, 2-year-old plants, 70c each; \$8.00 per doz.; \$60.00 per 100.



George Arends.

This is the Pink Frau Karl Druschki and the finest of all the pink Hybrid Perpetual Roses.



Mrs. John Laing.



Climbing American Beauty.



Dr. W. Van Fleet.

Hardy Climbing and Rambler Roses

Climbing Roses require no pruning in the Spring beyond the cutting out of very old or dead wood, and the shortening of the laterals and long canes to make the growth conform to the space to be covered; but a severe pruning in July, directly after they have finished flowering, is beneficial. Cutting away at that time all old flowering wood will encourage a vigorous growth, which will give an abundance of flowers the following season. We offer on this page a selection of twelve of the most modern Hardy Climbing and Rambler Roses.

American Pillar. A single-flowering variety of great beauty. The flowers are of large size, 3 to 4 inches across, of a lovely shade of pink with a clear white eye and clusters of yellow stamens. These flowers are borne in immense bunches, and a large plant in full bloom is a sight not easily forgotten. 60c each; \$7.00 per doz.; \$50.00 per 100.

Climbing American Beauty. Its name is somewhat misleading, but it is one of the best climbing Roses. A strong, healthy, vigorous grower, frequently making shoots 10 to 12 feet long, and good sized flowers for a climbing Rose that blooms so freely. Color a pleasing rose-pink; of splendid form; good substance. 60c each; \$7.00 per doz.; \$50.00 per 100.

Dorothy Perkins. Soft shell-pink; flowering profusely in large clusters. Very fragrant and lasting. A grand Rose in every way. 60c each; \$7.00 per doz.; \$50.00 per 100.

Dr. W. Van Fleet. A Rose which on account of its dainty color and exquisitely shaped buds and flowers, appeals to everyone. The long, pointed buds are of a rich flesh-pink on stems 12 to 18 inches long. Splendid for cutting. 60c each; \$7.00 per doz.; \$50.00 per 100.

Excelsa. (H.W.). This sort is also known as "Red Dorothy Perkins," and carries the glossy, varnished appearance of foliage shown by that sort, assuring a constant shade all Summer wherever used. The flowers of scarlet-crimson are borne in large trusses, are very double and large, and are produced with the greatest profusion. It is the most valuable sort of its type. 60c each; \$7.00 per doz.; \$50.00 per 100.

White Dorothy Perkins. (H. W.) A pure white climber, identical with Dorothy Perkins except the color. Without doubt the best white climber. 60c each; \$7.00 per doz.; \$50.00 per 100.

Flower of Fairfield. (Cl. P.). Also called the "Everblooming Crimson Rambler." Combines the beauty of the well known Crimson Rambler with a continuous blooming habit, the new growth bearing large clusters of crimson blooms through the Summer continuously. Be sure to include this sort in your selection. 60c each; \$7.00 per doz.; \$50.00 per 100.

Hiawatha. Small flowers; deep ruby-crimson, accentuated by a white eye, uniquely borne in long trails of 40 to 50 blooms. 60c each; \$7.00 per doz.; \$50.00 per 100.

Paul's Scarlet Climber. No other Rose in any class can compare with it for brilliancy of color, which is a vivid scarlet. Flowers are semi-double, very freely produced in clusters of from 3 to 20 flowers each on much branched canes. It is of strong climbing habit and perfectly hardy. One of the most popular climbing Roses. 60c each; \$7.00 per doz.; \$50.00 per 100.

Roserie. Of same habit of growth and flowering as Tausenschoen, but of a deeper and more even shade of cerise-pink or carmine; of strong, vigorous growth and a free bloomer. 60c each; \$7.00 per doz.; \$50.00 per 100.

Silver Moon. Different from all other Roses, with beautiful semi-double flowers, 4½ inches and over in diameter; pure white in color; petals of great substance, beautifully cupped, forming a Clematis-like flower. The large bunch of yellow stamens in the center adds to its attractiveness. 60c each; \$7.00 per doz.; \$50.00 per 100.

Star of Persia. A brilliant new Rose with flowers on the order of the lovely old Harrison's Yellow; semi-double, bright yellow, and about 3 inches across. It makes a striking low climber or pillar Rose from 8 to 10 feet high, bursting into showers of sparkling bloom in June. It does not fade and the flower trusses last several weeks. \$1.00 each.

Brief Suggestions for Planting Roses

UPON the arrival of the plants, open the bundle in a sheltered place and soak them thoroughly, or immerse the plants in a pail or tub of water for a few hours. After removing them from the water, cut away broken or damaged roots. Take care not to expose the roots to sun and wind.

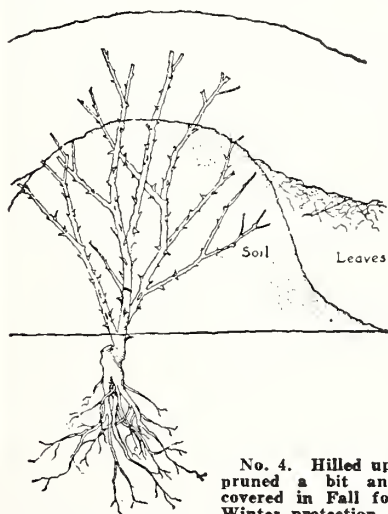
The ground should be thoroughly prepared, breaking the subsoil. To do this, it is necessary to dig 15 to 18 inches deep and to mix a liberal supply of well-rotted manure or other fertilizer with the soil. A little air-slaked lime will help sweeten it.

Dig a hole large enough to accommodate the roots and spread them on the bottom of the hole, in the same position as you would place your hand on a flat surface. When filling it, lift and shake the plant lightly in order that the soil may sift between the roots, and after this operation, firm with the hands and feet. Be sure that the lower parts of the lower branches are at least 2 inches below the surface of the soil. (Picture No. 1.) Do not plant on a mound, the surface should be level, or a slight depression left around the plant. Cut back the branches within 2 to 4 inches of the surface of the ground, leaving the stronger branches 4 inches high above the soil. (Pictures 2 and 3).

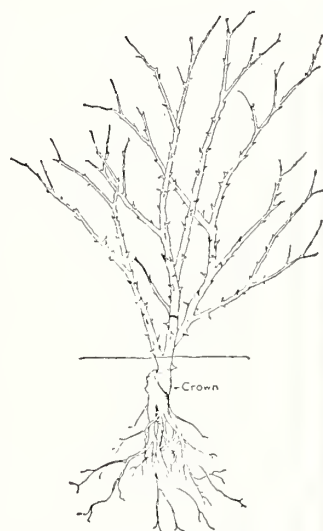
In cultivating Roses, the soil cannot be kept too tight at the roots and too loose on the surface during the growing season.

The branches of Climbing Roses should be cut back to 18 to 24 inches. A few flowers will develop the first year, by using this idea, although our method is to cut back the Climbers, when they are being transplanted in our Nursery, to within 2 to 4 inches of the main stem of the plant. Climbing Roses pruned this way will eventually give most satisfactory results.

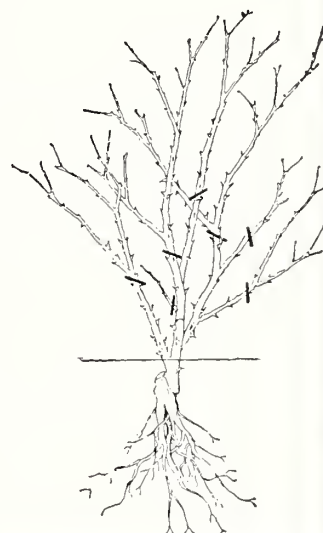
In Fall, just before cold weather sets in and frost enters the ground, mound the soil around the branches of the plant at least 10 inches high, and cover with a little straw or some other loose litter. This will prevent the wind and sun from drying the branches during the Winter. (Picture 4).



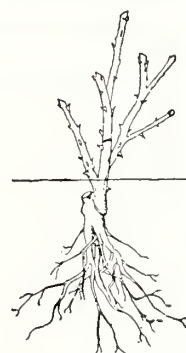
Write for our most complete pamphlet on how to take care of roses. A copy will be sent gladly upon request.



No. 1. Roses as received. Note depth to plant.



No. 2. Note where to prune.



No. 3. Properly pruned.



Amaryllis Hippeastrum.

Amaryllis Hippeastrum

(Tender—Indoor Only)

Giant American Hybrid. There is nothing that will give the amateur greater pleasure for the window garden than these giant-flowering Amaryllis that are so easily managed. The strain we offer is the finest that has ever been produced in this country: strong bulbs throwing vigorous stems with from four to six giant blooms of the most perfect form, ranging in color from pure white grounds with varied markings of rose, red and crimson to the richest self-colors as scarlet, crimson, bright red, cherry, and almost maroon. We can supply in mixture only. Large, strong bulbs. 60c each; \$7.00 per doz.; \$50.00 per 100.

Begonias, Tuberous-Rooted

This charming class of Begonias is perhaps the handsomest of all Summer-flowering, tuberous-rooted plants, and deserves even greater popularity. Particularly useful for planting in porch or window boxes in a semi-shady position. Their culture is of the simplest, and with the least regard for their requirements they will repay with an abundance and brilliancy of bloom not equalled by any other class of plants.

SINGLE TUBEROUS-ROOTED BEGONIAS

	Doz.	100
Crimson, Scarlet, Salmon, Pink and White	\$2.00	\$15.00
Finest Mixed	1.60	12.00

DOUBLE TUBEROUS-ROOTED BEGONIAS

Crimson, Scarlet, Salmon, Pink and White	2.50	18.00
Choice Mixed	2.00	15.00

Callas

Golden Yellow (Richardia Elliottiana). This is the best of the Yellow Callas; its flowers being as large as the popular white variety, but of a rich, lustrous, golden yellow, of velvety texture; the foliage is dark green, with translucent creamy white spots, which add much to its beauty. Strong bulbs. 30c each; \$3.00 per doz.

Cannas, Orchid-Flowered

This set contains ten well tried varieties, all of which have been found worthy of being considered as leaders in their respective types and colors.

	Three	Doz.	100
Cheerfulness. Its name aptly describes the lively beauty of this charming variety. Bright, fiery, deep orange florets which are broadly bordered golden yellow. The large trusses are carried very erect over the massive foliage and are produced in great profusion. 3½ feet	\$0.40	\$1.00	\$7.00
Gladiator. Deep yellow, freely dotted with red; a popular bedder. 4½ feet .....	.40	1.00	7.00
Lahneck. Rosy carmine with scarlet suffusion and narrow golden yellow border. 4 feet .....	.40	1.00	7.00
King Humbert. The most popular of Cannas. Great orange-scarlet flowers surmounting beautiful vigorous deep bronze foliage. 5 feet .....	.40	1.00	7.00
Statue of Liberty. An extremely vigorous grower with bronze foliage and large orange-scarlet flowers. 6 feet .....	.40	1.00	7.00
The Ambassador. Appropriately referred to as the "Bronze-Leaved President." A wonderfully vigorous free-flowering brilliant cherry-red. 5 feet .....	.65	1.75	12.00
The Gem. The immense trusses of flowers are borne on upright branching stems well above the foliage and are of deep cream or straw yellow color dotted with carmine; very attractive and unusually refined. 4 feet .....	.40	1.00	7.00
The President. The greatest red Canna, possessing every desirable quality. Of immense size, unsurpassed in vigor, penetrating color, and a free bloomer. 5 feet. .40	1.00	7.00	
Wyoming. Bronze purple foliage, immense spikes of massive orange flowers. 6 feet. .40	1.00	7.00	
Yellow King Humbert. A sport from the bronze leaved flowering King Humbert. Flowers are yellow dotted orange-scarlet. The occasional reversion of a stalk of foliage and flowers to the typical King Humbert makes a bed of this variety very interesting. 4½ feet .....	.40	1.00	7.00



Canna, King Humbert.



Tuberous-Rooted Begonia, Double.

Gladioli

Only the Finest Varieties are Herewith Offered.

	Doz.	100
Albania. Flower wide open, four inches and over in diameter; broad petals with rounded tips and beautifully crimped edges. The background is of the purest glistening white, with very faint pink mottling, which is noticeable only on close observation. Five flowers are open at a time; a splendid keeper. Height 4 feet; 14 to 16 flowers to the spike; very healthy, vigorous grower	\$1.00	\$7.50
Anna Eberius. Deep purple, shading into very deep bordeaux center. Large blooms, many open at one time; well placed on tall spike. A grand variety .....	.75	6.00
Anthony B. Kunderd. Tall, large, intensely ruffled flower of delicate, deep cream color, overspread finest blush pink. Entire lower petals beautiful primrose-cream flushed pink at edges. Fine variety	1.00	7.50
Baron Joseph Hulot. Rich, deep indigo; medium sized flowers; tall spikes	1.00	7.50
Byron L. Smith. One of the best varieties; most refined lavender-pink on white ground. Color equal to a very choice Cattleya orchid; many blooms open at one time; effective and fine as a cut flower	1.25	9.00
Captain Boynton. One of the nicest lavender colors in existence, with little darker spot on lower petals. Large flowers, well placed on stems	1.60	11.00
Crimson Glow. Very large flowers, wide open, of the finest form, exceedingly well placed on very tall spike; a beautiful glowing crimson of a deep tone; earliest and most beautiful of all in this color .....	.75	6.00
Dr. F. E. Bennett. Peach-red, overlaid with flame-scarlet, throat stippled with ruby and white. A very large, attractive red with plenty of vigor. The flowers have good substance and good arrangement. This is one of those reds that stand out in a class by themselves. It is sure to be the one you will see if you go into the garden when it is in bloom	2.00	16.00
Evelyn Kirtland. The flowers, of strong substance, are a fine shade of rosy pink, darker at the edges, fading to a shell-pink at the center, with brilliant small scarlet blotches on the lower petals. Very large flower spike; straight but slender and bending gracefully .....	.75	6.00
Elizabeth Tabor. Petals are delicate rosy pink on white ground, lower ones bearing a rich dark crimson blotch which terminates in a diamond of soft yellow. Grows tall, but rarely has a crooked stalk. Flower spike very long, with a number of flowers open at once, gracefully placed. Extremely early	1.15	8.00
E. J. Shaylor. A beautiful pure deep rose-pink, ruffled variety; awarded certificate of merit by the Royal Horticultural Society of England; a tall, very strong plant with large blooms; very choice .....	.75	6.00
Fern Kyle. A large ruffled flower of creamy white color. Vigorous grower. Creates a sensation wherever shown. Introduced at \$25.00 per bulb	1.60	11.00
Flora. A golden yellow variety of great excellence, being a free, strong grower with splendid spikes and flowers of large size	1.15	8.00
Golden Measure. The incomparable true golden yellow; without question the most magnificent Gladiolus under cultivation; gigantic spike carrying wide open flowers of fine form. Excellent in every way. Rating 96 out of a possible 100	1.60	11.00
Giant Nymph. La France pink; with creamy yellow throat; very large, wide-open flowers, long spikes and flowers well arranged on the stem. This is without question one of the very best recent introductions. If it is not in your collection, buy it ...	1.15	8.00
Herada. Blooms of immense size on tall, straight spikes. Pure mauve-pink, glistening and clear. Unusually striking and attractive .....	.75	6.00
Le Marechal Foch. This might briefly be described as an improved America, having the same soft flesh-pink color, but with much larger blooms and coming into flower two weeks earlier. Of unusually strong, vigorous growth with splendid, straight, well filled spikes .....	.60	4.00
Louise. The lavender queen among the Gladioli. Velvety wine-colored blotch toward the center. Large, well opened, orchid-like flower .....	.75	6.00
Mrs. Dr. Norton. Exceptionally and delicately beautiful color; pale flesh pink with primrose center, tinted rosy on lower petals	1.00	7.00
Mrs. Francis King. A striking shade of light scarlet or flame color; one of the most effective .....	.60	4.00



Golden Yellow Calla.



Gladioli, Louise.



Gladiolus, Mrs. Frank Pendleton.



Hyacinthus Candicans—Cape Hyacinth.

GLADIOLI—Continued.

	Doz.	100
Mrs. Frank Pendleton. All experts agree that this is one of the finest varieties yet introduced. The flowers are of largest size, borne on strong, straight spikes. In color a lovely salmon-pink, with brilliant deep red blotches in the throat. A color combination rivaling many of the finest orchids in its richness; exquisite in every way	\$0.70	\$5.00
Mrs. Frederick C. Peters. Beautiful shade of rose-lilac, with crimson blotch bordered white on lower segment; resembling an orchid in color. Flowers of large size and many open at one time on a strong stem. Healthy plant with good green foliage	1.25	9.00
Mrs. Leon Douglas. Flowers of enormous size, many open at a time on very tall, strong stems. Color, begonia-rose, striped with flame scarlet; lower petals lemon, speckled ruby	1.50	12.00
Panama. A favorite wherever high-grade varieties are grown; in color a rich rose-pink .....	.60	4.00
Peace. Immense pure white flowers with a touch of carmine in the lower petals. These are borne on tall, graceful spikes; a beautiful and exceedingly refined variety .....	.60	4.00
Prince of Wales. An early flowering sort with fine spikes of large flowers of delicate apricot-pink suffused salmon .....	.70	5.00
Purple Glory. Large spike carrying enormous flowers of a fine, deep, velvety maroon, with almost black blotches; the giant of the Kunderdi Glory race. Remarkably colored. Beautifully ruffled ..	1.60	11.00
Rose Ash. Corinthian red shading into ashes-of-roses on the outer edges. Lower petals light yellow speckled with ruby. Flowers large and well placed. A grand combination of old rose tones and the general effect commonly known as "ashes-of-roses." In color, general formation of petals and growing habit it is different from existing types. The rare pastel colorings blend harmoniously with almost any color combination. Strong, tall spikes with many closely set, large blooms, immediately attract attention. Unquestionably the most artistic variety	1.00	7.00
War. A magnificent dark variety with tall spikes well filled with large flowers of a rich blood-red shaded with crimson-black .....	.75	6.00

Mixed Gladioli

Large-Flowered Exhibition Mixture of fine, large-flowering varieties, containing beautiful forms and shades that will harmonize well. \$30.00 per 1000..	.50	3.50
Primulinus Exhibition Mixture of finest improved Primulinus, containing the most beautiful forms and all pastel shadings that will harmonize well together ....	.50	3.50

Primulinus Hybrid Gladiolus

The original of this type, introduced from South Africa, has been wonderfully improved in the last few years by crossing with choice garden varieties; they are quite distinct from the usual run of Gladioli, being of more slender growth, the orchid-like flowers set airily on the slender, yet strong spikes; the range of colors is brilliant and beautiful, and planted in fair sized groups in the garden make a very showy display, but it is as cut flowers that their grace and wonderful coloring show to best advantage. We offer six choice named sorts as follows:

	Doz.	100
Alice Tiplady. Rich orange-saffron	\$0.60	\$4.00
Jewel. Light salmon-pink with golden yellow throat. ....	.70	5.00
Maidens Blush. Delicate shell-pink .....	.60	4.00
Myra. Rich salmon on yellow ground .....	.60	4.00
Rose Luisante. Charming pale pink .....	.70	5.00
Souvenir. Pure golden yellow .....	.75	6.00

Hyacinthus Candicans

(Cape Hyacinth)

A white Summer-flowering Hyacinth, growing 3 to 5 feet in height, gracefully surmounted with from 20 to 30 pure white, bell-shaped flowers. 30c per 3; \$1.00 per doz.; \$6.00 per 100.

Ismene Calathina

(Peruvian Daffodil)

A grand Summer-flowering bulb, producing with great freedom large Amaryllis-like, pure white, fragrant blossoms. Keep the bulbs in a dry, warm place, and plant out in June. Bulbs can be taken up in October, and, after a few weeks' rest, potted and flowered in the house in the Winter, or kept over for planting out another season. 15c each; \$1.25 per doz.; \$6.00 per 100.

Montbretia - Tritonia

Montbretias are graceful flowers of the mid-summer and Autumn, reflecting the colors of the Autumn and lending a charming gaiety and lightness to the borders.

For the best effect the small bulbs should be set only a few inches apart, and in groups of not less than a dozen, near the front of herbaceous borders or shrubbery. Thus planted the sheaves of narrow leaves and slender, arching stems strung with brilliant flowers, like miniature gladioli, have the appearance of little fountains of bright color—scarlet, yellow, orange, red often marked with brown. They flower for many weeks, and the gay patches of color are delightful indeed.

Their long lasting qualities make Montbretias most admirable for cutting, so that it is well to have a few hundred bulbs set out in some by-place where they may be cut for house decoration.

South of Philadelphia these Cape bulbs may with entire safety be left in the open ground over the Winter, and merely covered with a light mulch. But in the North they are best treated after the manner of gladioli and stored in some frost-proof place. They may be set out in the Spring as early as we plant gladioli, and should be put in the ground at least five inches deep.

Crocsmæflora. Pure yellow, reverse of petals orange; large flowers	Doz. 100	
Geo. Davison. Pale orange-yellow, tinted with deeper orange externally	\$0.60	\$4.00
Hereward. Pale orange-yellow, resembling the variety George Davison, but nearly one month later. The flowers have the shape of Martagon lilies ....	.75	6.00
King Edmund. A robust grower with large, open flowers, rich yellow, with a carmine-blotched center	1.15	8.00
Lady Hamilton. Yellow suffused with a richer color until it becomes apricot. The flowers are more trumpet shaped than other varieties and peculiarly graceful	1.15	8.00
Lord Nelson. A handsome dark-stemmed variety, flowers of great substance, of a rich, deep orange, outside vermillion	1.75	12.00
Prometheus. Award of Merit. A magnificent flower four inches in diameter; deepest orange with showy crimson ring around the eye; most distinct	1.75	12.00
Queen Adelaide. Award of Merit. Deep orange, shading to red almost as deep as Germania; very vigorous large flowers three to four inches in diameter	7.00	50.00
Rosea. A very lovely species, bearing in Summer dainty spikes of pretty rose colored tubular flowers. A charming little plant, distinct and very free flowering; while the individual flowers of this variety cannot be compared with many of the other named sorts, it is a plant well worth growing and splendid for table decoration, being very light in its habit	7.00	50.00
Star of the East. First Class Certificate; Award of Merit. One of the finest Montbretias ever raised; flowers pale orange yellow, with lemon-yellow eye, expanding quite flat and held erect. The flowers are much larger than any other variety, best blooms measuring two inches in diameter. The size, vigor, color and habit are magnificent and unequalled .....	.70	5.00
Rheingold. A beautiful clear golden yellow; large spike and very vigorous grower	7.00	50.00
Speciosa. Richest of all in color; flowers large, of intense scarlet shade	1.50	12.00
	1.15	8.00

Tigridia

(Shell Flower of Mexico)

Few flowers are more gorgeously colored or so beautiful. Plant in sunny positions in a flower border in well drained soil. Put a little sand under the bulb. Can also be used in beds. Blooms from middle of July to September.

	Doz.	100
Mixed	\$1.50	\$12.00

Tuberoses

Double Pearl. One of the most delightfully fragrant and beautiful of the Summer flowering bulbs. For flowering in the open, plant about the middle of May, or as soon as the ground becomes warm. Strong flowering bulbs

.65 4.00

Zephyranthes

(Zephyr Flower or Fairy Lilies)

Beautiful dwarf, bulbous plant, very effective for massing in the border, flowering with great profusion during the Summer. They are also suitable for pot culture and rock garden.

	Doz.	100
Alba. Pure white	\$0.70	\$ 5.00
Rosea. Large rose colored	1.85	14.00



Ismene Calathina.



Montbretia.



Zephyranthes Rosea.



Collection of Hardy Plants for Cut Flowers

Many requests are received each season for collections and lists of Hardy Plants that are suitable and profitable to grow for cut flowers. We have therefore compiled the list given below which will solve the problem for those interested in growing Hardy Plants in order to have on hand throughout the Summer a good and inexpensive supply of cut flowers for the wholesale market or store trade.

Achillea. Perry's White. White.
The Pearl. White.
Sibirica. Yellow.
Fine in dry bouquets.

Aconitum Fischeri. Blue, late Fall.

Anemone sylvestris. White. Fine large white bells for Mother's Day.

Anthemis tinctoria. Yellow. Good all Summer.

Aquilegia. Long Spurred Hybrids.
Wayside Pink. All other Aquilegia good. Above two are the best.

Artemisia lactiflora. White; sweet scented.
Silver King. Fine silvery foliage good in dry bouquets and filler between other flowers.

Asclepias tuberosa. Orange-yellow.

Aster Climax. Blue. Best of all Asters for cut flowers.

Buddleia magnifica (Summer Lilac).
Farquhari (Summer Lilac).

Campanula persicifolia. Blue.
Persicifolia alba. White.

Chrysanthemums. All varieties listed in this catalog.
Maximum. Shasta Daisy.
Sutton's May Queen. Very early.
Alaska. Midseason.
Etoile d'Or. Late.
Uliginosum. Midsummer.

Coreopsis. Yellow.

Delphinium. English Hybrids. Mixed shades of blue.
Belladonna. Pale blue.
Bellamosa. Dark blue.
Chinensis. Midsummer. Dark blue.
Chinensis Alba. Midsummer. White.

Dianthus barbatus. Sweet William. All varieties listed in this catalog.

Doronicum caucasicum. Golden yellow. Very early.

Echinops ritro. Steel blue thistle.

Erigeron. All varieties listed in this catalog.

Eryngium. All varieties listed in this catalog.

Eupatorium ageratoides. White. Fine for fill in.
Coelestinum. Blue. Excellent for late Fall.

Gaillardia. Orange and yellow. All Summer.

Gypsophila. Bristol Fairy. Double white.
Paniculata Compacta. Single white.
Paniculata Compacta fl. pl. Double white.
All three well known. Fine white blossoms.

Heleniums. All varieties listed in this catalog.

Heliopsis. Scabra Excelsa. Double yellow. All Summer.

Iris germanica. Pallida Dalmatica. The best of the entire lot. Pale blue.

Iris Kaempferi. Japanese Iris. All varieties listed in this catalog. Cut flowers while in bud.

Liatris pycnostachya. Purple. Tall Kansas Gay Feather. Very popular cut flower.

Lilies. Regale is only one that can be used for outdoor culture of the home grown sorts.

Speciosum album. White.
Magnificum. Pink.
Above two, fine for Fall cutting.

Lupinus. All varieties listed in this catalog.

Peonies. All varieties listed in this catalog.

Pentstemon barbatus. Torreyi. Red.
Pink Beauty. Pink.
Unilateralis. Blue. This last is a wonderful cut flower lasting a very long time.

Phlox. Miss Lingard. White. All other sorts lose their petals too easily when cut.

Physostegia. All varieties listed in this catalog.

Pyrethrum. Single and double mixed shades.

Rudbeckia. Golden Glow. Double yellow.
Purpurea. Reddish purple.

Scabiosa caucasica. Blue.
White.
Hardy Pincushion flowers.

Statice latifolia. Sea Lavender.

Spirea. All varieties listed in this catalog.

Thalictrum aquilegifolium. Purple.
White.
Dipterocarpum. Lilac-mauve.

Tritoma Pfitzeri. Red-Hot Poker. For late Fall bloom.
Perry's Unnamed Hybrids. For midsummer flowers.

Trollius. Globe Flower. All varieties offered in this catalog. Colors from pale to dark yellow.

Hardy Plant and Alpine Plant Seeds

Gathered at The Wayside Gardens

We take great pleasure in offering under this heading a fine and practical list of hardy plant and rock plant seeds, harvested at our own nursery. We know this seed to be clean, pure and fresh, and past experience has shown us that home grown seeds germinate better and are much stronger than the imported seeds. Whenever possible we use our own seeds for the production of hardy plants and rock plants; but we cannot and do not give any guarantee as to results, knowing only too well that it requires more time and patience, and much more care to raise hardy plants and rock plants than a great many people are willing to give. It is only upon request of hundreds of our customers that we have decided to offer this condensed but choice list.

Please do not ask us to supply seeds not offered in this list.

The price is 25 cents per packet, except where otherwise noted; a liberal quantity of seed is supplied in each packet.

In ordering keep this list separate from the "Correvon" list. Order by name only.

Achillea eupatorium
Aconitum, Newry Blue
Aconitum napellus
Aethionema persicum
Agrostemma coronaria
Alyssum rostratum
Alyssum saxatile compactum
Amsonia tabernaemontana
Anemone pulsatilla
Anemone sylvestris
Anthemis tinctoria
Aquilegia chrysantha
Aquilegia, Scott Elliot Hybrids
Aquilegia, Wayside Pink
Arabis alpina
Arenaria grandiflora
Armeria, Choice Mixed Hybrids
Asclepias tuberosa
Asphodelus luteus
Aster alpinus rubra
Aster diplostiphoides
Aubrietia purpurea

Baptisia australis
Bellis alba
Bellis rosea
Betonica grandiflora
Boltonia latissuama

Calamintha alpina
Callirhoe involucrata
Campanula alliariefolia
Campanula bononiensis
Campanula carpatia, Blue
Campanula carpatia alba
Campanula dahurica
Campanula garganica
Campanula lactiflora alba
Campanula lactiflora
Campanula latifolia macrantha
Campanula medium, Blue
Campanula medium, Rose
Campanula medium, White
Campanula medium calycanthema, Blue
Campanula medium calycanthema, Pink
Campanula medium calycanthema, White
Campanula persicifolia, White
Campanula persicifolia, Blue
Campanula persicifolia, Telham Beauty
Campanula pyramidalis, Mixed
Campanula rotundifolia
Campanula trachelium
Carnation, Double White
Carnation, Double Red
Carnation, Single and Double Mixed
Catananche coerulesa
Cephalaria tatarica
Centaurea dealbata
Cerastium Boissieri
Cheiranthus Allioni
Clematis integrifolia
Coronilla varia

Delphinium Belladonna
Delphinium Bellamosa
Delphinium chinense, Blue
Delphinium chinense, White
Delphinium, English Hybrids
Dianthus Allwoodi alpinus
Dianthus arenarius

Dianthus atrococcineus fl. pl.
Dianthus cruentus
Dianthus deltoides
Dianthus deltoides albus
Dianthus deltoides, Brilliant
Dianthus Heddewigi
Dianthus plumarius
Dianthus speciosus
Digitalis gloxiniaeflora, Rose
Digitalis gloxiniaeflora, White
Digitalis gloxiniaeflora, Purple
Digitalis grandiflora
Digitalis lutea
Digitalis, Shirley

Echinops ritro
Erigeron speciosa
Erinus alpinus
Erinus alpinus albus
Eryngium planum

Eryngium amethystinum
Erysimum aurantiacum
Erysimum pulchellum

Gaillardia, Giant English Mixed
Geum, Lady Stratheden
Geum, Mrs. Bradshaw
Gypsophila paniculata
Gypsophila repens

Helianthemum, Mixed
Heliopsis Pitcheriana
Heuchera sanguinea alba
Heuchera, Wayside Hybrids
Hibiscus (Malloes), Giant Red
Hibiscus (Malloes), Giant White
Hibiscus (Malloes), Giant Pink
Hibiscus (Malloes), Giant Mixed
Hyacinthus candicans

Iberis sempervirens
Incarvillea Delavayi
Incarvillea grandiflora

Japanese Iris Mixed

Lathyrus, Red
Lathyrus, Pink
Lathyrus, White
Lathyrus, Mixed
Leontopodium alpinum
Liatris pycnostachya
Linaria dalmatica
Linum alpinum
Linum flavum
Linum perenne
Linum perenne album
Lupinus polyphyllus, Blue
Lupinus polyphyllus, White
Lupinus polyphyllus, Pink
Lupinus polyphyllus, Mixed
Lupinus polyphyllus, New Sweet-Scented Hybrids
Lobelia cardinalis
Lychnis chalcidonica
Lychnis alpina
Lychnis Haageana
Lychnis viscaria splendens

Lychnis viscaria splendens alba
Lythrum roseum superbum

Matricaria eximia, Golden Ball
Matricaria, Little Gem
Myosotis palustris

Oenothera Fraseri
Oenothera fruticosa major
Oenothera Missouriensis
Oenothera speciosa

Pentstemon ovatus
Pentstemon pubescens
Pentstemon unilateralis
Platycodon grandiflora, White
Platycodon grandiflora, Blue
Platycodon Mariesi, Blue
Platycodon Mariesi, White
Polemonium coeruleum album
Polemonium coeruleum
Poppy, nudicaule, Baker's Sunbeam Mixed
Poppy, nudicaule, miniatum flore pleno
Poppy, nudicaule, thibetica
Poppy, orientale
Poppy, orientale, Mrs. Perry
Primula auricula, Mixed
Primula cortusoides
Primula veris, Munstead's Giant Hybrids
Prunella grandiflora
Pyrethrum, Mixed Single and Double

Rudbeckia purpurea

Salvia nemorosa alba
Salvia pratensis
Saxifraga hypnoides
Scabiosa pennsylvanica
Scabiosa japonica
Senecio clivorum
Shasta Daisy, Alaska
Sidalcea, Rosy Gem
Statice latifolia
Stokesia cyanea, Blue
Sweet William, Newport Pink
Sweet William, White Giant
Sweet William, Red Giant
Sweet William, Holborn Glory
Sweet William, Maroon Black
Sweet William, Giant Mixed

Thalictrum adiantifolium
Thalictrum aquilegifolium purpurea
Thalictrum aquilegifolium album
Thalictrum dipterocarpum
Teucrium orientalis
Trollius europaeus
Tunica saxifraga

Valeriana coccinea
Valeriana coccinea alba
Verbascum olympicum
Verbascum, Wayside Gardens Hybrids
Veronica teucrium
Viola cornuta lutea
Viola cornuta, Purple
Viola cornuta, White
Viola cornuta, Blue

For complete color description, etc., see the same items listed under "Hardy Plants."

Choicest Wayside Gardens Hybrid Delphiniums \$1.00 per Packet.

Hardy Plant and Alpine Plant Seeds

FROM The Floaire Nurseries

Imported to Order Only!

When, a year ago, Mr. H. Correvon of The Floaire Nurseries visited this country on a lecture tour, we had the pleasure of having Mr. Correvon with us for a short time, and arranged with him to act as his representatives for the U. S. A. and Canada and to offer his seeds through the medium of our plant catalog.

Instead of offering his entire collection, Mr. Correvon has selected, with our aid, only such varieties as we feel reasonably sure will grow in this part of the world. We ask you kindly to mail your orders at once to our office. We will forward them to Switzerland where they will be put up individually by his own force and sent to us for redistribution. The price at which his seeds are offered includes postage, duty, and all other import charges. Delivery will be made by us immediately upon receipt from Europe.

Owing to the amount of work involved and the small profit on this type of material, Mr. Correvon requests check with order. Make checks payable to "The Wayside Gardens Co."

The price of all seeds from The Floaire Nurseries offered on pages 74 to 76 is 35c per packet.

No Correvon seeds are carried in stock by us. Hardy plant seeds are best sown in cold frames. Sow seeds from March 1st until Oct. 1st, transplant the following Spring.

- | | | |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 1 Achillea macrophylla | 60 Anthericum ramosum | 116 Aubrietia grandiflora |
| 2 Achillea moschata | 61 Anthyllis montana | 117 Aubrietia Kotschy |
| 3 Achillea serbica | 62 Antirrhinum asarina | 118 Aubrietia Leichtlini |
| 4 Achillea sericea | 63 Aquilegia alba | 119 Aubrietia Loyd Edward |
| 5 Aconitum anthora | 64 Aquilegia alpina | 120 Aubrietia Moerheimi |
| 6 Aconitum lycoctonum | 65 Aquilegia arctica | 121 Aubrietia, Mixed Vars. |
| 7 Aconitum paniculatum | 66 Aquilegia californica | 122 Azalea procumbens |
| 8 Aconitum Wilsoni | 67 Aquilegia canadensis | 123 Bellidistrum Michelli |
| 9 Actaea spicata | 68 Aquilegia coerulea | 124 Bellium bellidoeides |
| 10 Adenophora liliifolia | 69 Aquilegia flabellata | 125 Betonica grandiflora superba |
| 11 Adenophora Potanini | 70 Aquilegia glandulosa | 126 Betula nana |
| 12 Adenostyles albifrons | 71 Aquilegia Haylodgensis | 127 Borago laxiflora |
| 13 Adonis vernalis | 72 Aquilegia pyrenaica | 128 Brassica repanda |
| 14 Aethionema florariensis | 73 Aquilegia Reuteri | 129 Bruckenthalia spiculifolia |
| 15 Aethionema gracilis | 74 Aquilegia rosea | 130 Calamintha grandiflora |
| 16 Aethionema grandiflorum | 75 Aquilegia Skinneri | 131 Calandrinia umbellata |
| 17 Agave virginica | 76 Aquilegia vulgaris | 132 Caltha palustris |
| 18 Ajuga genevensis | 77 Arabis albida | 133 Campanula Abietina |
| 19 Ajuga reptans | 78 Arctostaphylos Uva Ursi | 134 Campanula Allioni |
| 20 Alchemilla alpina | 79 Arenaria caespitosa | 135 Campanula barbata |
| 21 Alsine liniflora | 80 Arenaria graminifolia | 136 Campanula alba grandiflora |
| 22 Alsine recurva | 81 Arenaria montana | 137 Campanula alba var. compacta |
| 23 Alyssum alpestre | 82 Arenaria tetraquetra | 138 Campanula var. compacta |
| 24 Alyssum halimifolium | 83 Arenaria melange | 139 Campanula Riverslea |
| 25 Alyssum saxatile | 84 Armeria alpina | 140 Campanula cenisia |
| 26 Alyssum saxatile var. citrinum | 85 Armeria caespitosa | 141 Campanula Elatines |
| 27 Alyssum spinosum | 86 Armeria maritima | 142 Campanula excisa |
| 28 Anchusa italica, Dropmore | 87 Arnica montana | 143 Campanula hirsuta |
| 29 Androsace carnea | 88 Artemisia glacialis | 144 Campanula latifolia |
| 30 Androsace ciliata | 89 Artemisia multellina | 145 Campanula latifolia alba |
| 31 Androsace glacialis | 90 Artemisia spicata | 146 Campanula pusilla |
| 32 Androsace helvetica | 91 Artemisia—des Alpes | 147 Campanula pusilla a fl. blanches |
| 33 Androsace lactea | 92 Asarum europaeum | 148 Campanula Raddeana |
| 34 Androsace Laggeri | 93 Asarum canadense | 149 Campanula Raineri |
| 35 Androsace lanuginosa | 94 Asclepias incarnata | 150 Campanula rhomboidalis |
| 36 Androsace obtusifolia | 95 Asparagus tenuifolius | 151 Campanula rotundifolia alba |
| 37 Androsace sarmentosa | 96 Asparagus acutifolius | 152 Campanula sarmatica |
| 38 Androsace villosa | 97 Asperula odorata | 153 Campanula sibirica |
| 39 Androsace vitaliana | 98 Asphodeline lutea | 154 Campanula speciosa |
| 40 Androsace mixed vars. | 99 Aster alpinus | 155 Campanula spicata |
| 41 Anemone alpina | 100 Aster amelloides | 156 Campanula stenocodon |
| 42 Anemone Baldensis | 101 Aster bessarabicus | 157 Campanula thrysoidaea |
| 43 Anemone coronaria | 102 Aster diplostiphioides | 158 Carlina acaulis |
| 44 Anemone pennsylvanica | 103 Aster Porteri | 159 Centaurea alpina |
| 45 Anemone fulgens | 104 Astilbe Davidi | 160 Centaurea babylonica |
| 46 Anemone Halleri | 105 Astilbe hybrides variees | 161 Centaurea dealbata |
| 47 Anemone hepatica | 106 Astragalus alpinus | 162 Centaurea montana |
| 48 Anemone hortensis | 107 Astragalus aristatus | 163 Centranthus ruber |
| 49 Anemone montana | 108 Astragalus monspessulanus | 164 Centranthus ruber alba |
| 50 Anemone multifida | 109 Astrantia major | 165 Centranthus atrorubens |
| 51 Anemone narcissiflora | 110 Astrantia minor | 166 Cephalaria alpina |
| 52 Anemone nemorosa | 111 Atragene alpina | 167 Cerastium argenteum |
| 53 Anemone pratensis | 112 Aubrietia croatica | 168 Cheiranthus linifolius |
| 54 Anemone ranunculoides | 113 Aubrietia deltoidea | 169 Chelone barbata |
| 55 Anemone rivularis | 114 Aubrietia, Fire King | 170 Chrysanthemum alpinum |
| 56 Anemone sulfurea | 115 Aubrietia florariensis | 171 Chrysanthemum maximum |
| 57 Anemone vernalis | | 172 Cineraria maritima |
| 58 Antennaria dioica | | |
| 59 Anthemis montana | | |

HARDY PLANT AND ALPINE PLANT SEEDS—Continued

- | | | |
|--|------------------------------|--|
| 173 Cistus ladaniferus | 262 Eranthis hyemalis | 353 Globularia nudicaulis |
| 174 Cistus laurifolius | 263 Eremurus Elwesianus | 354 Globularia trychosantha |
| 175 Cistus salviaefolius | 264 Eremurus himalaicus | 355 Globularia vulgaris |
| 176 Cistus mixed | 265 Eremurus robustus | 356 Gnaphalium leontopodium |
| 177 Clematis graveolens | 266 Erica carnea | 357 Gypsophila paniculata |
| 178 Clematis montana | 267 Erica cinerea | 358 Gypsophila repens |
| 179 Clematis montana var. Rose Clair | 268 Erica stricta (corsica) | 359 Helianthemum amabile (carmine) |
| 180 Clematis recta | 269 Erica tetralix | 360 Helianthemum apenninum (white) |
| 181 Clematis vitalba | 270 Erica vulgaris | 361 Helianthemum atrosanguineum (red) |
| 182 Clematis virginiana | 271 Erigeron alpinus | 362 Helianthemum cruentum (red) |
| 183 Clematis viticella | 272 Erigeron glabellus | 363 Helianthemum cupreum |
| 184 Colchicum autumnale | 273 Erigeron philadelphicus | 364 Helianthemum grandiflorum (yellow) |
| 185 Coronilla cappadocica | 274 Eriogonum flavum | 365 Helianthemum mutabile (yellow) |
| 186 Coronilla montana | 275 Eriogonum racemosum | 366 Helianthemum roseum (rose) |
| 187 Cortusa Mathiolia | 276 Eriogonum umbellatum | 367 Helianthemum vulgare (yellow) |
| 188 Corydalis bulbosa | 277 Eriophyllum caespitosum | 368 Helleborus niger |
| 189 Corydalis cheilanthifolia | 278 Eritrichium nanum | 369 Heracleum Mantegazzianum |
| 190 Corydalis lutea | 279 Erodium amaranum | 370 Hypericum calycinum |
| 191 Corydalis tuberosa | 280 Erodium daucoides | 371 Hypericum coris |
| 192 Cotoneaster adpressa | 281 Erodium macradenum | 372 Hypericum Kotschyannum |
| 193 Cotoneaster applanata | 282 Erodium Manescavi | 373 Hypericum nummulariaefolium |
| 194 Cotoneaster congesta | 283 Eryngium alpinum | 374 Hypericum patulum |
| 195 Cotoneaster Davidiana (horizontalis) | 284 Eryngium Bourgati | 376 Hypericum repens |
| 196 Cotoneaster Francheti | 285 Eryngium caeruleum | 377 Hypericum Dr. Van Fleeti |
| 197 Cotoneaster humifusa | 286 Eryngium florariensis | 378 Hyssopus officinalis |
| 198 Cotoneaster microphylla | 287 Eryngium giganteum | 379 Iberis gibraltaria |
| 199 Cotoneaster rupestris | 288 Eryngium maritimum | 380 Iberis semperflorens |
| 200 Cotoneaster thymifolia | 289 Eryngium Oliverianum | 381 Incarvillea Delavayi |
| 201 Cotoneaster vulgaris | 290 Erythraea centaurea | 382 Inula ensifolia |
| 202 Crepis aurea | 291 Erythronium grandiflorum | 383 Inula helenium |
| 203 Crocus vernus | 292 Erythronium Hendersoni | 384 Inula montana |
| 204 Crucianella stylosa | 293 Erythronium montanum | 385 Iris chamaeiris |
| 205 Cyclamen europaeum | 294 Euphorbia myrsinites | 386 Iris ensata |
| 206 Cyclamen hederacifolium | 295 Fritillaria delphinensis | 387 Iris Florentina |
| 207 Cytisus capitatus | 296 Fritillaria imperialis | 388 Iris laevigata (Kaempferi) |
| 208 Cytisus hirsutus | 297 Fritillaria lanceolata | 389 Iris pumila |
| 209 Cytisus nigricans | 298 Fritillaria meleagris | 390 Iris pyrenaica |
| 210 Cytisus radiatus | 299 Fritillaria Moggridgei | 391 Iris sibirica |
| 211 Cytisus scoparius | 300 Fritillaria pyrenaica | 392 Iris melange |
| 212 Cytisus sessilifolius | 301 Genista andreana | 393 Jasione montana |
| 213 Daphne cneorum | 302 Genista cinerea | 394 Kniphofia uvaria |
| 214 Daphne mezereum | 303 Genista germanica | 395 Kniphofia suberbes |
| 215 Daphne mezereum album | 304 Genista horrida | 396 Lathyrus grandiflorus |
| 216 Delphinium azureum | 305 Genista juncea | 397 Lavandula delphinensis |
| 217 Delphinium elatum | 306 Genista sagittalis | 398 Lavandula officinalis |
| 218 Delphinium grandiflorum | 307 Genista tinctoria | 399 Liatris graminifolia |
| 219 Delphinium nudicaule | 308 Gentiana acaulis | 400 Liatris punctata |
| 220 Dentaria digitata | 309 Gentiana Andrewsii | 401 Liatris spicata |
| 221 Dentaria pinnata | 310 Gentiana angulosa | 402 Lillium carniolicum |
| 222 Dianthus alpestris | 311 Gentiana angustifolia | 403 Lillium croceum |
| 223 Dianthus alpinus | 312 Gentiana bavarica | 404 Lillium martagon |
| 224 Dianthus arvernensis | 313 Gentiana brachyphylla | 405 Lillium pomponicum |
| 225 Dianthus caesius | 314 Gentiana cruciata | 406 Lillium pyrenaicum |
| 226 Dianthus carthusianorum | 315 Gentiana excisa | 407 Lillium lis en melange |
| 227 Dianthus fragrans | 316 Gentiana Farreri | 408 Linaria alpina |
| 228 Dianthus gallicus | 317 Gentiana Favratii | 409 Linaria cymbalaria |
| 229 Dianthus glacialis | 318 Gentiana Fetsowii | 410 Linaria origanifolia |
| 230 Dianthus Knappi | 319 Gentiana gentianella | 411 Linaria purpurea |
| 231 Dianthus monspessulanus | 320 Gentiana germanica | 412 Linum alpinum |
| 232 Dianthus neglectus | 321 Gentiana Kochiana | 413 Linum campanulatum |
| 233 Dianthus Segueri | 322 Gentiana Lagodechiana | 414 Linum capitatum |
| 234 Dianthus speciosus | 323 Gentiana lutea | 415 Linum narbonneense |
| 235 Dianthus superbus | 324 Gentiana punctata | 416 Linum salsoloides |
| 236 Dianthus sylvestris | 325 Gentiana purpomi | 417 Linum tenuifolium |
| 237 Dictamnus albus | 326 Gentiana purpurea | 418 Linum viscosum |
| 238 Dictamnus fraxinella | 327 Gentiana septemfida | 419 Linum melange |
| 239 Dodecatheon alpinum | 328 Gentiana straminea | 420 Lithospermum graminifolium |
| 240 Dodecatheon Jeffrayi | 329 Gentiana verna | 421 Lithospermum intermedium |
| 241 Dodecatheon Meadia | 330 Gentiana en melange | 422 Lithospermum Petaeum |
| 242 Dodecatheon pauciflora | 331 Geranium argenteum | 423 Lithospermum purpureo-coeruleum |
| 243 Doronicum excelsum | 332 Geranium cinereum | 424 Lobelia syphilitica |
| 244 Draba athoa | 333 Geranium Endresii | 425 Lonicera alpigena |
| 245 Draba incana | 334 Geranium grandiflorum | 426 Lonicera coerulea |
| 246 Draba pyrenaica | 335 Geranium macrorrhizum | 427 Lonicera pyrenaica |
| 247 Draba repens | 336 Geranium pratense | 428 Lotus corniculatus |
| 248 Draba tomentosa | 337 Geranium sanguineum | 429 Lychnis alpina |
| 249 Draba tridentata | 338 Geranium sylvaticum | 430 Lychnis alpina alba |
| 250 Draba en melange | 339 Geum chiloense | 431 Lychnis coronaria |
| 251 Dracocephalum austriacum | 340 Geum coccineum | 432 Lychnis flos-jovis |
| 252 Dracocephalum Ruyschianum | 341 Geum Heldreichii | 433 Lychnis fulgens |
| 253 Dryas octopetala | 342 Geum montanum | 434 Lychnis lagascae |
| 254 Dryas octopetala | 343 Geum pyrenaicum | 435 Malva alcea |
| 255 Edelweiss (or Leontopodium) | 344 Geum reptans | 436 Malva moschata |
| 256 Edraianthus dalmaticus | 345 Geum rivale grandiflorum | 437 Malva moschata alba |
| 257 Edraianthus graminifolius | 346 Geum melange | 438 Matthiola pedemontana |
| 258 Edraianthus tenuifolius | 347 Gillenia trifoliata | 439 Matthiola valesciaca |
| 259 Ephedra helvetica | 348 Gladiolus palustris | 440 Mayanthemum bifolium |
| 260 Epilobium angustifolium | 349 Glaucium luteum | |
| 261 Epilobium hirsutum | 350 Glaucium rubrum | |
| | 351 Glaucium tricolor | |
| | 352 Globularia cordifolia | |

HARDY PLANT AND ALPINE PLANT SEEDS—Continued

- | | | | | | |
|-----|---|-----|--|-----|---|
| 441 | <i>Meconopsis cambrica</i> | 527 | <i>Potentilla valderia</i> | 620 | <i>Saxifrages (mixed)</i> |
| 442 | <i>Meconopsis integrifolia</i> | 528 | <i>Potentilla melange</i> | 621 | <i>Saxifrages, Aizoon (incrusted) vars.</i> |
| 443 | <i>Meconopsis nepalensis</i> | 529 | <i>Primula acaulis</i> | 622 | <i>Saxifrages, moussus (mossy) vars.</i> |
| 444 | <i>Meconopsis paniculata</i> | 530 | <i>Primula Beesiana</i> | 623 | <i>Saxifrages, Kabschya vars.</i> |
| 445 | <i>Meconopsis petiolata</i> | 531 | <i>Primula Bulleyana</i> | 624 | <i>Scabiosa caucasica</i> |
| 446 | <i>Meconopsis rudis</i> | 532 | <i>Primula cachemiriana</i> | 625 | <i>Scabiosa caucasica alba grandiflora</i> |
| 447 | <i>Meconopsis sinuata latifolia</i> | 533 | <i>Primula calycina</i> | 626 | <i>Scabiosa graminifolia</i> |
| 448 | <i>Meconopsis Wallichiana</i> | 534 | <i>Primula chionantha</i> | 627 | <i>Scabiosa lyratifolia</i> |
| 449 | <i>Melissa officinalis</i> | 535 | <i>Primula Cockburniana</i> | 628 | <i>Scorzonera rosea</i> |
| 450 | <i>Melittis meysophyllum</i> | 536 | <i>Primula denticulata</i> | 629 | <i>Scutellaria alpina</i> |
| 451 | <i>Micromeria rupestris</i> | 537 | <i>Primula elatior</i> | 630 | <i>Scutellaria orientale</i> |
| 452 | <i>Mimulus cardinalis</i> | 538 | <i>Primula farinosa</i> | 631 | <i>Sedum acre</i> |
| 453 | <i>Mimulus Lewisii</i> | 539 | <i>Primula integrifolia</i> | 632 | <i>Sedum album</i> |
| 454 | <i>Moehringia muscosa</i> | 540 | <i>Primula japonica</i> | 633 | <i>Sedum altissimum</i> |
| 455 | <i>Monarda didyma</i> | 541 | <i>Primula longiflora</i> | 634 | <i>Sedum anacampseros</i> |
| 456 | <i>Monarda florariensis</i> | 542 | <i>Primula luteola</i> | 635 | <i>Sedum brevifolium</i> |
| 457 | <i>Morine longifolia</i> | 543 | <i>Primula Lyssadell hybrids</i> | 636 | <i>Sedum corsicum</i> |
| 458 | <i>Mulgedium alpinum</i> | 544 | <i>Primula marginata</i> | 637 | <i>Sedum dasphyllum</i> |
| 459 | <i>Mulgedium Bourgaei</i> | 545 | <i>Primula rosea</i> | 638 | <i>Sedum Fabaria</i> |
| 460 | <i>Myosotis alpestris</i> | 546 | <i>Primula rosea splendens</i> | 639 | <i>Sedum glaucum</i> |
| | | 547 | <i>Primula sikkimensis</i> | 640 | <i>Sedum hispanicum</i> |
| | | 548 | <i>Primula veris</i> | 641 | <i>Sedum kamtschaticum</i> |
| | | 549 | <i>Primula viscosa</i> | 642 | <i>Sedum maximum</i> |
| 461 | <i>Nigritella angustifolia</i> | 550 | <i>Ramondia pyrenaica</i> | 643 | <i>Sedum oppositifolium</i> |
| | | 551 | <i>Ramondia Nathaliae</i> | 644 | <i>Sedum oreganum</i> |
| 462 | <i>Oenothera macrocarpa</i> | 552 | <i>Ranunculus aconitifolius</i> | 645 | <i>Sedum pilosum</i> |
| 463 | <i>Omphalodes cappadocica</i> | 553 | <i>Ranunculus parnassifolius</i> | 646 | <i>Sedum populifolium</i> |
| 464 | <i>Ononis cenisia</i> | 554 | <i>Ranunculus pyrenaicus</i> | 647 | <i>Sedum reflexum (rupestre)</i> |
| 465 | <i>Ononis fruticosa</i> | 555 | <i>Ranunculus rutaefolius</i> | 648 | <i>Sedum sempervivum</i> |
| 466 | <i>Ononis natrix</i> | 556 | <i>Ranunculus Segueri</i> | 649 | <i>Sedum spatulifolium</i> |
| 467 | <i>Ononis rotundifolia</i> | 557 | <i>Romanzoffia sitchensis</i> | 650 | <i>Sedum spectabile</i> |
| 468 | <i>Onosma helveticum</i> | 558 | <i>Romneya Coulteri</i> | 651 | <i>Sedum spurium</i> |
| 469 | <i>Orobis vernus</i> | 559 | <i>Romneya trichocalyx</i> | 652 | <i>Sedum spurium, Splendida</i> |
| 470 | <i>Ostrowskya magnifica</i> | 560 | <i>Rosa alpina</i> | 653 | <i>Sempervivum arachnoideum</i> |
| 471 | <i>Oxytropis montana</i> | 561 | <i>Rosmarinus officinalis</i> | 654 | <i>Sempervivum montanum</i> |
| | | 562 | <i>Salvia glutinosa</i> | 655 | <i>Sempervivum tectorum</i> |
| | | 563 | <i>Salvia officinalis</i> | 656 | <i>Sempervivum, mixed varieties</i> |
| 472 | <i>Paeonia corallina</i> | 564 | <i>Salvia ringens</i> | 657 | <i>Senecio abrotanifolius</i> |
| 473 | <i>Paeonia decora</i> | 565 | <i>Salvia scabiosaefolia</i> | 658 | <i>Senecio aurantiacus</i> |
| 474 | <i>Paeonia lutea</i> | 566 | <i>Salvia sclarea</i> | 659 | <i>Senecio doronicum</i> |
| 475 | <i>Paeonia officinalis</i> | 567 | <i>Sanguinaria canadensis</i> | 660 | <i>Senecio incanus</i> |
| 476 | <i>Paeonia peregrina</i> | 568 | <i>Saponaria caespitosa</i> | 661 | <i>Silene acaulis</i> |
| 477 | <i>Paeonia tenuifolia</i> | 569 | <i>Saponaria lutea</i> | 662 | <i>Silene Elisabethae</i> |
| 478 | <i>Papaver alpinum</i> | 570 | <i>Saponaria ocyroides</i> | 663 | <i>Silene exscapa</i> |
| 479 | <i>Papaver alpinum (white)</i> | 571 | <i>Saponaria ocyroides var. alba</i> | 664 | <i>Silene pumilio</i> |
| 480 | <i>Papaver alpinum (rose)</i> | 572 | <i>Satureia montana</i> | 665 | <i>Soldanella alpina</i> |
| 481 | <i>Papaver alpinum (yellow)</i> | | | 666 | <i>Spiraea aruncus</i> |
| 482 | <i>Papaver atlanticum</i> | 573 | <i>Saxifraga aizoides</i> | 667 | <i>Stipa pinnata</i> |
| 483 | <i>Papaver Burseri</i> | 574 | <i>Saxifraga Aizoon</i> | 668 | <i>Swertia perennis</i> |
| 484 | <i>Papaver nudicaule</i> | 575 | <i>Saxifraga altissima</i> | 669 | <i>Thalictrum dipterocarpum</i> |
| 485 | <i>Papaver orientale</i> | 576 | <i>Saxifraga aquatica</i> | 670 | <i>Thalictrum saxatilis</i> |
| 486 | <i>Papaver pilosum</i> | 577 | <i>Saxifraga arietoides</i> | 671 | <i>Thlaspi rotundifolia</i> |
| 487 | <i>Papaver pyrenaicum</i> | 578 | <i>Saxifraga aspera</i> | 672 | <i>Thymus serpyllum</i> |
| 488 | <i>Paradisica liliago</i> | 579 | <i>Saxifraga bryoides</i> | 673 | <i>Thymus vulgaris</i> |
| 489 | <i>Paradisica liliastrium</i> | 580 | <i>Saxifraga Burseriana</i> | 674 | <i>Tiarella cordifolia</i> |
| 490 | <i>Parnassia palustris</i> | 581 | <i>Saxifraga caesia</i> | 675 | <i>Trientalis europea</i> |
| 491 | <i>Parnassia argentea</i> | 582 | <i>Saxifraga caespitosa</i> | 676 | <i>Trifolium alpinum</i> |
| 492 | <i>Pentstemon coeruleus</i> | 583 | <i>Saxifraga carnioleica</i> | 677 | <i>Ulex europaeus</i> |
| 493 | <i>Pentstemon diffus</i> | 584 | <i>Saxifraga cochlearis</i> | 678 | <i>Vaccinium myrtillus</i> |
| 494 | <i>Pentstemon digitalis</i> | 585 | <i>Saxifraga cotyledon</i> | 679 | <i>Vaccinium uliginosum</i> |
| 495 | <i>Pentstemon fruticosus</i> | 586 | <i>Saxifraga crustata</i> | 680 | <i>Vaccinium Vitis-Idaea</i> |
| 496 | <i>Pentstemon Gordonii splendens</i> | 587 | <i>Saxifraga cuneifolia</i> | 681 | <i>Valeriana allariaefolia</i> |
| 497 | <i>Pentstemon heterophyllus</i> | 588 | <i>Saxifraga decipiens</i> | 682 | <i>Valeriana montana</i> |
| 498 | <i>Pentstemon imberbe</i> | 589 | <i>Saxifraga florulenta</i> | 683 | <i>Valeriana officinalis</i> |
| 499 | <i>Pentstemon Murrayanus grandiflorum</i> | 590 | <i>Saxifraga geranioides</i> | 684 | <i>Valeriana tripteris</i> |
| 500 | <i>Pentstemon pubescens</i> | 591 | <i>Saxifraga geum</i> | 685 | <i>Veratrum album</i> |
| 501 | <i>Pentstemon unilateralis</i> | 592 | <i>Saxifraga Haagi</i> | 686 | <i>Veratrum nigrum</i> |
| 502 | <i>Pentstemon en melange</i> | 593 | <i>Saxifraga hieracifolia</i> | 687 | <i>Verbascom Phoeniceum</i> |
| 503 | <i>Physalis alkekengi</i> | 594 | <i>Saxifraga hirculus</i> | 688 | <i>Veronica Allioni</i> |
| 504 | <i>Physostegia virginiana</i> | 595 | <i>Saxifraga Hostei</i> | 689 | <i>Veronica armena</i> |
| 505 | <i>Phyteuma comosum</i> | 596 | <i>Saxifraga Huetti</i> | 690 | <i>Veronica bellidioides</i> |
| 506 | <i>Phyteuma hemisphaericum</i> | 597 | <i>Saxifraga hypnoides</i> | 691 | <i>Veronica caucasica</i> |
| 507 | <i>Phyteuma nigrum</i> | 598 | <i>Saxifraga Kolenatiana</i> | 692 | <i>Veronica chamaedrys</i> |
| 508 | <i>Phyteuma orbiculare</i> | 599 | <i>Saxifraga Lantosana</i> | 693 | <i>Veronica fruticulosa</i> |
| 509 | <i>Phyteuma spicatum</i> | 600 | <i>Saxifraga lingulata</i> | 694 | <i>Veronica incana</i> |
| 510 | <i>Platycodon autumnale</i> | 601 | <i>Saxifraga longifolia</i> | 695 | <i>Veronica maritima</i> |
| 511 | <i>Platycodon grandiflorum</i> | 602 | <i>Saxifraga muscoides</i> | 696 | <i>Veronica orientalis</i> |
| 512 | <i>Platycodon Maresii</i> | 603 | <i>Saxifraga mutata</i> | 697 | <i>Veronica rupestris</i> |
| 513 | <i>Platycodon melange</i> | 604 | <i>Saxifraga oppositifolia</i> | 698 | <i>Veronica saxatilis</i> |
| 514 | <i>Polemonium coeruleum</i> | 605 | <i>Saxifraga oppositifolia grandiflora</i> | 699 | <i>Veronica spicata</i> |
| 515 | <i>Polemonium carneum</i> | 606 | <i>Saxifraga peltata</i> | 700 | <i>Viola biflora</i> |
| 516 | <i>Potentilla alpestris</i> | 607 | <i>Saxifraga pubescens</i> | 701 | <i>Viola bosniaca</i> |
| 517 | <i>Potentilla aurea</i> | 608 | <i>Saxifraga retusa</i> | 702 | <i>Viola calcarata</i> |
| 518 | <i>Potentilla grandiflora</i> | 609 | <i>Saxifraga Rhei rosea</i> | 703 | <i>Viola cenisia</i> |
| 519 | <i>Potentilla Hippiana</i> | 610 | <i>Saxifraga Rhei sanguinea</i> | 704 | <i>Viola declivis</i> |
| 520 | <i>Potentilla hirta</i> | 611 | <i>Saxifraga rotundifolia</i> | 705 | <i>Viola florariensis</i> |
| 521 | <i>Potentilla multifida</i> | 612 | <i>Saxifraga sancta</i> | 706 | <i>Viola rothomagensis</i> |
| 522 | <i>Potentilla nepalensis</i> | 613 | <i>Saxifraga scardica</i> | 707 | <i>Viola splendida</i> |
| 523 | <i>Potentilla nitida</i> | 614 | <i>Saxifraga stabiana</i> | 708 | <i>Wulfenia carinthiaca</i> |
| 524 | <i>Potentilla rupestris</i> | 615 | <i>Saxifraga senella</i> | | |
| 525 | <i>Potentilla speciosa</i> | 616 | <i>Saxifraga trifurcata</i> | | |
| 526 | | 617 | <i>Saxifraga umbrosa</i> | | |
| | | 618 | <i>Saxifraga Valdensis</i> | | |
| | | 619 | | | |

Just What is the Thing to Plant?

Is a question which is asked more often than any other. We have, therefore, prepared a few selections giving the best and most useful plants suitable for various locations. We have not made this list any longer than would be practical. We have selected only Rock and Wall Plants which we are sure will succeed in this country. In the case of border plants, we have prepared two selections, one that will do well in shade; the other for wet places. The balance of plants offered in our catalog such as Delphiniums, Gaillardias, Coreopsis, Chrysanthemums, Phlox, etc., growing under normal care in every garden have not been mentioned in this list. We believe that with this information before you, you will be able to build and enjoy a better and more attractive garden. If further information is required, write us and we shall be glad to help you.

ALPINE AND ROCK PLANTS

"All varieties" means all varieties listed in our catalog.

Achillea Tomentosa
Adonis Amurensis
Aethionema. All varieties
Ajuga. All varieties
Alyssum. All varieties
Anchusa Myosotidiflora
Arabis. All varieties
Auricula. Choice Mixed Hybrids
Anemone Hupehensis
Anemone Hupehensis Flore Pleno
Anemone Pulsatilla
Anemone Pulsatilla Rubra
Anemone Sylvestris
Anemone Vernalis
Anthriscum Liliastrium Major
Arenaria. All varieties
Armeria. All varieties
Asperula Odorata
Aster, Mauve Cushion
Aster, Alpinus Albus
Aster, Goliath
Aubrietia. All varieties
Bellis Perennis. All varieties
Callitriche Involucrata
Caltha Palustris
Catananche. All varieties
Cerastium. All varieties
Campanula Carpatia
Campanula Carpatia Alba
Campanula Divaricata
Campanula Garganica
Campanula Glomerata
Campanula Muralis
Campanula Raddeana
Campanula Rotundifolia
Campanula Turbinata
Campanula Turbinata Alba
Cheiranthus. All varieties
Corydalis Cheilanthesifolia
Convallaria Majalis
Codonopsis Ovata
Coronilla Varia
Crucianella Stylosa
Cypripedium. All varieties
Daphne Cneorum
Dicentra Eximia
Dianthus Plumarius
Dianthus Arenarius
Dianthus Caesioides Grandiflorus
Dianthus Cruentus
Dianthus Deltoides
Dianthus Deltoides Albus
Dianthus Deltoides Brilliant
Dianthus Speciosus
Dodecatheon Meadia
Dracocephalum Ruyschianum
Epigaea Repens
Epimedium. All varieties
Erinus Alpinus
Erysimum Pulchellum
Euphorbia Myrsinites
Ferns. All varieties
Funkia Coerulea
Gentiana. All varieties
Geranium. All varieties
Geum. All varieties
Grasses, Elymus Glaucus
Gypsophila Repens
Hepatica Coerulea
Helianthemum. All varieties
Heuchera. All varieties
Hypericum. All varieties
Iberis. All varieties
Iris Cristata
Iris Tectorum
Iris Pumila. All varieties
Lavandula Nana
Leontopodium Alpinum
Liatris Montana
Linaria Cymbalaria
Linum. All varieties
Lithospermum Purpureum
Lychnis Alpa
Lychnis Haageana
Lychnis Viscaria fl. pl.
Lychnis Viscaria Splendens
Lychnis Viscaria Splendens Alba

Lysimachia Nummularia
Lilium Chalcedonicum
Lilium Martagon
Lilium Rubellum
Mazus Rugosa
Mertensia Virginica
Mitchella Repens
Mitella Diphylla
Myosotis Alpestris
Myosotis Palustris Semp.
Myosotis Palustris, Pink Beauty
Nepeta Mussini
Nierembergia Rivularis
Oenothera Fraseri
Oenothera Missouriensis
Oenothera Speciosa
Ornithoglossum
Papaver Nudicaule
Papaver, Baker's Sunbeam
Papaver Miniatur fl. pl.
Pentstemon Pubescens
Pentstemon Unilateralis
Phlox Subulata. All varieties
Phlox Amoena
Phlox Divaricata Canadensis
Phlox Ovata
Phlox Pilosa Splendens
Platycodon Mariensis
Plumbago Larpenae
Polemonium Reptans
Primula. All varieties
Polyanthus. All varieties
Prunella Grandiflora
Ranunculus Repens fl. pl.
Santolina Chamaecyparissus
Sanguinaria Canadensis
Saponaria Ocymoides Alba
Saponaria Ocymoides Splendens
Saxifraga. All varieties
Scutellaria Baicalensis
Shortia Galacifolia
Silene. All varieties
Sedum. All varieties
Sempervivum. All varieties
Stachys Lanata
Teucrium Chamaedrys
Thymus. All varieties
Tiarella Cordifolia
Trillium Grandiflorum
Thalictrum Adiantifolium
Tunica Saxifraga
Valeriana Coccinea
Verbascum, Wayside Gardens Hybrids
Veronica Amethystina
Veronica Amethystina, Royal Blue
Veronica Erica
Veronica Gentianoides
Veronica Incana
Veronica Repens
Veronica Rupestris
Veronica Rupestris Rosea
Veronica Teucrium
Veronica Traversi
Veronica, True Blue
Viola Minor
Viola Blanda
Viola Bosniaca
Viola, G. Wermig
Yucca Filamentosa

SHRUBS AND VINES FOR ALPINE AND ROCK GARDENS

Euonymus. All varieties
English Ivy
Azalea. All varieties
Cotoneaster Horizontalis
Daphne Cneorum
Erica. All varieties
Hypericum. All varieties

ALPINE AND ROCK PLANTS FOR SHADE

Ajuga. All varieties
Anchusa Myosotidiflora
Arabis Alpina. All varieties
Auricula, Choice Mixed Hybrids
Anemone Hupehensis fl. pl.
Asperula Odorata

Bellis Perennis. All varieties
Caltha Palustris
Campanula Carpatia
Campanula Carpatia Alba
Campanula Rotundifolia
Corydalis Cheilanthesifolia
Convallaria Majalis
Cypripedium. All varieties
Dicentra Eximia
Epimedium. All varieties
Ferns, Adiantum Pedatum
Ferns, Aspidium Acrostichoides
Ferns, Aspidium Spinulosum
Ferns, Dicksonia Punctilobula
Ferns, Onoclea Sensibilis
Hepatica Coerulea
Funkia Coerulea
Geranium. All varieties
Gentiana Andrewsii
Heuchera. All varieties
Iris Cristata
Mertensia Virginica
Mitchella Repens
Mitella Diphylla
Myosotis Palustris. All varieties
Phlox Divaricata Canadensis
Polemonium Reptans
Primula. All varieties
Polyanthus. All varieties
Sanguinaria Canadensis
Saxifraga Cordifolia
Tiarella Cordifolia
Trillium Grandiflorum
Thalictrum Adiantifolium
Viola Minor
Euonymus. All varieties
English Ivy

ALPINE PLANTS FOR WALL GARDENS

Achillea Tomentosa
Aethionema. All varieties
Alyssum. All varieties
Arabis Alpina fl. pl.
Arenaria Montana
Arenaria Grandiflora
Armeria. All varieties
Asperula Odorata (in shade)
Aubrietia. All varieties
Calamintha Alpina
Cerastium. All varieties
Campanula Carpatia
Campanula Carpatia Alba
Campanula Garganica
Cheiranthus. All varieties
Crucianella Stylosa
Dianthus Arenarius
Dianthus Caesioides Grandiflorus
Dianthus Cruentus
Dianthus Deltoides Albus
Dianthus Deltoides, Brilliant
Dianthus Speciosus
Erinus Alpinus
Erysimum Pulchellum
Euphorbia Myrsinites
Geranium Argenteum
Geranium Ibericum
Gypsophila Repens
Helianthemum. All varieties
Heuchera. All varieties
Hypericum Calycinum
Iris Tectorum
Leontopodium Alpinum
Linaria Cymbalaria
Linum. All varieties
Lychnis Alpa
Nepeta Mussini
Oenothera Missouriensis
Oenothera Speciosa
Pentstemon Pubescens
Pentstemon Unilateralis
Phlox Subulata. All varieties
Polemonium Reptans
Prunella Grandiflora
Saponaria Ocymoides. All varieties
Saxifraga. All varieties
Silene. All varieties
Sedum. All varieties
Sempervivum. All varieties
Stachys Lanata

Thymus. All varieties
Tunica Saxifraga
Valeriana Coccinea
Veronica Amethystina
Veronica Amethystina, Royal Blue
Veronica Teucrium
Veronica, True Blue
Viola Minor
Viola, Admission
Viola, Floraire
Viola, Golden Yellow
Viola, Perfection
Viola, Rose Queen
Viola, White Perfection
Viola, G. Wermig

ALPINE AND ROCK PLANTS FOR WET LOCATIONS

Ajuga Genevensis
Ajuga Reptans Rubra
Anchusa Myosotidiflora
Anemone Sylvestris
Asperula Odorata
Caltha Palustris
Ferns, Adiantum Pedatum
Funkia Coerulea
Hepatica Coerulea
Iris Cristata
Lysimachia Nummularia
Mertensia Virginica. All varieties
Myosotis Palustris. All varieties
Myosotis Palustris, Pink Beauty
Primula, Ailin Aroon
Primula Bulleyana
Primula Cashmeriana
Primula Corymbosa
Primula, Moerheim Hybrids
Primula Pulverulenta
Primula Vulgaris
Ranunculus Repens fl. pl.
Sanguinaria Canadensis
Saxifraga Cordifolia
Saxifraga Crassifolia

BORDER PLANTS FOR WET PLACES

Acorus Calamus
Caltha Palustris
Chelone. All varieties
Doronicum Cassaicum
Erigeron. All varieties
Ferns, Regalis
Hemerocallis. All varieties
Hibiscus, Mallow Marvels
Iris Sibirica. All varieties
Lysimachia Clethroides
Lilium Superbum
Lupinus. All varieties
Monarda Didyma, Cambridge Scarlet
Myosotis Palustris. All varieties
Polyzonatum Multiflorum
Major
Rudbeckia Purpurea
Saxifraga Cordifolia
Saxifraga Crassifolia
Senecio Clivorum
Spiraea. All varieties
Thalictrum Adiantifolium
Thalictrum Aquilegifolium
Thalictrum Aquilegifolium
Albium
Trollius. All varieties
Veratrum Viride

BORDER PLANTS FOR SHADY PLACES

Aconitum. All varieties
Actaea. All varieties
Anchusa Myosotidiflora
Anemone. All varieties
Aquilegia. All varieties
Campanula Rotundifolia
Cimicifuga Racemosa
Convallaria. All varieties
Clematis Davidiana
Dicentra. All varieties
Dietalis. All varieties
Ferns, Asplenium Filix-Foemina
Funkia. All varieties

The Wayside Gardens Company, Mentor, Ohio

BORDER PLANTS FOR SHADY PLACES—Continued.

Geranium Ibericum
 Hemerocallis. All varieties
 Lobelia. All varieties
 Liliun Auratum
 Liliun Auratum Platyphyllum
 Liliun Canadense
 Liliun Regale
 Liliun Speciosum Album
 Liliun Speciosum Magnificum

Liliun Speciosum Melpomene
 Liliun Superbum
 Lupinus. All varieties
 Mertensia Virginica
 Monarda Didyma, Cambridge
 Scarlet
 Montbretia. All varieties
 Polygonatum Multiflorum
 Major

Platycodon. All varieties
 Primula. All varieties
 Polyanthus. All varieties
 Saxifraga Cordifolia
 Saxifraga Crassifolia
 Senecio Clivorum
 Sedum Spectabile
 Sedum Spectabile Brilliant
 Stenanthium Robustum

Spirea. All varieties
 Trillium Grandiflorum
 Thalictrum Adiantifolium
 Thalictrum Aquilegifolium
 Thalictrum Aquilegifolium
 Album
 Trollius. All varieties
 Veratrum Viride
 Pachysandra Terminalis

GROUND COVERS

Ajuga Genevensis { Ground cover for shady place; also
 Ajuga Reptans Rubra { does well in moist places.
 Asperula Odorata { For shade. (Waldmeister also used
 { in flavoring wine).
 Lysimachia Nummularia { For wet places in full sun or in dry
 { place in shade.
 Mitchellia Repens { For shady places; requires acid soil;
 { evergreen.
 Phlox Subulata Alba { Excellent ground covers for hot and
 Phlox Subulata Lilacina { dry, sandy places; do well on poor
 Phlox Subulata Rosea { soil.

Pachysandra Terminalis { Ground cover and edging plant; does
 { best in light shade; evergreen.
 Prunella Grandiflora { Good ground cover in full sun.
 Sedum Acre { Good ground cover for sunny, dry
 Sedum Sarmmentosum { places.
 Thymus. All varieties {
 Veronica Rupestris. All { Good ground cover for sunny places.
 varieties {
 Vinca Minor { Good ground cover for either sunny
 Euonymus Radicans Acuta { or shady places; evergreen.
 English Ivy { Good ground cover for shady places;
 { evergreen.

Hardwood Ashes

Unleached hardwood ashes are the best source from which may be derived the most needed fertilizer—POTASH. Ninety-five per cent of the gardens in the United States today need Potash badly. Phosphates and nitrates, as a rule, have been abundantly applied by most gardeners, but potash, owing to its scarcity has not been used where it ought to have been. We have contracted with a very large hardwood lumber company to supply us with all the hardwood ashes

needed on our own nursery, and we have put up a few hundred barrels so that we may be able to help our customers in securing this most valuable material. Apply it either in the Fall or Spring at the rate of one pound to ten square feet. Hardwood ashes cannot be sold in bags, and are therefore offered in barrels weighing 200 lbs. each. We charge \$6.00 for a 200-lb. barrel.

Imported Dutch Peat

Imported Granulated Dutch Peat is used with excellent results in the making of garden soils, especially those soils that are very heavy, or very dry. Peat stimulates the development of roots of all plants and in the Summer it is an excellent moisture retainer, as it absorbs more than eight times its own weight in water. For mulching perennial beds it is ideal. A slight covering of two inches thrown over the bed will prevent all freezing and heaving. As a mulch for strawberries, peat may be dug in and should not be removed. It acts, therefore, in a double capacity. If one wishes to plant such shrubs as Rhododendrons, Kalmias, Azaleas, Blueberries or Arbutus, (all these shrubs and plants like an acid soil) we can safely guarantee that soil prepared with 50 per cent Peat and 50 per cent top soil will grow any of these plants mentioned to perfection.

It is also an excellent ground cover under evergreens, Rhododendrons and Azaleas, keeping the soil moist and cool during the hot Summer, giving an exceptionally tidy appearance under these shrubs, as they should never be cultivated.

Peat may be stored in a garage or woodshed for any length of time, as there is nothing that will or can spoil it. We offer bags of 20 to 25 lbs. for \$2.00 each. One such bag will cover about 12 square feet 2 inches deep.

Large orders for peat can be handled direct from the steamship dock in New York City at the following low prices: Less than 10 bales, \$4.00 per bale; 10 bales up, \$3.75 per bale; 25 bales up, \$3.50 per bale. Carloads, 180-200 bales, \$3.10 per bale. Above quantity prices are f. o. b. N. Y. Approximate weight of a bale is 200 lbs.

Lectures

We are prepared to give illustrated talks on bulbs, rock plants and hardy plants. Please write for further details.

Books

We have repeated requests for books giving information on bulbs, lilies, hardy plants and rock plants. Below we mention a few of the best which are obtainable from us.

ROCK PLANTS

"Rock Gardens and Alpine Plants," by T. W. Sanders, F. L. S. This imported book is a complete guide to the construction of Rock Gardens and Rockeries, and the cultivation of Alpine Plants, with chapters on Bog, Water and Moraine Gardens. Profusely illustrated in color and half-tone. \$5.00.

"Adventures in My Garden and Rock Garden," by Louise Beebe Wilder. A splendid book on plants and rock plants. \$5.00.

ROSES, CULTURE

We have a small pamphlet on this subject which is free and will be mailed upon request.

BULBS

"The Book of Bulbs," by F. F. Rockwell. Pictures and text take you into the garden and show the almost limitless possibilities that bulbs offer. Types are discussed and varieties appraised for their suitability to different uses. Complete information on growing and propagation. \$3.00.

HARDY PLANTS

"Popular Hardy Perennials," by T. W. Sanders, F. L. S. This is a revised and new issue of this much-read book. \$5.00.

TERMS OF BUSINESS

Quality of Stock Offered

All of the stock offered is grown on our own grounds, that grown from cuttings and divisions we know to be clean and true. Plants grown from seeds, are from seed stocks obtained from the most reliable sources, here and abroad.

Our plants are all field-grown, are given constant care and cultivation and when sent out are strong and well developed, much larger and worth a great deal more money than pot-grown plants.

We do not divide our plants before shipping but send the entire plant as dug. Dividing is only done in rare cases and only then because it is necessary to get the best results. If, after receiving, you are not satisfied with the quality of the stock, let us know and we will replace anything you mention without charge or without question.

Guarantees

We guarantee all stock furnished by us to be first-class, true to name, all of a size so as to give immediate results. However, there are so many causes for failure over which we have no control, that we can assume no responsibility after stock is delivered. Poor soil, unfavorable weather, ignorant or careless culture—all contribute to failure and are beyond our control.

Terms of Payment

Customers unknown to us will please send cash or references with their order. It is impossible for us to make immediate shipment to new clients who do not send references or check with their order. **Not sending references or enclosing check causes delay in the forwarding of the stock you order.**

Complaints

We are compelled to do all our work during two very short periods in the Fall and Spring. In order to get stock shipped on time, it is necessary that we work late in the night. An error is occasionally made during these rush periods. We, therefore, suggest that you check over plants immediately upon receipt. If any plants or bulbs have been damaged while in transit or if shortages occur, notify us promptly, and corrections will be made immediately, or new stock sent without charge for that which is damaged. No complaints entertained ten days after date of shipment.

Quantities Ordered

We do not sell less than three plants of a kind unless offered otherwise. Three to six plants are charged at three rate; seven to twenty-four, at twelve rate; twenty-five and over, at hundred rate.

Recommendations

We are sincerely grateful to the numerous customers who kindly recommend our house, and on being favored with the name and address of any friend possessing a garden, we shall always be pleased to forward our catalog.

Shipping Directions

Please give explicit shipping directions, stating whether stock is to be shipped by parcel post or express. Small shipments can be sent by parcel post. All such shipments will be sent insured, insurance and **postage to be paid by the customer.** In the event you send remittance with your order, parcel post charges may be sent to us after you have received the package.

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